



**ZAINABIA
ACADEMY**

≡ BAB UL HAWAIJ ≡

Quran
Level-3



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



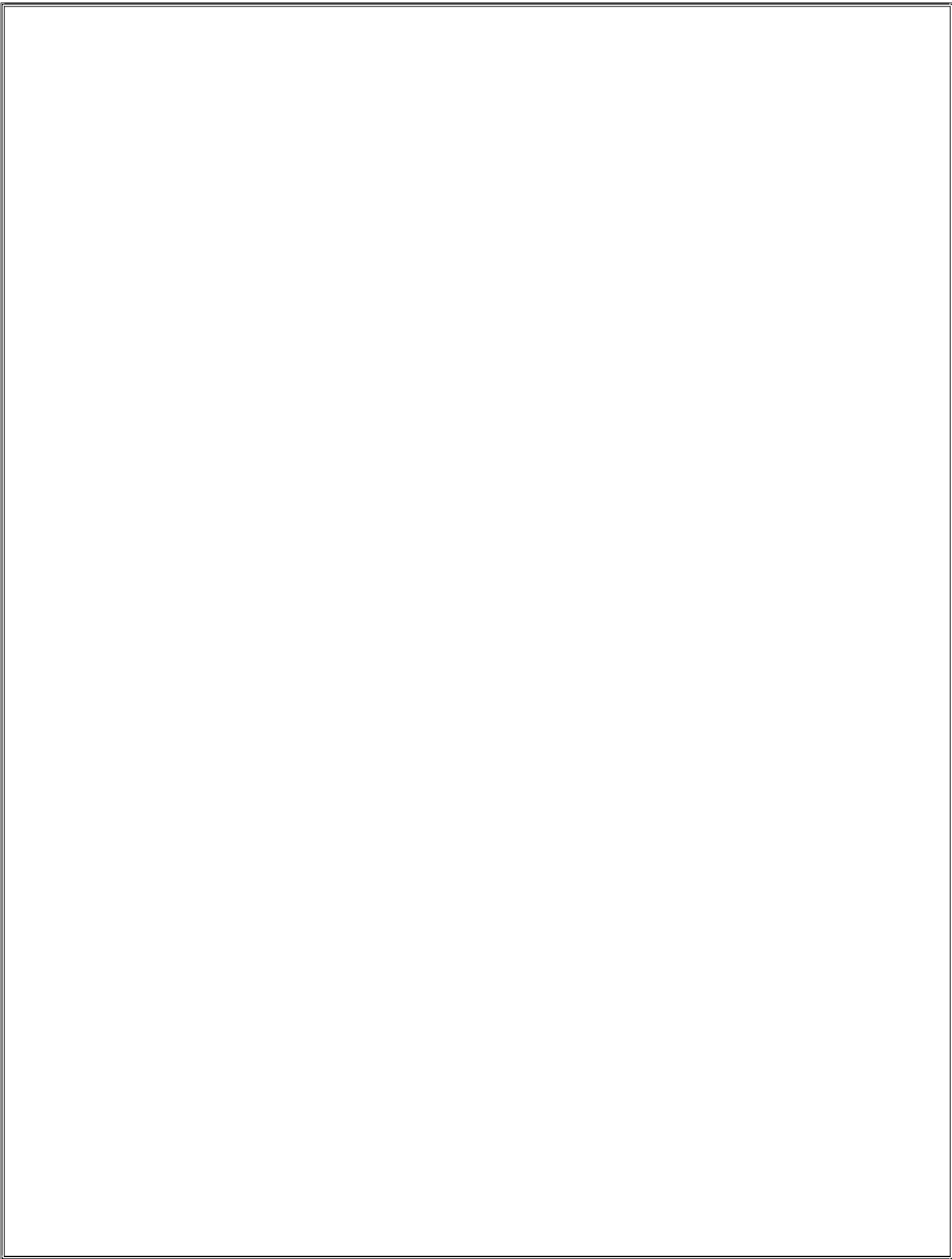
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Students Contact No: _____

Teacher: _____

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Quran Level 3 Teaching Schedule

	Date	Ch #	Lesson
			FIRST TERM SCHEDULE
Term 1		Lesson 1 Lesson 2,3	Introduction & Terminology, Revision of Arabic Alphabet
		Lesson 14 Lesson 15 Lesson 3, 4	14: SURATUL MAUN Memorization 15: SURATUL MAUN: & Tafseer Revision of Arabic Alphabet
		Lesson 5 Lesson 6 End Booklet	Revision of Haraka Joining Huruf (Letters) – Beginning Letters: ا، ب، ت، ث
		Lesson 7 First page	Introduction to Tanween Dua e Imam e Zamana
		Extra Surah End Booklet	Surah Qadar (Memorize) From End of the book Letters: ج، ح، خ
			1st Term Quran Exam
			SECOND TERM SCHEDULE
Term 2		Lesson 8,9 Lesson 16,17	Joining Huruf (Letters) – Middle SURAT AL ZILZAL – Memorization & Tafseer
		Lesson 10, 11 End Booklet	Joining Huruf (Letters) – Middle Letters: ص، ض & Letters: ش، س
		Lesson 16 End Booklet	SURAT AL ZILZAL – Memorization Letters: ط، ظ
		First page End Booklet	Dua e Imam e Zamana Letters: غ، غ
		Lesson 18,19 End Booklet	SURATUL FALAQ Memorization & Tafseer Letters: ف، ق
		Lesson 18 End Booklet	SURATUL FALAQ Memorization Letters: ل & ك
			2nd Term Quran Exam
			THIRD TERM SCHEDULE
Term 3		Lesson 12,13 First Page	Joining Huruf (Letters) – Middle Letters: م Dua e Imam e Zamana
		Lesson 20,21 End Booklet	SURATUL KAFIROON – Memorization & Tafseer Letters: ن، و
		Lesson 20 End Booklet	SURATUL KAFIROON – Memorization Letters: ه، ع، ي
		Lesson 3 End End Booklet	Short Vowels Reading Practice , Fatha, Kasra & Dhama
		Extra Surah End Booklet	SURAH AL-KAUTHAR Memorization Three Vowel Huroof
			3rd Term Quran Exam

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

اللهم كن لوليك الحجة
بن الحسن صلواتك عليه وعلى آباءه
في هذه الساعة وفي كل ساعة وليا وحافظا وقائداً
وناصراً ودليلاً وعيناً حتى تسكنه أرضك
طوعاً وتمتعه فيها طويلاً برحمتك
يا أرحم الراحمين

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

O Allah, (please do) send blessings to Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad,
O Allah, be, for Your representative, the Hujjat (proof), son of Al-Hassan,
Your blessings be on him and his forefathers, in this hour and in every hour,
a guardian, a protector, a leader, a helper, a proof, and an eye.
until You make him live on the earth, in obedience (to You), and cause
him to live in it for a long time.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

ALLAAHUMMA KUN LE-WALIYYEKAL HUJJATIBNIL HASANE
SALAWAATOKA A'LAYHE WA A'LAA AAABAA-EHI
FEE HAAZEHIS SAA-A'TE WA FEE KULLE SAA-A'TIN
WALIYYAWN WA HAAFEZAWN WA QAA-EDAWN
WA NAASERAWN WA DALEELAWN WA A'YNAN
HATTAA TUSKENAHU ARZAKA TAW-A'N WA
TOMATTE-A'HU FEEHAA TAWHEELAA.

LESSON 3.1: INTRODUCTION AND TERMINOLOGY:

Qur'an as a Gift:

(Introduce the Qur'an as a gift from Allah. Show the children a Qur'an wrapped up as a gift. Ask the children what they think is inside it. Tell them it is something precious and a gift they can keep for life. Open it and show them what the whole Qur'an looks like, what the Arabic is like, how it is read etc.)

Ramadhan has just gone; this was the month the Qur'an was revealed. What presents did you get on Eid? Allah's present to you is the Qur'an.

What is the Holy Qur'an?

It is a book that contains the words of Allah.

Who wrote the Holy Qur'an?

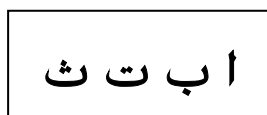
It was not written by anyone; Allah sent down the words to the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.) through the Angel Jibrail – over a period of about 23 years



The Holy Prophet (s.a.w.) then recited the verses to the people. Most of the people would remember the verses by heart but the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.) chose some special people called scribes to write down the verses.

In which language is the Holy Qur'an written?

It is written in Arabic.



Arabic is read from right to left and back to front.

What does Allah tell us in the Holy Qur'an?

- He tells us true stories of the Prophets.
- He tells us how He wants us to act.
- He tells us about heaven and hell.

RESPECT OF THE HOLY QUR'AN

We have to look after the Holy Qur'an because it is such a special book.

We should look after the Holy Qur'an by:

- holding it properly. (Show the child).
- never leaving it open when no-one is reciting it.
- Never touching the writing in it without first doing Wudhu.

You can read it without touching it, or put a plastic sheet on it.

When reciting the Holy Qur'an, we should try to take care of the following:

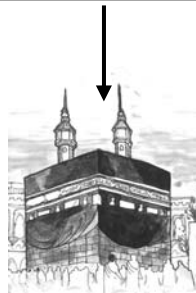
**for boys to
wear a cap**



**for girls to
wear a scarf.**



**to face Qiblah
(the Ka'aba)**



Before starting to recite the Holy Qur'an, you should say:

أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ

I seek refuge in Allah from Shaitan the outcast

AND

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

I begin in the name of Allah, the Most Kind, the Merciful

TERMINOLOGY:

Harf = Huruf (pl.) = The letter(s) of the Arabic alphabet.

E.g.: ز ص ت ج ث ب ا ش ر س

Nukta = Nukaat (pl.) = The dot which goes above or below the harf.

E.g.: خ ذ ز ش ج ث ت ب

Haraka = Harakaat (pl.) = The sign which goes above or below the harf.

i.e.: Fatha, Kasra and Dhamma

Makhraj = Makharij (pl.) = Place of origin of the sound.

Aya = Ayaat (pl.) = One verse of the Qur'an.

Sura = Suwer (pl.) = One chapter of the 114 chapters of the Qur'an

Waqf = Wuqoof (pl.) - Punctuation marks.

Juz = Ajzaa (pl.) = The Qur'an is divided into 30 equal parts.

Each of these parts is called a Juz.

Rub'a = Marking indicating $\frac{1}{4}$ of a Juz.

Nisf = Marking indicating $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Juz.

Thuluth = Marking indicating $\frac{3}{4}$ of a Juz

PRACTICAL 1:

Revise the correct pronunciation and meaning of:

أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ

I seek refuge from Shaitan the outcast

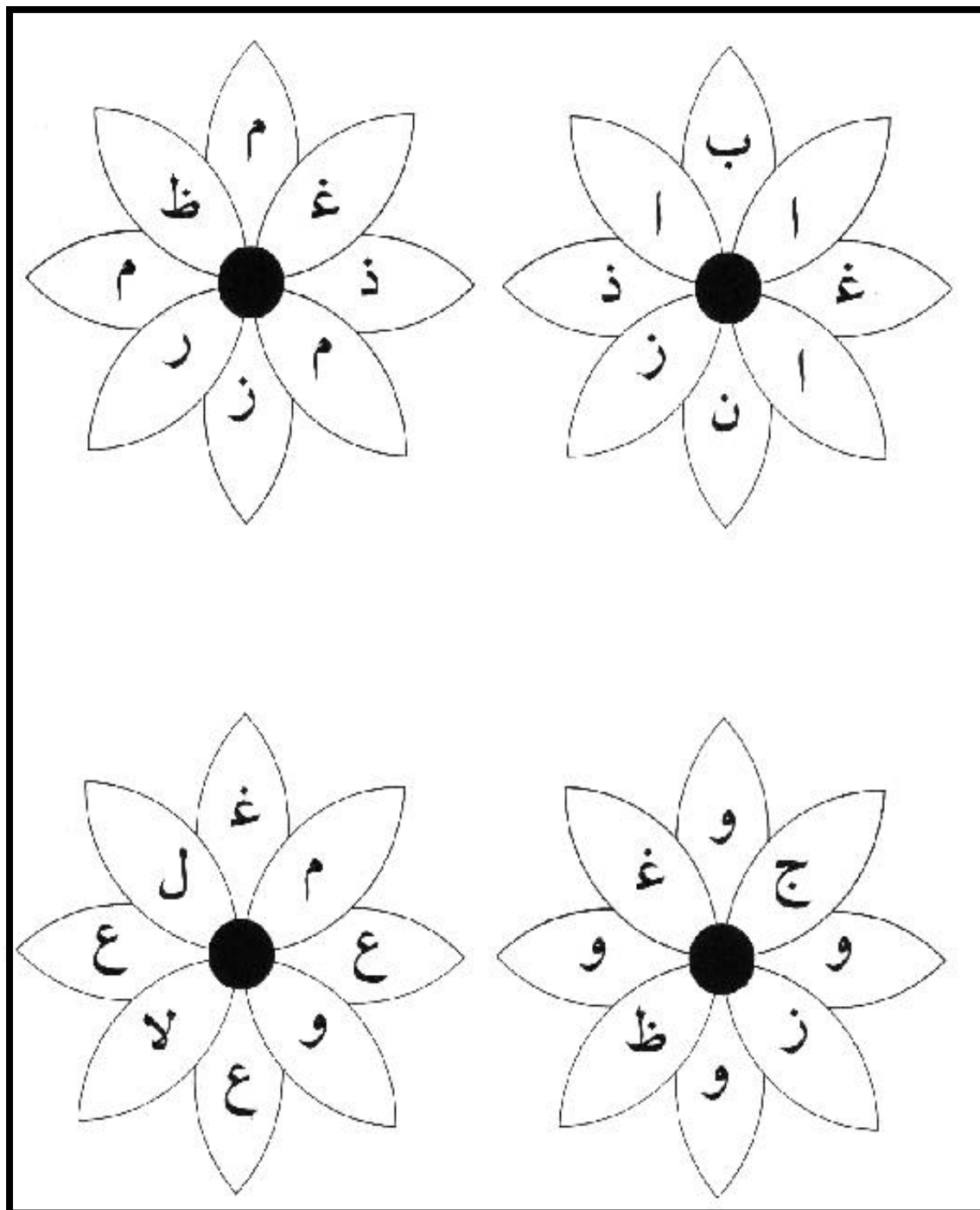
And

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

I begin in the Name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful

LESSON 3.2: REVISION OF THE ARABIC ALPHABET:

Colour the petals that have the same letters of the Arabic Alphabet:



LESSON 3.3: REVISION OF THE ARABIC ALPHABET:

In the list below, fill in the letters of the Arabic Alphabet that are missing:

○	○	خ	ث	○	ب	ا
ص	ش	○	ز	○	○	د
ق	○	○	ع	○	ط	○
ي	○	هـ	ن	○	ل	○

Now write the whole Arabic Alphabet yourself

○	○	○	○	○	○	○
○	○	○	○	○	○	○
○	○	○	○	○	○	○
○	○	○	○	○	○	○

Complete the 2 dot to dot puzzles and colour the picture:



LESSON 3.5: REVISION OF HARAKA:

Join the Arabic sounds to their English equivalents:

Ma Li Ki	كُتُبْ
Ku Tu Bu	عُقْدِ
A Ha Du	مَلِقِ
U Qa Di	فَلِقِ
Ba Sha Ri	أَخْدِ
Kha Shi Ya	دُعِيْ
Fa La Qi	بَشِّرِ
Du E Ya	خَشِيْ

LESSON 3.6: REVISION OF JOINING LETTERS (BEGINNING):

Separate the words into single un-joined letters. The first one has been done for you.

ثذ	ته	بم	نو ن و
فو	خط	جب	شغ
لا	كل	هه	قد
با	جج	كى	كا

LESSON 3.7: INTRODUCTION OF TANWEEN:

Tanween = 2 of the same Haraka (2 fatha, 2 kasra, 2 dhamma) on a Harf.

When you see a Tanween on a Harf then you have to **add a 'n' sound** to the Haraka.

The Tanween is as though a Noon with a Sukoon has been added to the Harf.

e.g.

Baa with a Dhamma Tanween:

بٌ = بُنْ

Baa with a Kasra Tanween:

بِ = بِنِ

Baa with a Fatha Tanween:

بَ = بَنْ

Note: A Fatha with Tanween is always written with an Alif after it

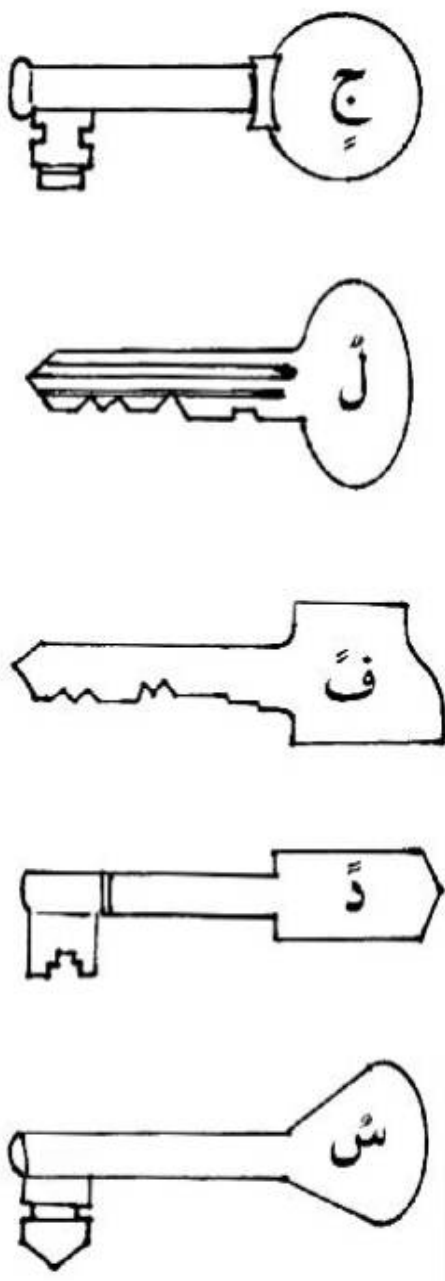
except with the letter Taa Murbutha هَ = هَنْ

This Alif does not make the sound longer.

WORKSHEET 3.7: INTRODUCTION OF TANWEEN:

Match the Key with its appropriate door:

جَ جِ جُنْ	جَ جِ جُنْ	جَ جِ جُنْ	جَ جِ جُنْ
لَ لِ لُنْ	لَ لِ لُنْ	لَ لِ لُنْ	لَ لِ لُنْ
فَ فِ فُنْ	فَ فِ فُنْ	فَ فِ فُنْ	فَ فِ فُنْ
دَ دِ دُنْ	دَ دِ دُنْ	دَ دِ دُنْ	دَ دِ دُنْ
سَ سِ سُنْ	سَ سِ سُنْ	سَ سِ سُنْ	سَ سِ سُنْ



LESSON 3.8: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

In Arabic when the Huruf are joined to each other the 'tails' are cut off (unless at the end of a word).

The Huruf are put into groups, to make it easier to remember how they join to other Huruf.

The first group you will learn is the Boat Family AND their Cousins:



Middle of word	The Harf
ب	ب
ت	ت
ث	ث
ن	ن
ي	ي

All of these Huruf are cut in half, a tail added on and the dots are placed above or below it as shown.

WORKSHEET 3.8: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

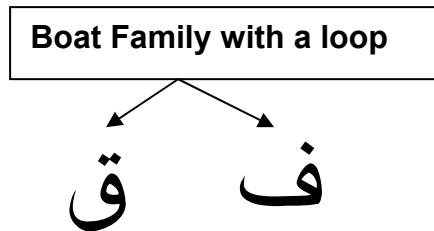
Draw a line to match the complete Huruf with the way they look in the Middle of a word:

ب	ب
ت	ت
ن	ن
ي	ي
ث	ث

LESSON 3.9: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Today you will learn a group which is like the Boat Family but have a loop - these Huruf when joined act in the same way as the Boat family.

This group is like the Boat Family but they have a loop:



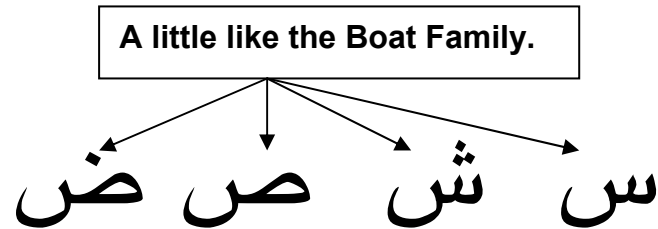
Middle of word	The Harf
ف	ف
ق	ق

These Huruf are cut in half, a tail added on and the dots are placed above it as shown.

LESSON 3.10: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Today you will learn a group which look a little like the Boat Family and when joined, they act in the in the same way as the Boat family.

This group look a little like the Boat Family.



Middle of word	The Harf
سد	س
شد	ش
صد	ص
ضد	ض

These Huruf are cut in half, a tail added on and the dots are placed above it as shown.

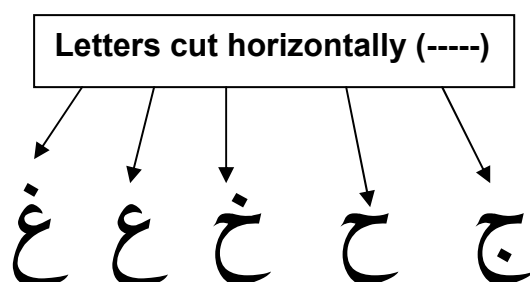
WORKSHEET 3.10: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Draw a line to match the complete Huruf with the way they look in the Middle of a word:

خ	ش
س	ض
ث	ث
ش	س
ث	ن

LESSON 3.11: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Today you will learn of a group which when joined is cut across.



Middle of word	The Harf
ـجـ	ج
ـحـ	ح
ـخـ	خ
ـعـ	ع
ـغـ	غ

These Huruf are cut in half across, a tail added on and the dots are placed above or below it as shown.

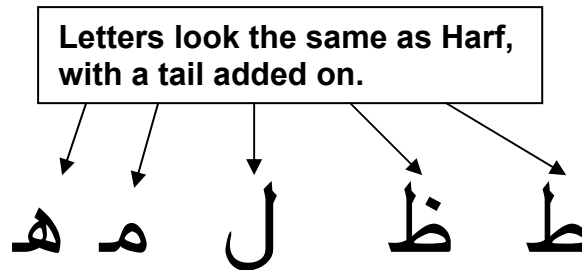
WORKSHEET 3.11: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Match the letter with its shortened form by drawing a line as shown:

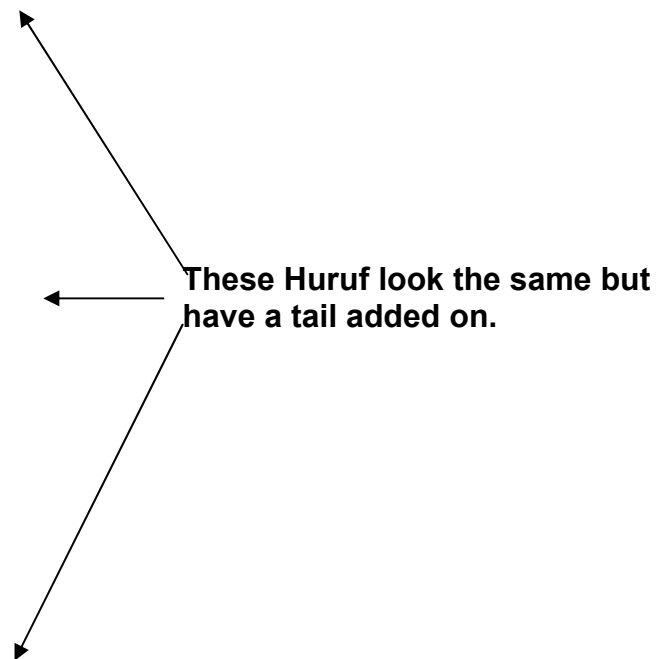
خ	ح	ز	ث
ح	ح	ز	ث
خ	ح	ز	ث
خ	ح	ز	ث

LESSON 3.12: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Today you will learn of a group whose form does not change at the beginning of the word but has a tail added on when in the middle



Middle of word	The Harf
ط	ط
ظ	ظ
ج	ج
م	م
ه	ه



WORKSHEET 3.12: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Match the following letters in the 2 columns by drawing a line between them:

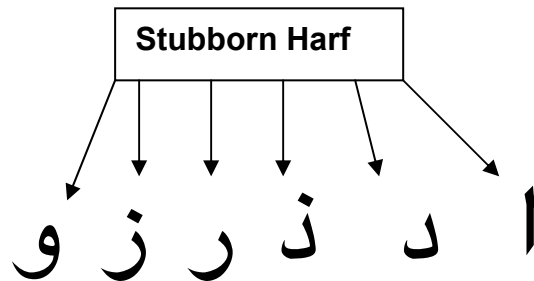
An example has been done for you.

ثد		قل
تل		بم
قظ		ثد
بر		فج
فج		تل
يس		فه
تغ		يص
فه		قظ
قل		تغ

LESSON 3.13: JOINING HURUF (LETTERS) - MIDDLE:

Today you will learn of a group that do not join to the Harf.

These Harf are called Stubborn Harf and there are 6 of them:



Middle of word	The Harf
ا	ا
د	د
ذ	ذ
ر	ر
ز	ز
و	و

These Huruf are Stubborn, they don't let you join but with a tail added on, they join you.

LESSON 3.14: SURATUL : MA'UN

SURAH AL MA'UN

INTRODUCTION

This Surah was revealed in Makka. It has seven verses. It is Surah number 107 in the Holy Qur'an. "Ma'un" means "Alms" (Charity). The name of the Surah is derived from the mention of the people who do not give alms in the last verse.

Text and Translation

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
In the Name of Alláh, the Beneficent, the Merciful
أَرَأَيْتَ الَّذِي يُكَذِّبُ بِالْذِّينِ ﴿١﴾
Have you seen him who belies the Day of Judgement?
فَذَلِكَ الَّذِي يَدُّ الِيتِيمَ ﴿٢﴾
He is the one who repels the orphan,
وَلَا يَحْضُرُ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمَسْكِينِ ﴿٣﴾
And does not urge others to feed the poor.
فَوَيْلٌ لِلْمُصَلِّينَ ﴿٤﴾
And woe to the ones who pray,
الَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنْ صَلَاتِهِمْ سَاهُونَ ﴿٥﴾
Yet are heedless of their prayer,
الَّذِينَ هُمْ يُرَآؤُونَ ﴿٦﴾
Who do (a good deed only) to be seen,
وَيَمْنَعُونَ الْمَاعُونَ ﴿٧﴾
And (also) withhold alms.

Tafsir

Ayah 1: Allah talks about those who are heedless of the Day of Judgement, where all will account for their actions. Those who are do not care about that Day take the command of Alláh lightly and act with arrogance, treating serious acts lightly.

Ayah 2: The verse refers to some of the Quraish who treated orphans with cruelty. However, its message is also for today, a reminder that those less fortunate amongst us deserve our respect too.

LESSON 3.15: SURATUL MA'UN: MEMORISATION AND TAFSEER:

Ayah 3: The people referred to here are those who themselves are unmindful of the plight of those who are going hungry and also ridicule those who are trying to feed the poor.

Ayah 4, 5: The Surah now addresses those amongst the Muslims who are careless about their daily prayers. They pray sometimes, and other times they are lazy about this duty. The Prophet (S) has said that those people who purposely let a prayer lapse (like Subh, etc) will be counted in the same category as the murderers of the prophets sent to the Baní Isra'íl.

It also refers to those who let the exact time of prayers pass away while they waste time in idleness or unnecessary activity.

Ayah 6: Those who offer prayers and do good deeds to be seen and appreciated by the people are also classified in this Surah as those who belie the Day of Judgement. We should guard against this hypocrisy at all times, and make sure that all our actions are for the pleasure of Alláh only.

Ayah 7: Alms here signifies charity but also any thing required by the people. To withhold even water or basic necessities from the people for any reason is also not allowed.

Merits of Reciting Súrah al Ma'un

1. The Prophet (S) has said that Alláh will forgive the sins of whosoever recites it, and he will be regarded as having paid his Zakaat.
2. Imam Ja'far as-Sadiq (A) has said that if someone recites it in his obligatory and optional prayers, Alláh will accept his prayers and fast and will not try him about what he did in the short life of this world.

References

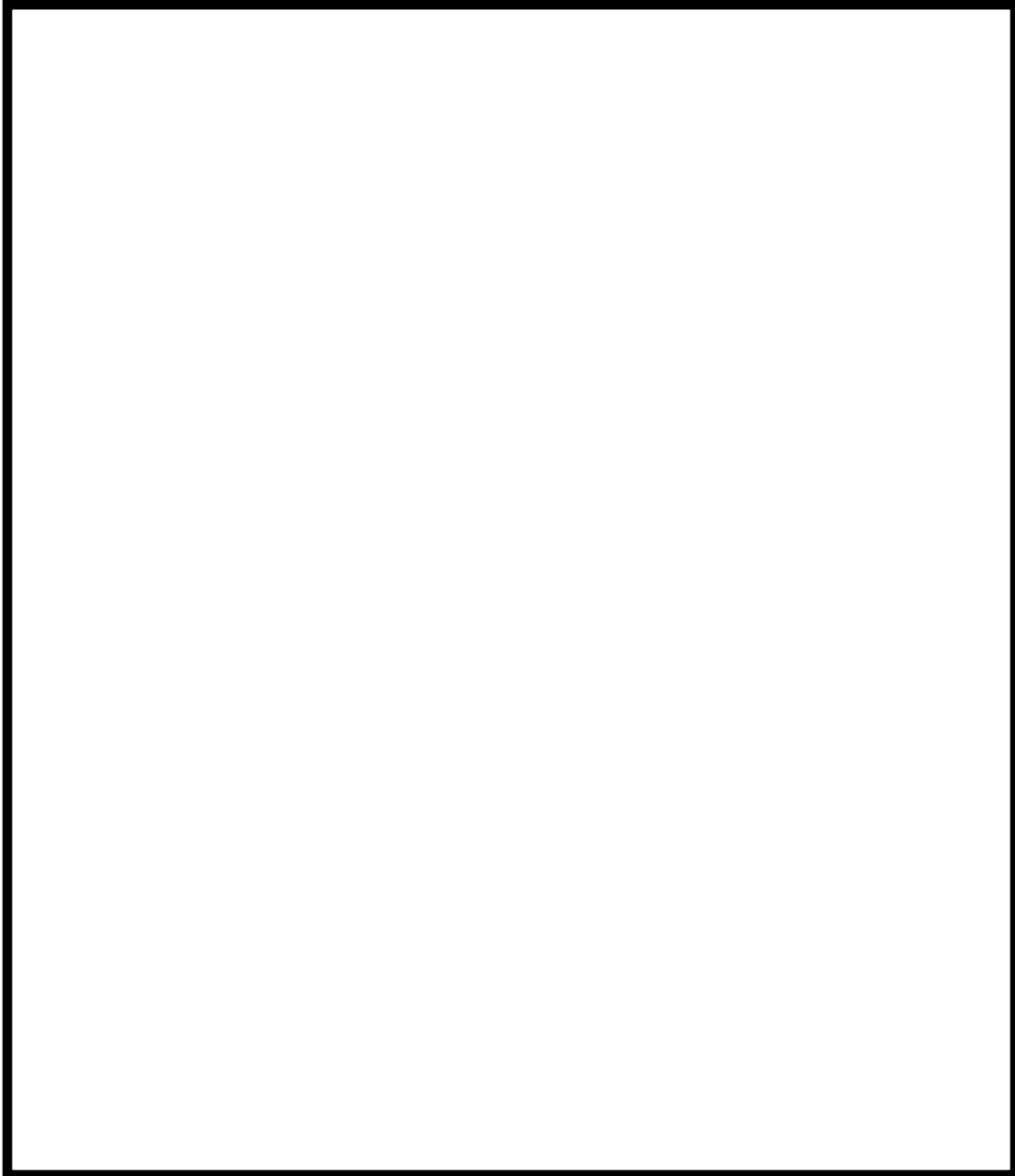
Holy Qur'án, Tafsír of S V Mir Ahmed Ali

Ramadhan, Ahkam and Philosophy, Yasin T. al Jibouri

WORKSHEET 3.15: SURATUL MA'UN:

Learn Suratul Ikhlas with correct Makharij and rules.

Draw below what you have learnt from Sura Maun.

A large, empty rectangular box with a thick black border, intended for a student to draw their understanding of Sura Maun.

LESSON 3.16: SURATUN ZILZAL:

SURAH AL-ZILZAL

INTRODUCTION

This Surah was revealed in Madina. It has eight verses. It is Surah number 99 in the Holy Qur'an.

Al Zilzal means "The Quaking". This Surah describes the events leading up to the Day of Judgement, the first of which will be a terrible quaking that will take place all over the earth.

Text and Translation

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the Beneficent the Merciful

إِذَا زُلْزِلَتِ الْأَرْضُ زِلْزَالَهَا ﴿١﴾

1. When the earth shall quake with a terrible quake of her own,

وَأُخْرِجَتِ الْأَرْضُ أَثْقَالَهَا ﴿٢﴾

2. And the earth shall bring forth her burdens,

وَقَالَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا لَهَا ﴿٣﴾

3. And man shall say: "What is happening to her?"

يَوْمَئِذٍ تُحَدِّثُ أَخْبَارَهَا ﴿٤﴾

4. On that day she shall relate (all) her news,

بِأَنَّ رَبَّكَ أَوْحَىٰ لَهَا ﴿٥﴾

5. your Lord revealed to her.

يَوْمَئِذٍ يَصْدُرُ النَّاسُ أَشْتَاتًا لِّيُرَوْا أَعْمَالَهُمْ ﴿٦﴾

6. On that day people shall come out (of their graves) in (separate) groups to see (the result) of their own deeds.

فَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ خَيْرًا يَرَهُ ﴿٧﴾

7. Then whoever has done (even) an atom's weight of good shall see it

وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ شَرًّا يَرَهُ ﴿٨﴾

8. And whoever has done (even) an atom's weight of evil shall see it.

LESSON 3.17: SURATUN ZILZAL: MEMORISATION AND TAFSEER:

Tafsir

Ayat 1, 2: The first two verses describe the violent shaking that the earth will suffer just before the Day of Judgement. The earth will burst open revealing everything in it.

Ayah 3: Mankind will be stunned at the suddenness with which the quake occurs and at the extent of the destruction.

Ayah 4: The earth will relate the events that occurred on it. The Holy Prophet (S) said, "Beware of your deeds on the earth, because it will disclose all your actions on the Day of Judgement."

Ayah 5: The power of the earth to disclose its secrets will be from Allah.

Ayah 6: The dead will rise from their graves. They will be divided into groups according to their actions. They will rush to see what is in store for them because of their actions.

Ayat 7, 8: Nothing will be ignored in the accounting. Not the slightest evil or good action will go unnoticed. No one will be able to transfer the evil of his actions to another. It is the day when everyone will know the result of their life on earth.

Merits of reciting Surah al Zilzal

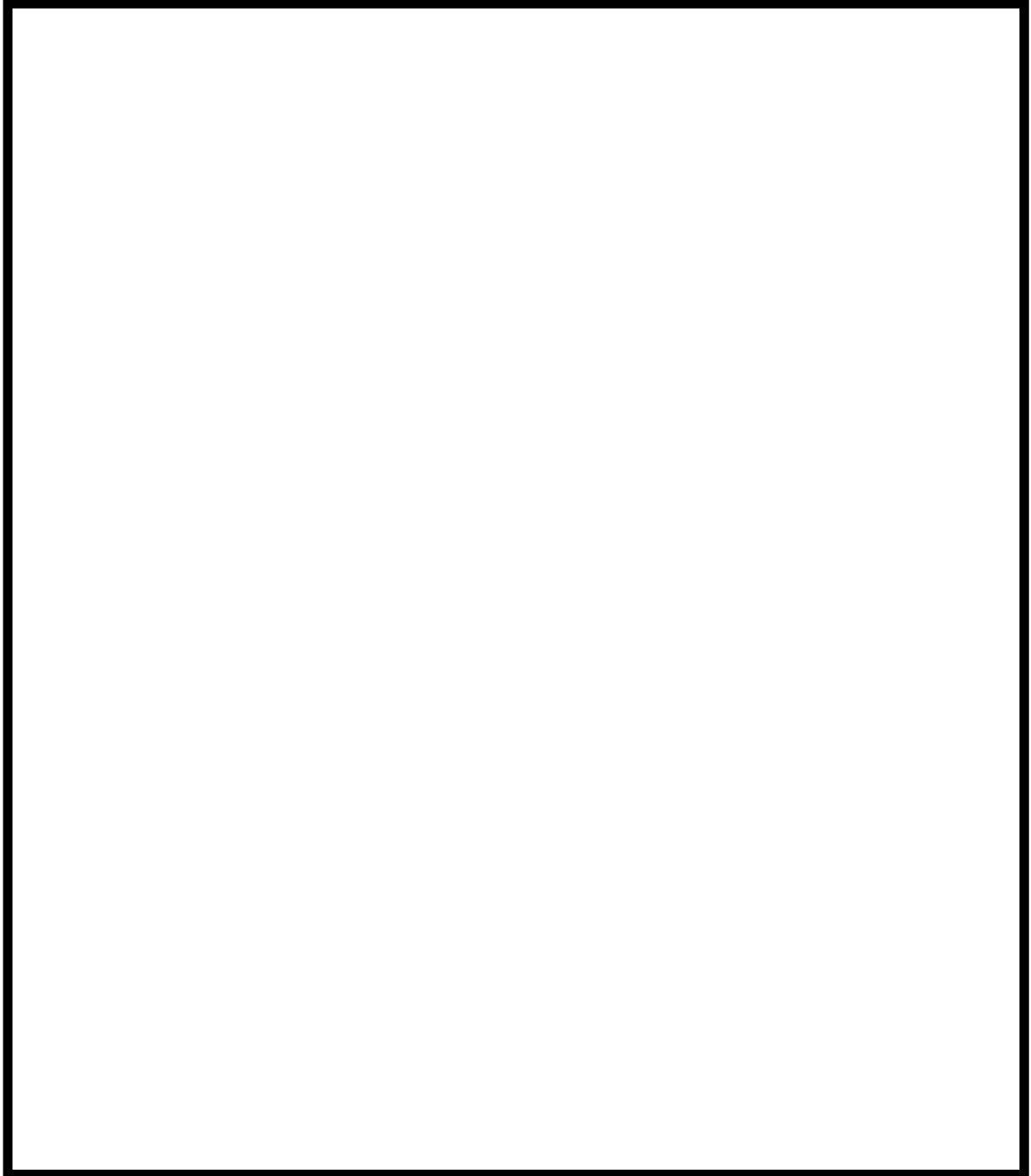
1. The Prophet (S) has said, "Whoever recites this Surah will be granted the rewards as though he had recited one quarter of the Qur'an.
2. Imam as-Sadiq (A) has said about this Surah, "Whoever reads it in his optional prayers will never be afflicted with an earthquake or lightning or any other worldly calamity, and if he dies, his Lord will order to have him admitted into Paradise."

References

Holy Qur'an, Tafsir by S V Mir Ahmed Ali
Ramadhan, Ahkam and Philosophy, Yasin T. al Jibouri

WORKSHEET 3.17: SURATUN ZILZAL – MEMORISATION AND TAFSEER:

Draw below what you have learnt from Suratun Zilzal.

A large, empty rectangular box with a thick black border, intended for a student to draw their understanding of Suratun Zilzal.

LESSON 3.18: SURATUL FALAQ:

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ لَا

Say, "I seek refuge in the Lord of the Dawn,

مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ لَا

From the evil of His creation,

وَمِنْ شَرِّ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ لَا

And from the evil of the dark night when it overtakes,

وَمِنْ شَرِّ النَّفَّاثَاتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ لَا

And from the evil of the witchcraft (blowing on knots),

وَمِنْ شَرِّ حَاسِدٍ إِذَا حَسَدَ ع

And from the evil of the envious when he envies!"

LESSON 3.19: SURATUL FALAQ: MEMORISATION AND TAFSEER:

This Surah was revealed in Makka.

Al-Falaq means "The Dawn".

The Sura deals with seeking the protection of Allah from the evil of magic and witchcraft.

- Ayat 1:** The Dawn refers to destroying the darkness of witchcraft, just as the light of the dawn overcomes the darkness of the night.
- Ayat 2:** Allah has created all sorts of creatures. Some are visible, others are invisible. Some are known to man, others are not. We ask protection from the evil of all harmful creatures.
- Ayat 3:** "Ghasiq" here refers to darkness of difficulties (both physical and mental) that are faced by us.
- Ayat 4:** The blowing on knots in a piece of thread was a kind of witchcraft practised by some women to try to cause mental harm to others. Here we seek protection from such witchcraft.
- Ayat 5:** The evil of the envious of jealous person can cause harm in many ways. Here we ask for protection from this sort of evil.

In short, in this Surah, we are asking Allah for help against all sorts of harm that other people seek to do to us.

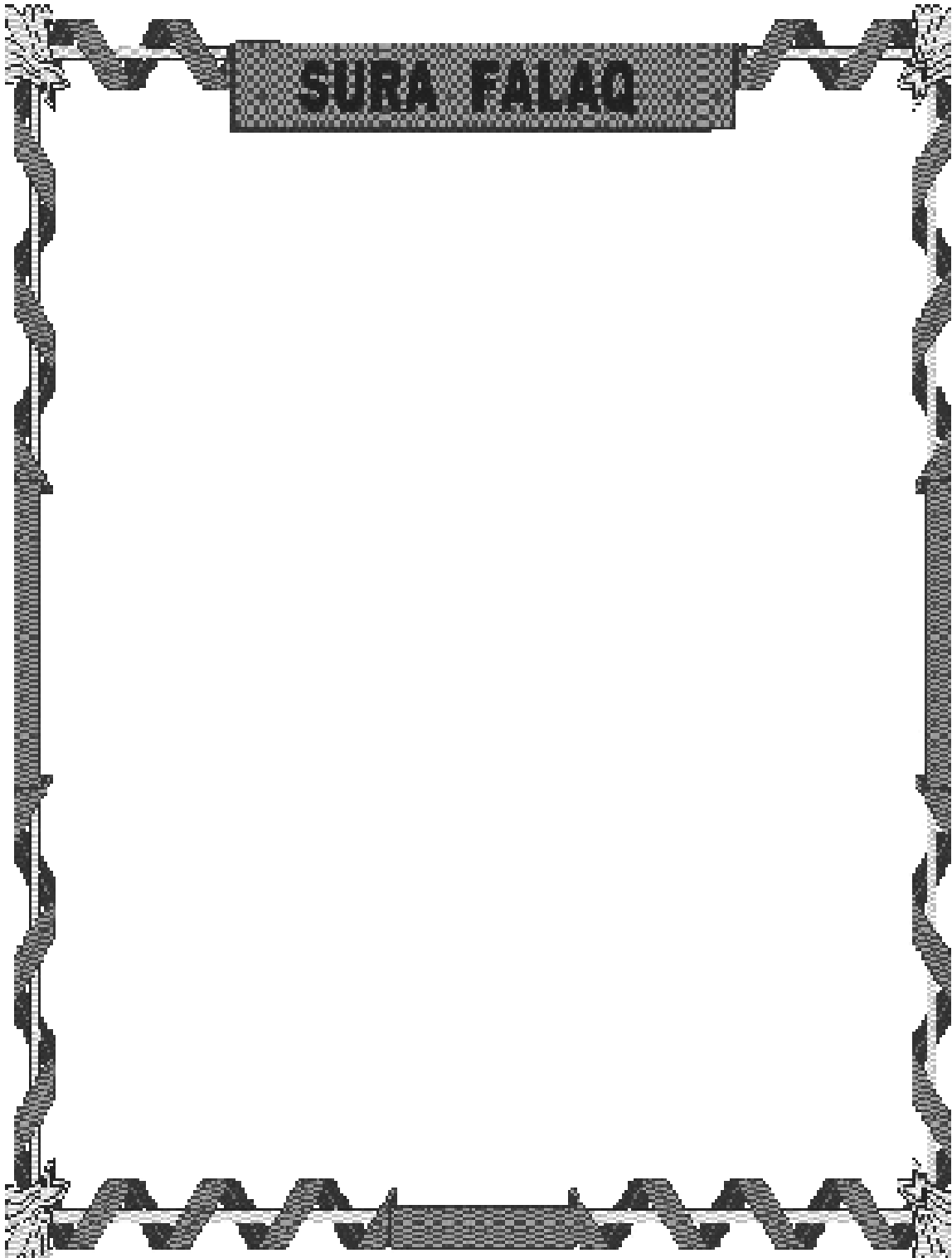
This Surah should be recited when we feel that people mean to do us harm.

WORKSHEET 3.19: SURATUL FALAQ:

Learn Suratul Falaq with correct Makharij and rules.

WORKSHEET 3.19: SURATUL FALAQ:

Draw below what you have learnt from Suratul Falaq



LESSON 3.20: SURATUL KAFIROON:

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

قُلْ يَا أَيُّهَا الْكَافِرُونَ لَا

Say (O Muhammad), "O you who disbelieve!

لَا أَعْبُدُ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ لَا

I do not worship what you worship!

وَلَا أَنْتُمْ عِبُدُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ ۚ

Nor do you worship Whom I worship!

وَلَا أَنَا عَابِدٌ مَّا عَبَدْتُمْ لَا

Nor shall I worship whom you worship,

وَلَا أَنْتُمْ عِبُدُونَ مَّا أَعْبُدُ ط

Nor will you worship Who I worship.

لَكُمْ دِينُكُمْ وَلِيَ دِينِ ۚ

Unto you be your religion and unto me my religion."

LESSON 3.21: SURATUL KAFIROON: MEMORISATION AND TAFSEER:

This Surah was revealed in Makka, in answer to a proposal put forward by the leaders of the Quraish (The Kuffar).

The Quraish approached the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.) and said that they had thought of a compromise.

They proposed that (the Kuffar) and the Muslims should both agree to worship each other's God.

They said that for one year the Muslims should worship what they (the Kuffar) worshipped and then the next year they (the Kuffar) would worship the God of the Muslims and then the pattern to be repeated again.

The proposal by the Kuffar was a clever one to try to win over the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.) and to wreck his mission. The reply given to them in this Surah was firm and without compromise.

Our 6th Imam, Imam Ja'far As-Sadiq (a.s.) was once asked why the same verse (Ayat 3 and 5) was repeated twice.

He replied that the repetition in the Surah was in response to the repetition in the proposal of the Kuffar. **i.e. The Kuffar had asked the Holy Prophet (s.a.w.) to worship their Gods for one year and they would worship His God the next year and alternate thereafter.**

The last Ayat of the Surah tells us that there can never be a compromise between right and wrong and also there is no force to become a Muslim.

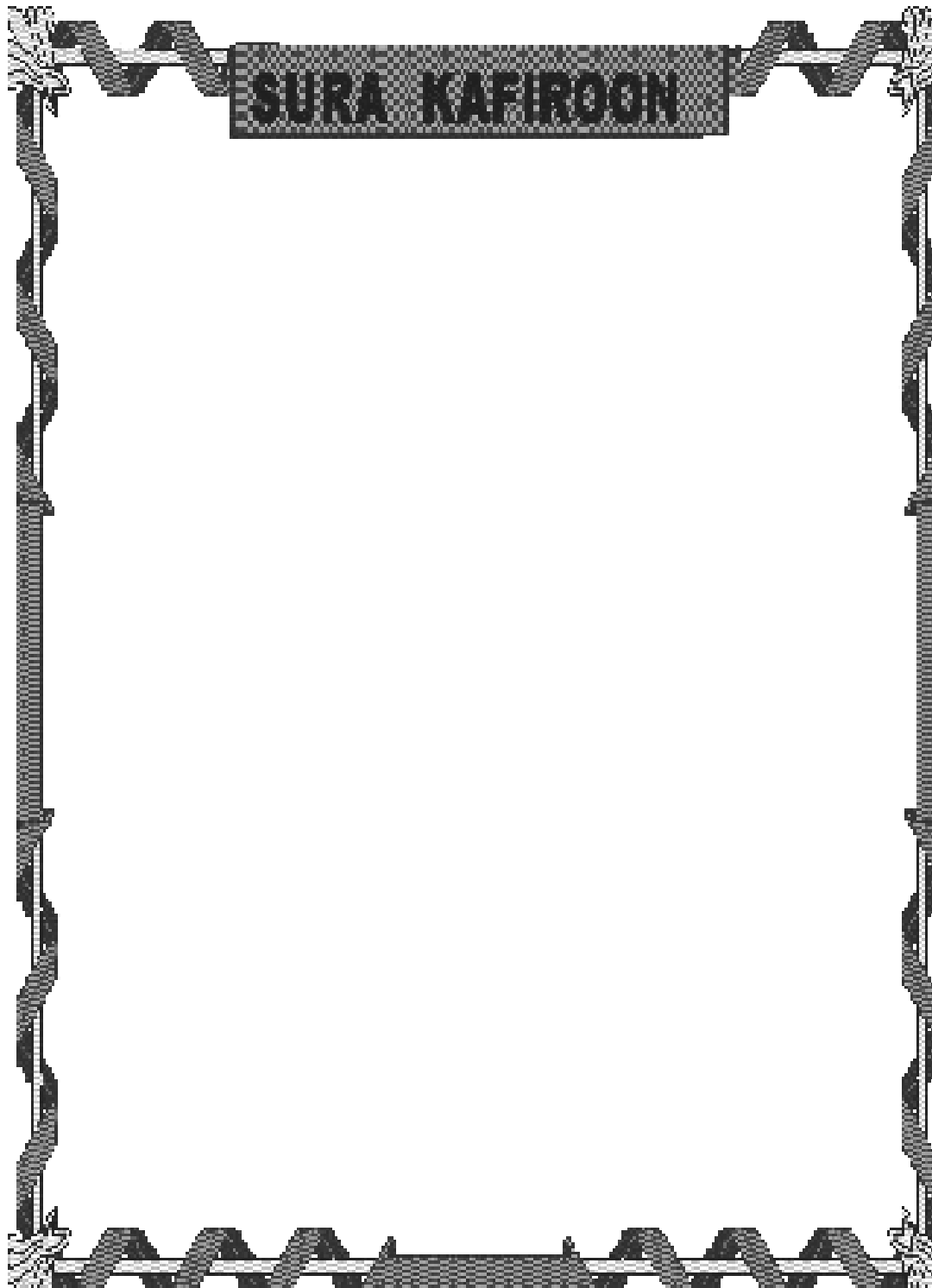
Imam Ja'far As-Sadiq (a.s.) has said that who ever recites this Surah and Suratul Ikhlas in their daily prayers will be forgiven and so will their parents.

WORKSHEET 3.21: SURATUL KAFIROON:

Learn Suratul Kafiroon with correct Makharij and rules.

WORKSHEET 3.21: SURATUL KAFIROON:

Draw below what you have learnt from Suratul Kafiroom



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ فِي لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ ج صلى
وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ ط
لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ ط
تَنَزَّلُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ وَالرُّوحُ فِيهَا بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ ج مِّنْ كُلِّ أَمْرٍ لا
سَلَامٌ قَف هِيَ حَتَّى مَطْلَعِ الْفَجْرِ ج

TERM 1: MEMORISATION FOR AZ-ZAHRA CERTIFICATE:

For the Az-Zahra Certificate, your child should know:

- Suratul Qadr with proper Makhraj.

_____ has been tested on the above requirements and has performed satisfactorily.

Signature of teacher:

Date

If the child has not passed the test satisfactorily the teacher should fill in the letter below.

Dear Parent,

Your child _____ was tested on Suratul Qadr but s/he did not know it.

Please ensure that s/he knows the above for next week, so that s/he may receive their Az-Zahra Certificate.

Signature of teacher

Date

MEMORISATION SURAH FOR TERM 3: SURATUL KAUTHAR:

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

إِنَّا أَعْطَيْنَاكَ الْكَوْثَرَ

Inna a'taynaka alkawthar

Indeed, We have granted you, [O Muhammad], al-Kawthar.

فَصَلِّ لِرَبِّكَ وَانْحَرْ

Fasalli lirabbika wanhar

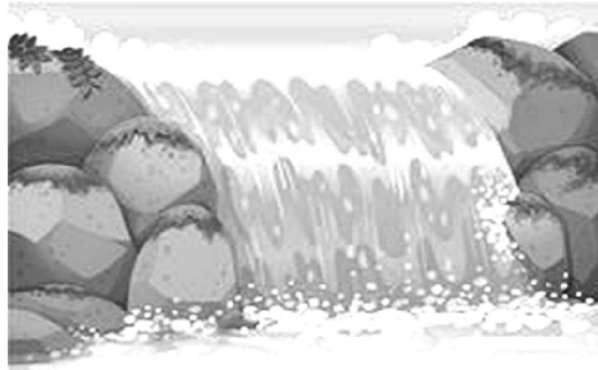
So pray to your Lord and sacrifice [to Him alone].

إِنَّ شَانِئَكَ هُوَ الْأَبْتَرُ

Inna shani-aka huwa al-abtar

Indeed, your enemy is the one cut off.

Indeed, We have granted you, [O Muhammad], al-Kawthar.
So pray to your Lord and sacrifice [to Him alone].
Indeed, your enemy is the one cut off.



TERM 2: MEMORISATION FOR AZ-ZAHRA CERTIFICATE:

For the Az-Zahra Certificate, your child should know:

- Suratul Lahab with proper Makhraj.

_____ has been tested on the above requirements and has performed satisfactorily.

Signature of teacher:

Date

If the child has not passed the test satisfactorily the teacher should fill in the letter below.

Dear Parent,

Your child _____ was tested on Suratul Lahab but s/he did not know it.

Please ensure that s/he knows the above for next week, so that s/he may receive their Az-Zahra Certificate.

Signature of teacher

Date

Lesson -20-

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Learn Arabic



Arabic Alphabets

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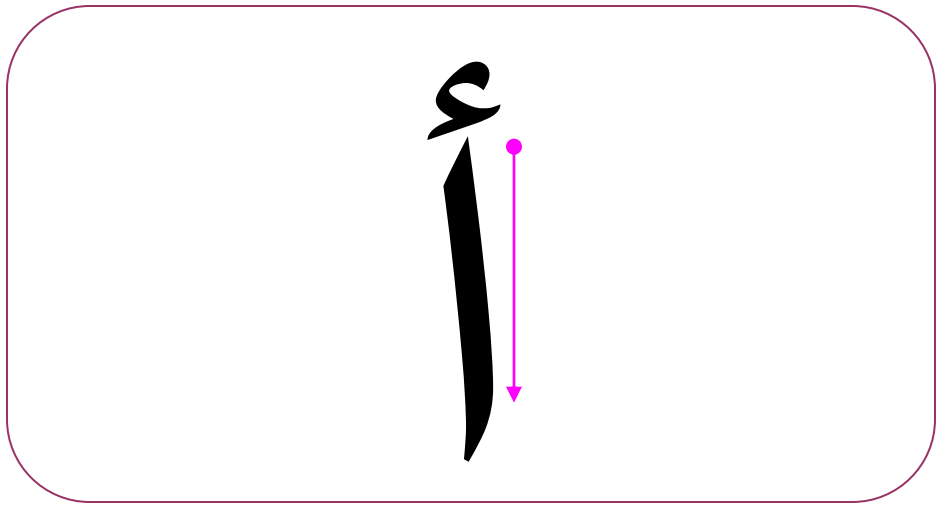
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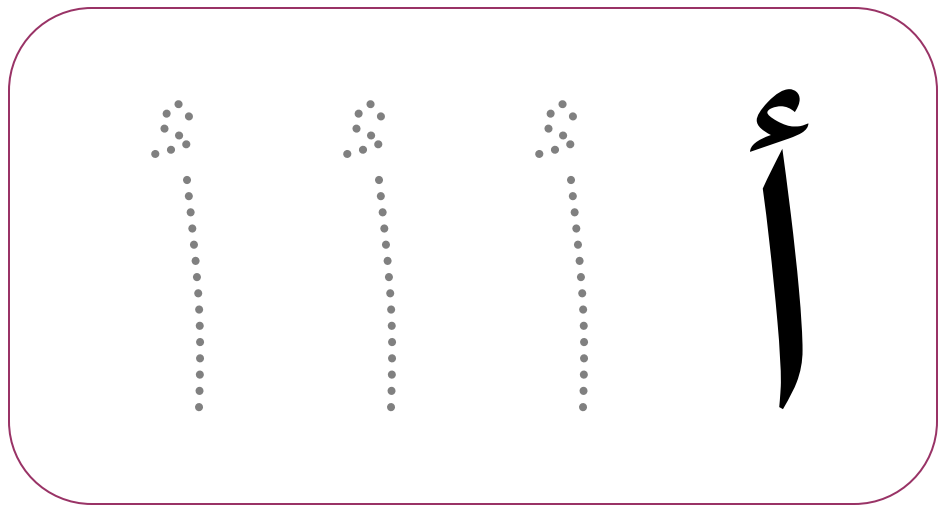


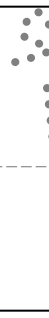
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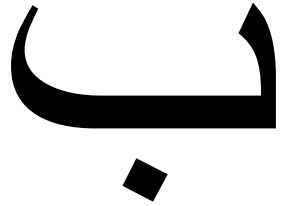
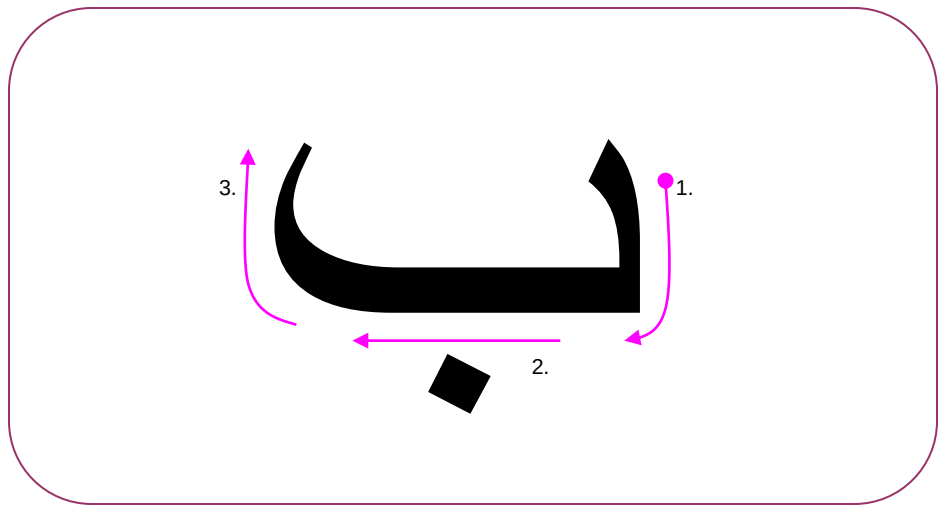
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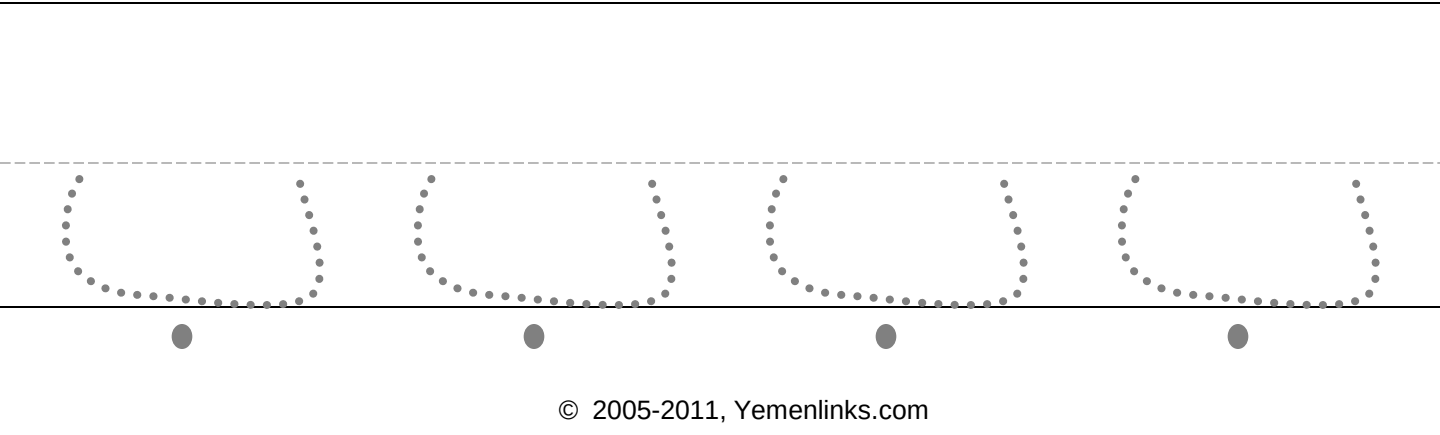
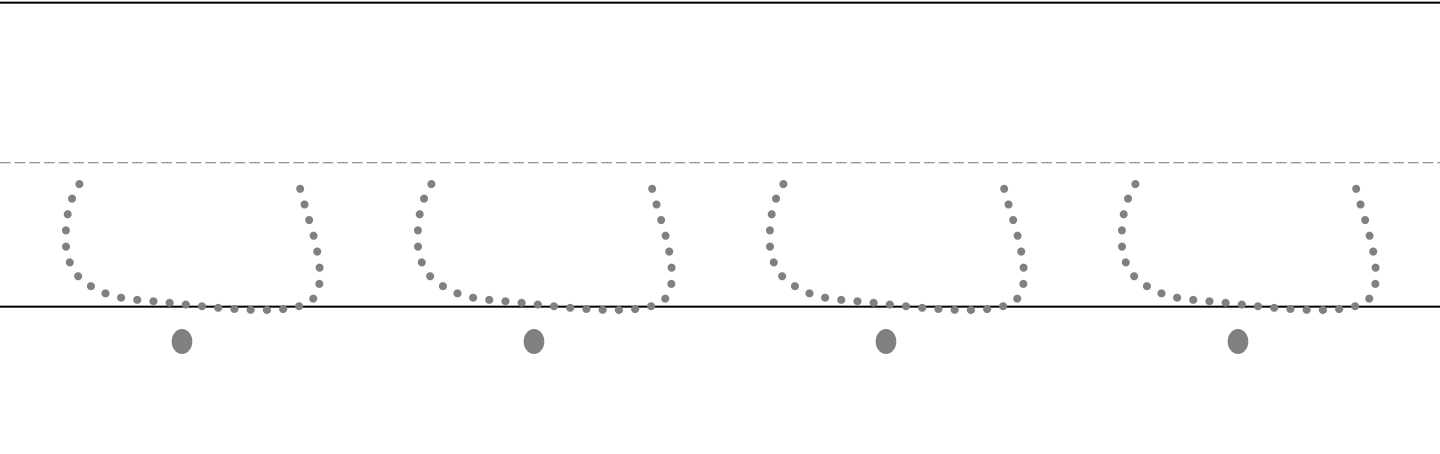
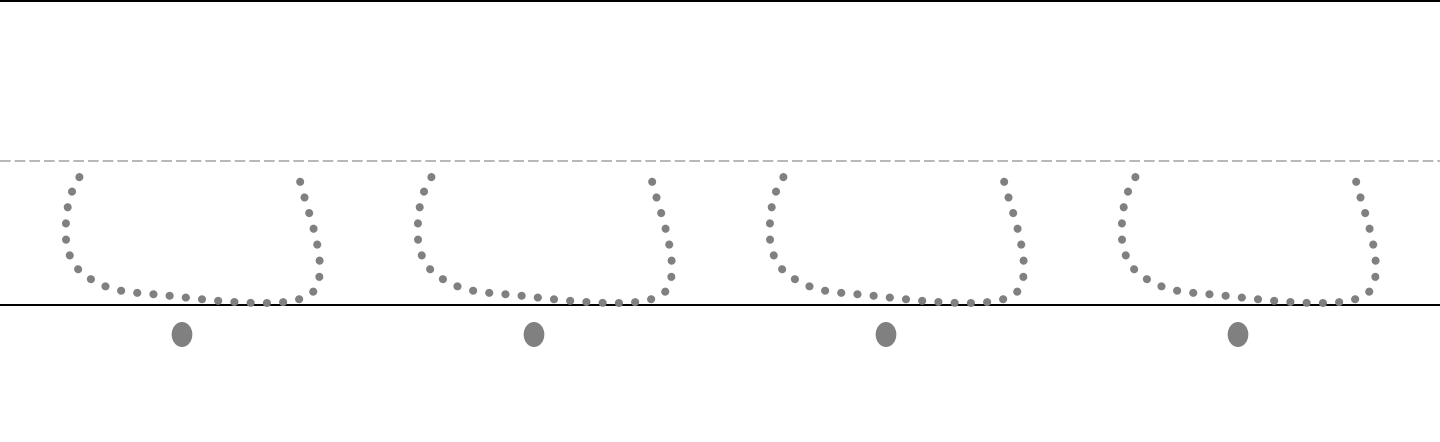
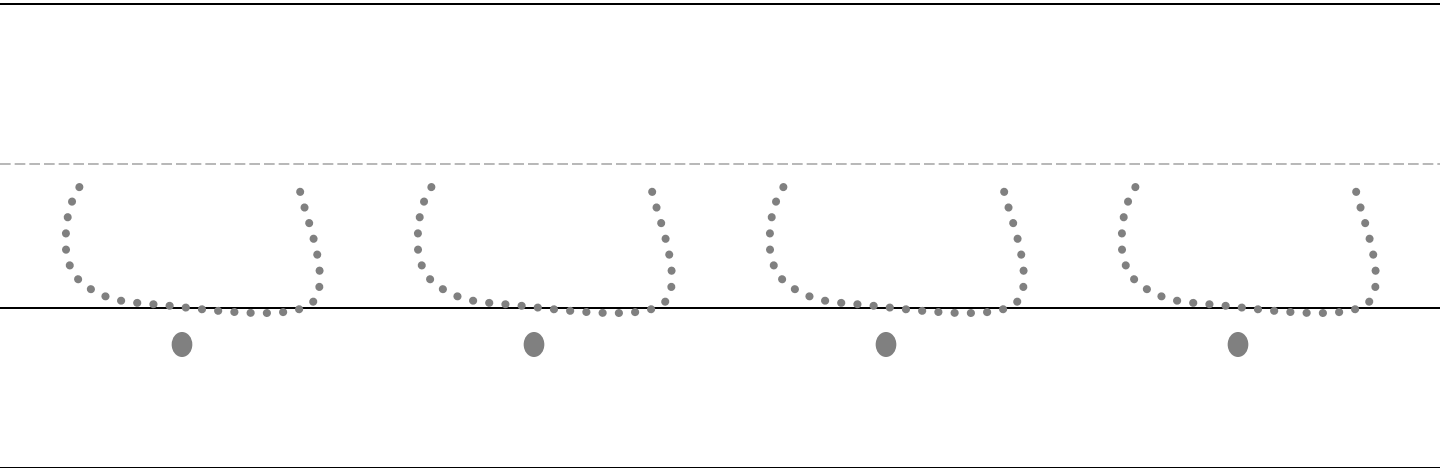
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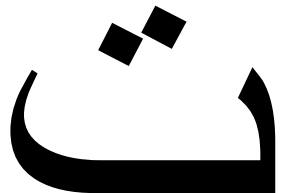
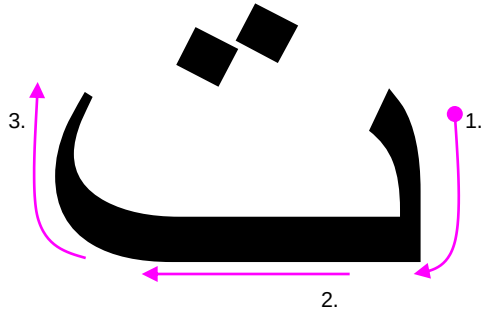
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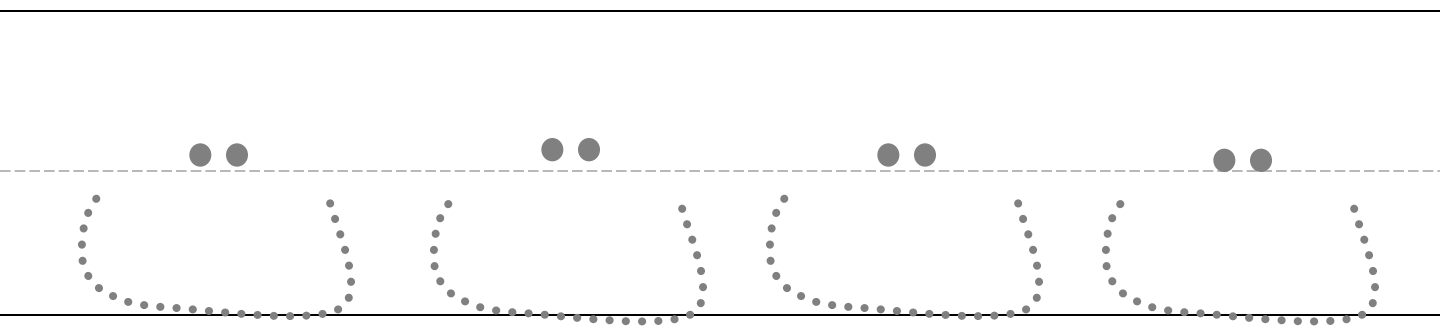
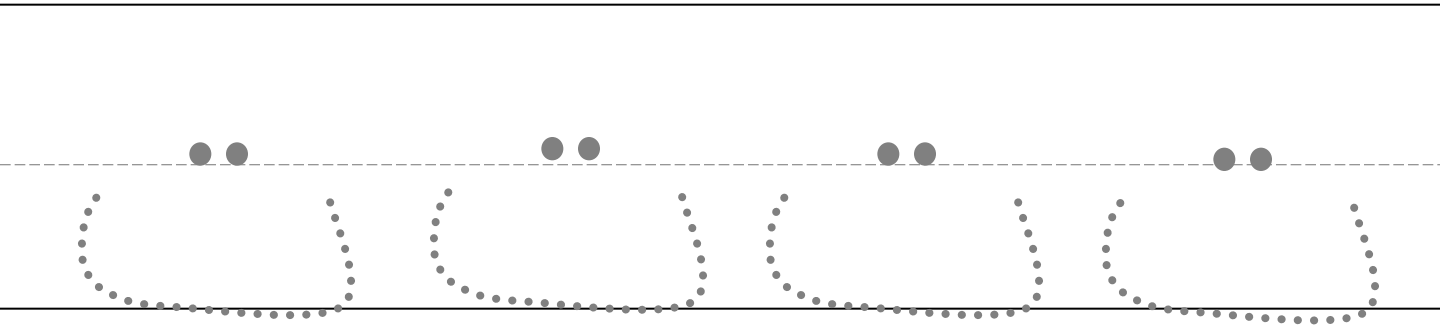
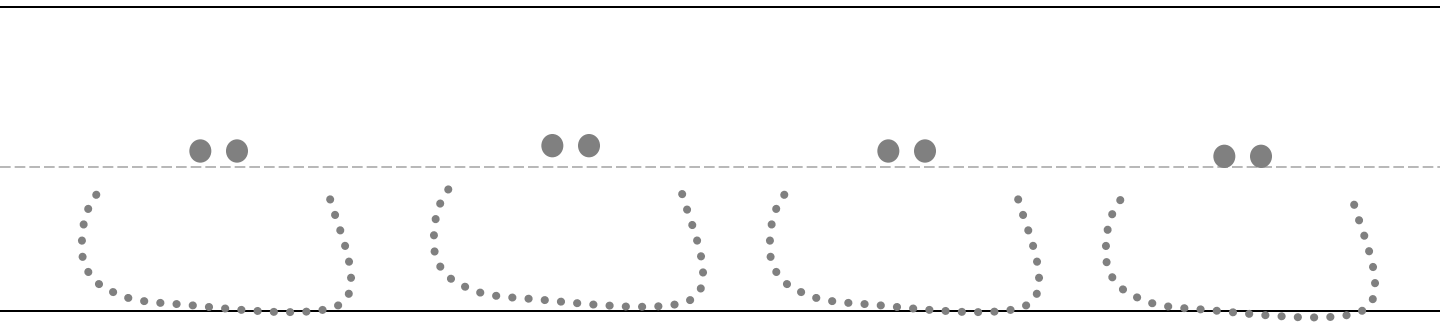
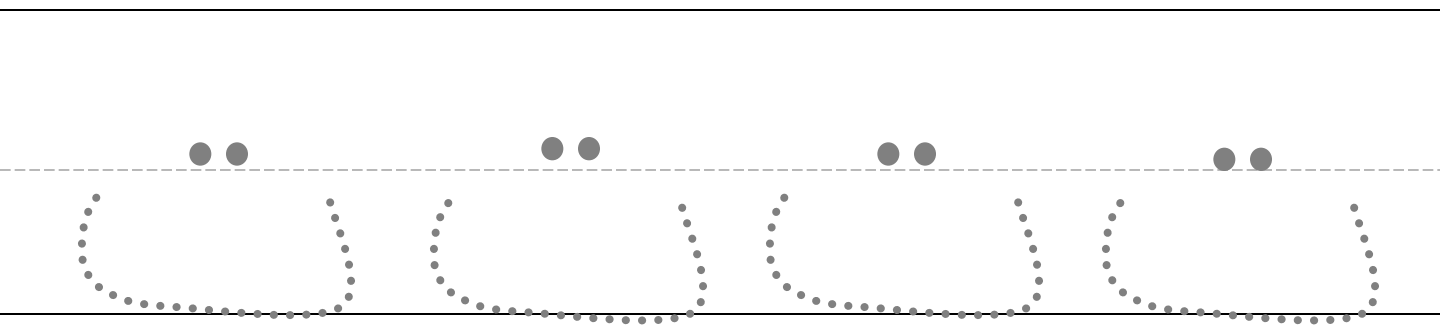
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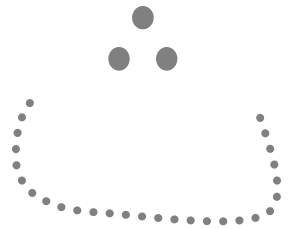
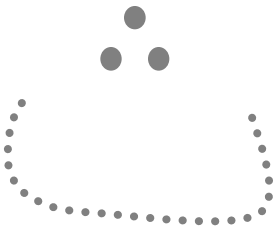
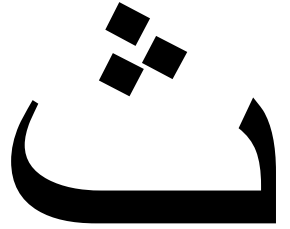
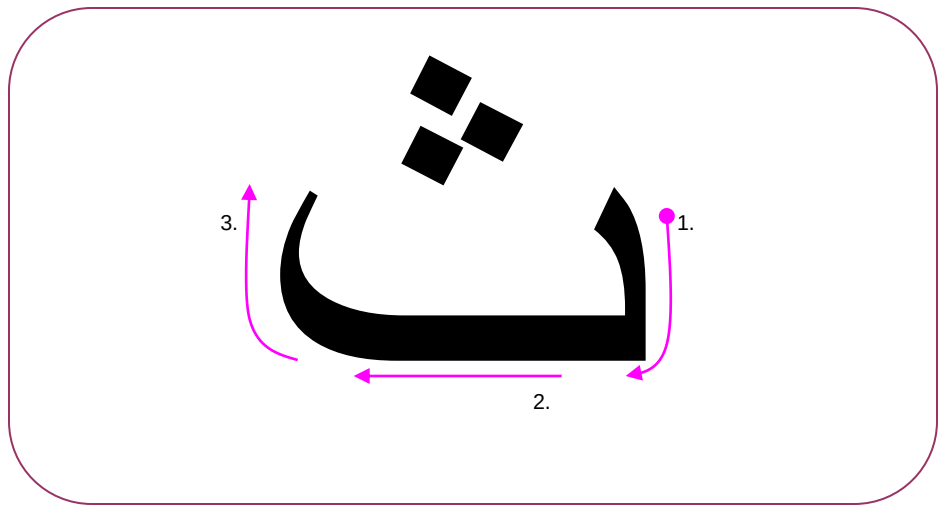
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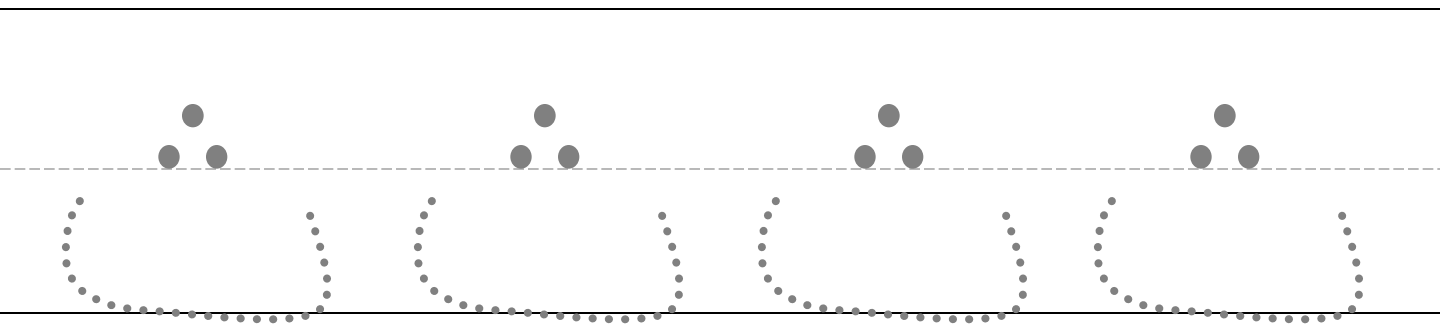
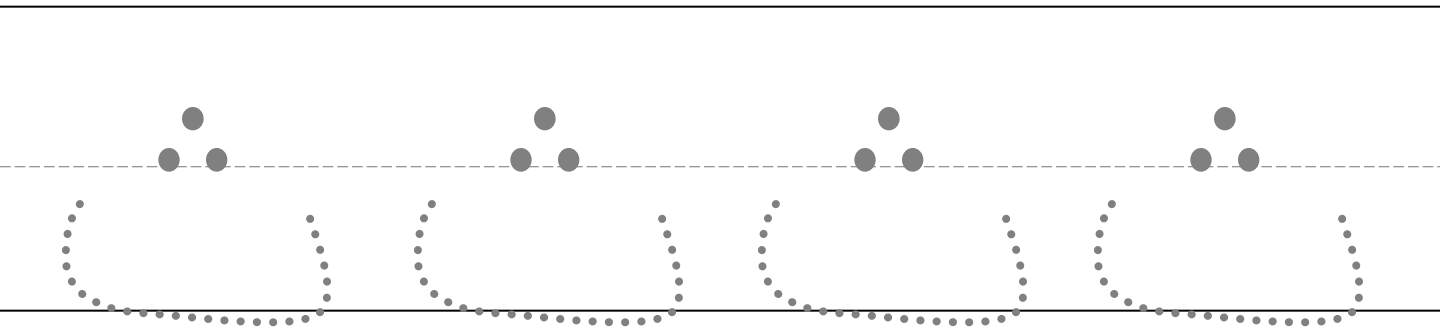
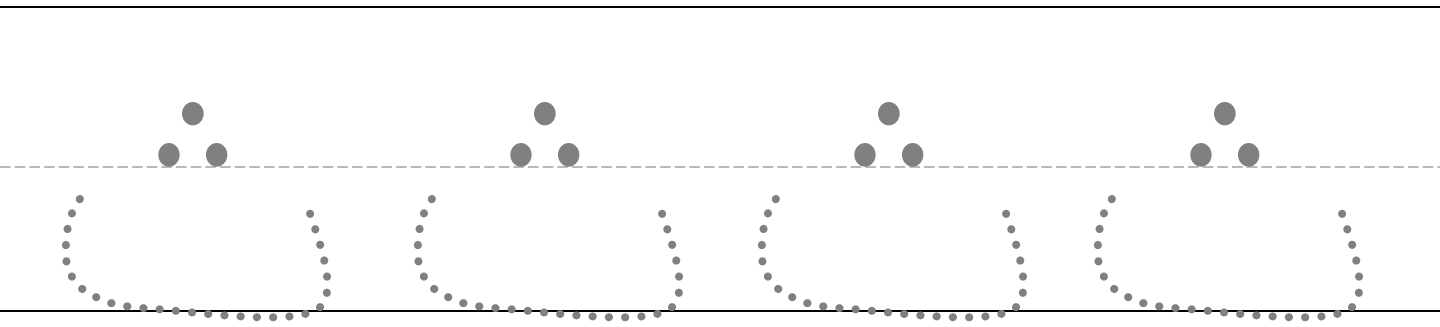
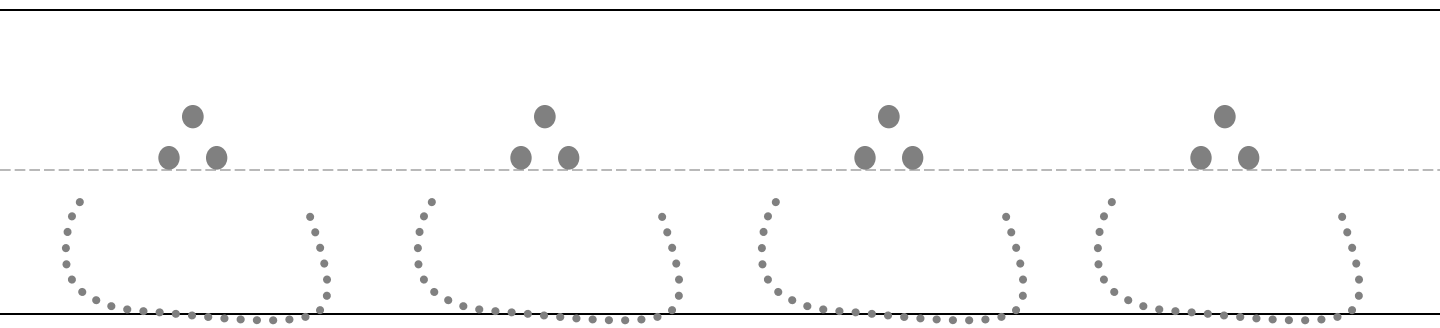
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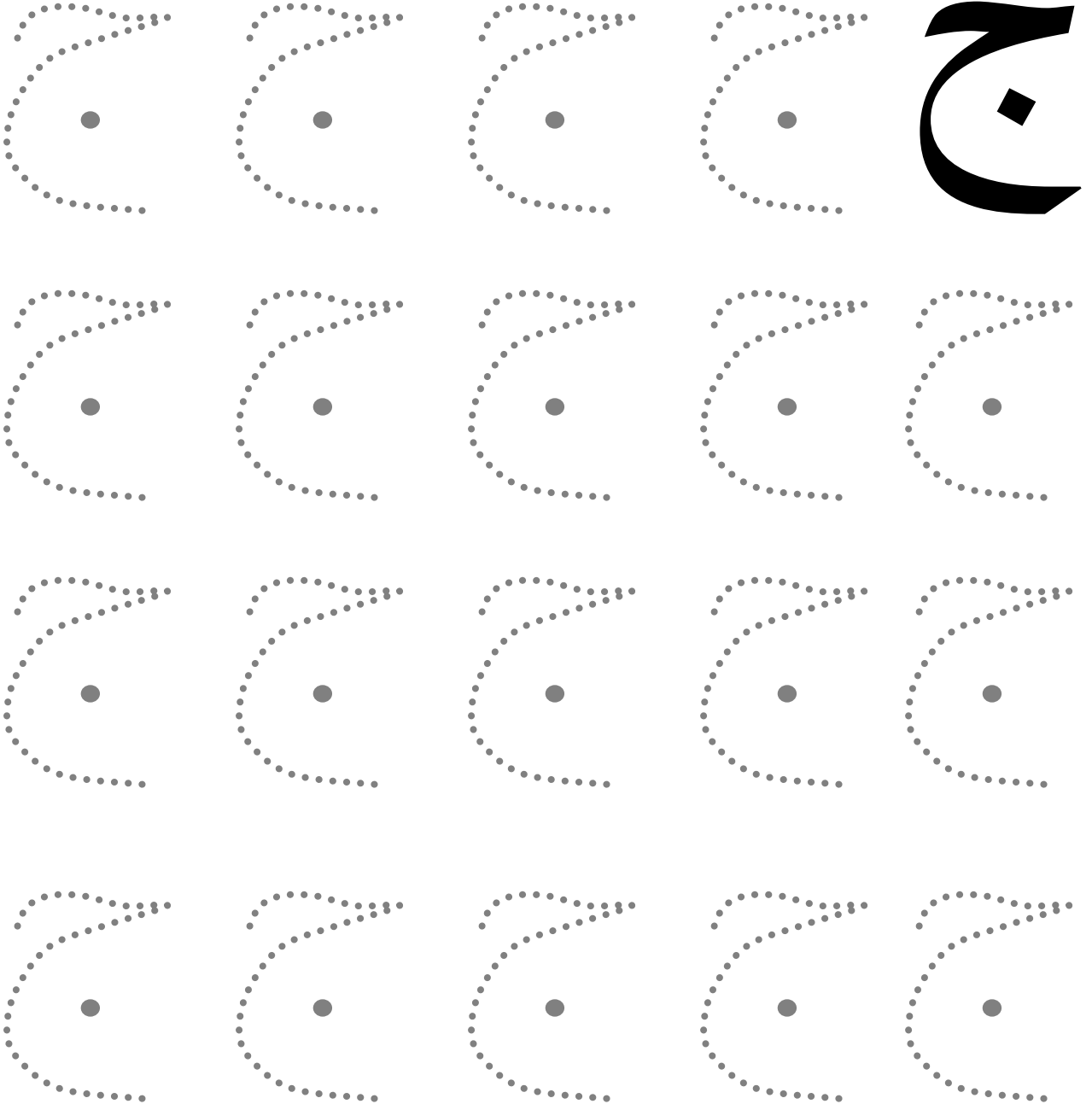
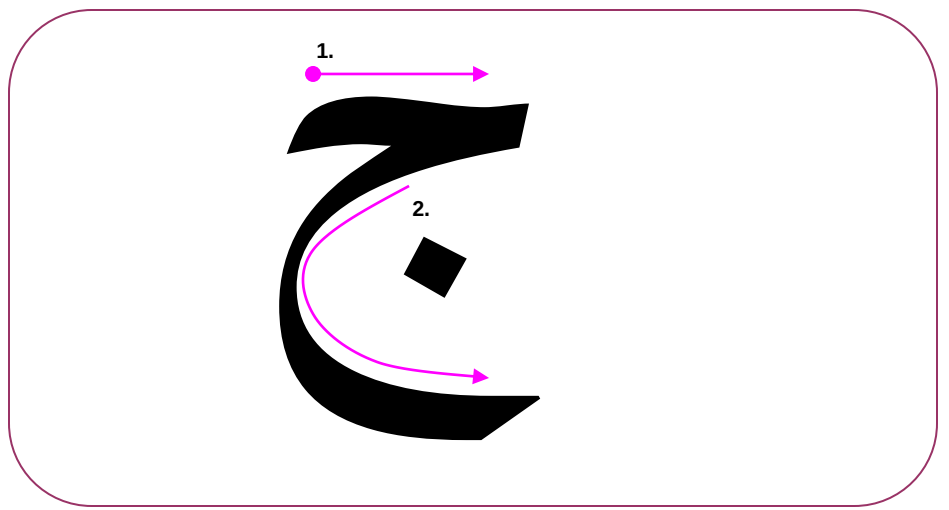


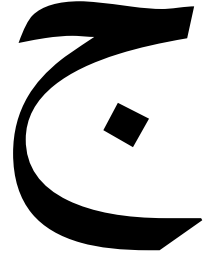
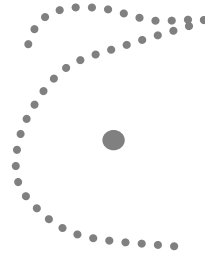
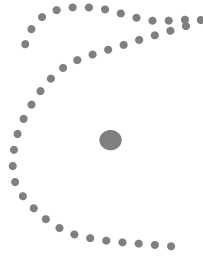


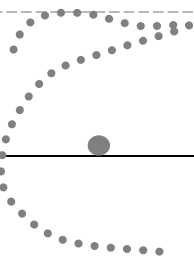
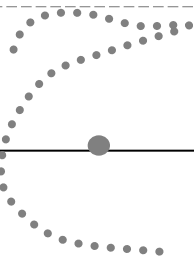
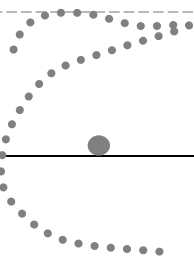
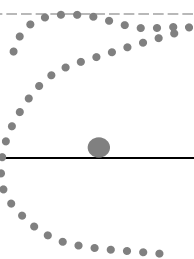
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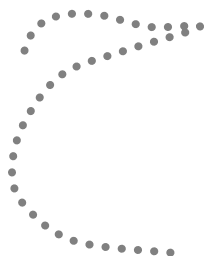
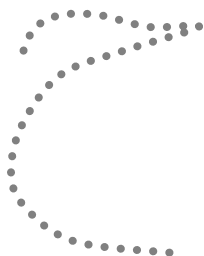
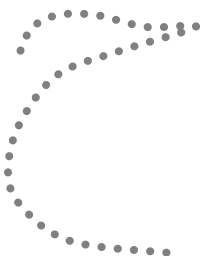
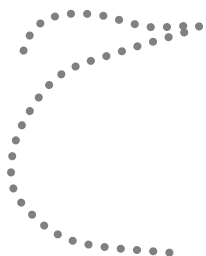
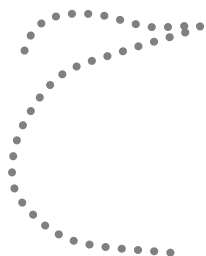
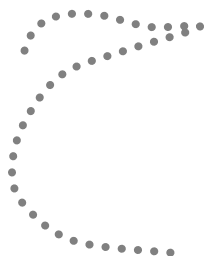
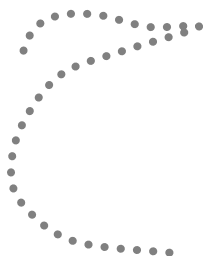
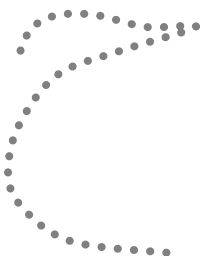
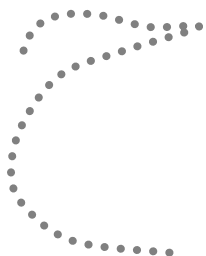
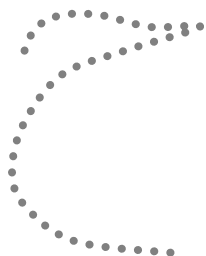
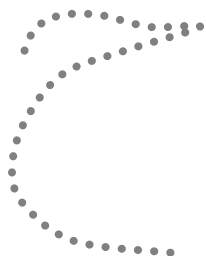
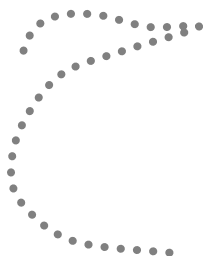
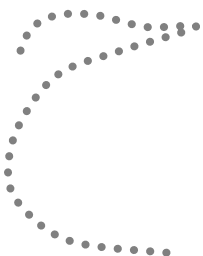
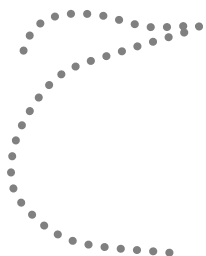
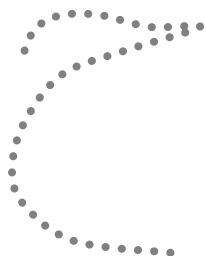
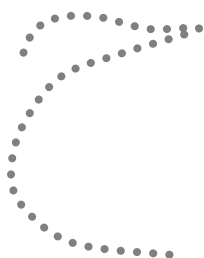
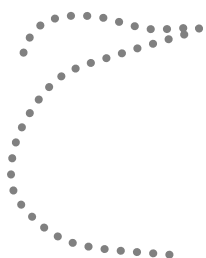
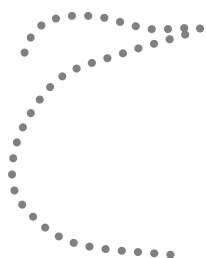
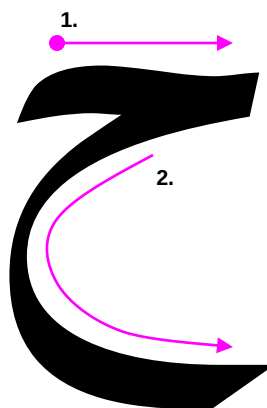


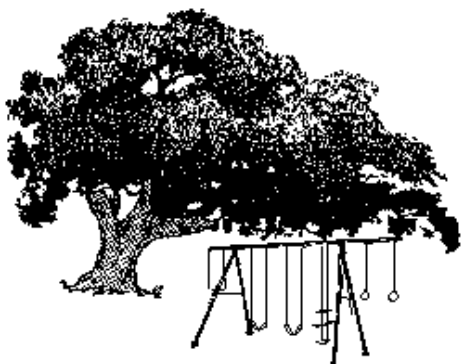




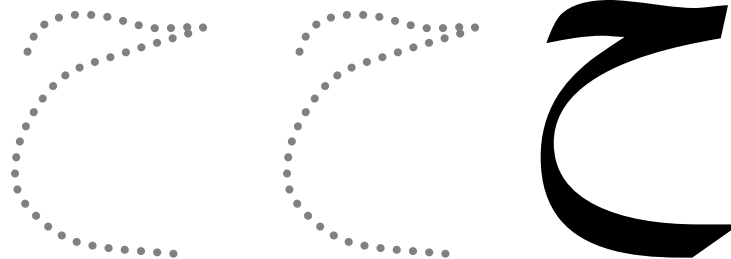


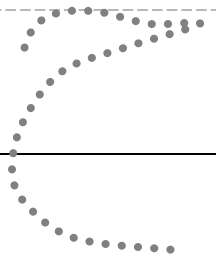
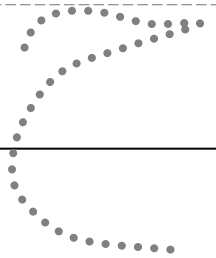
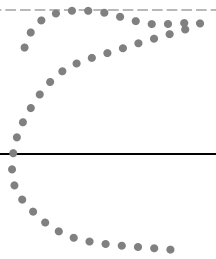
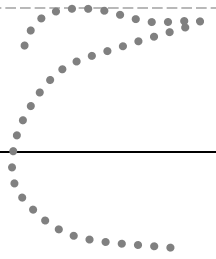
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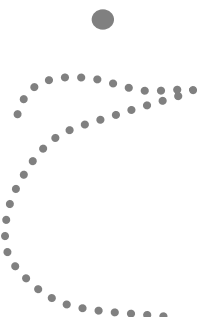
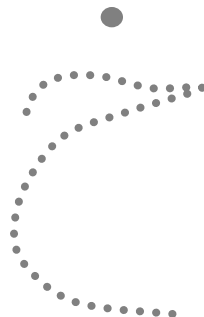
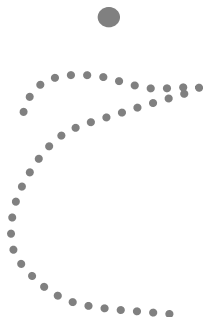
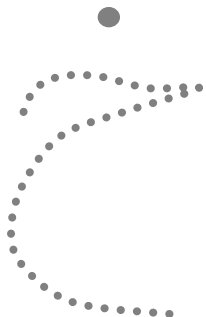
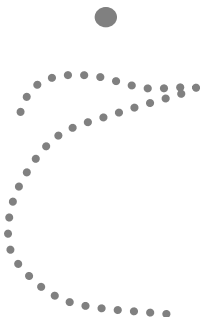
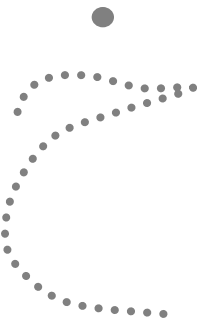
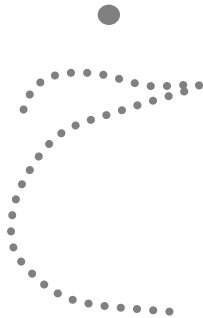
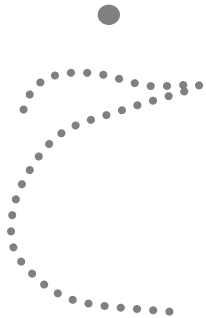
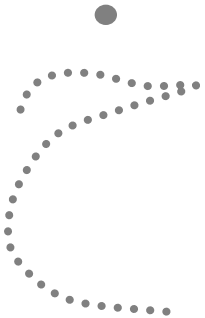
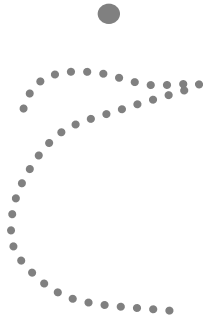
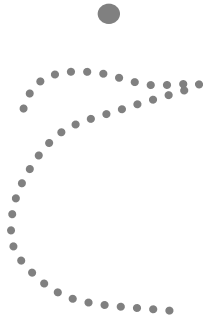
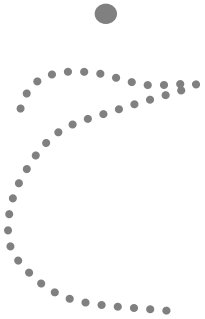
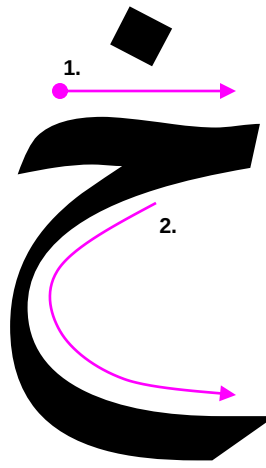
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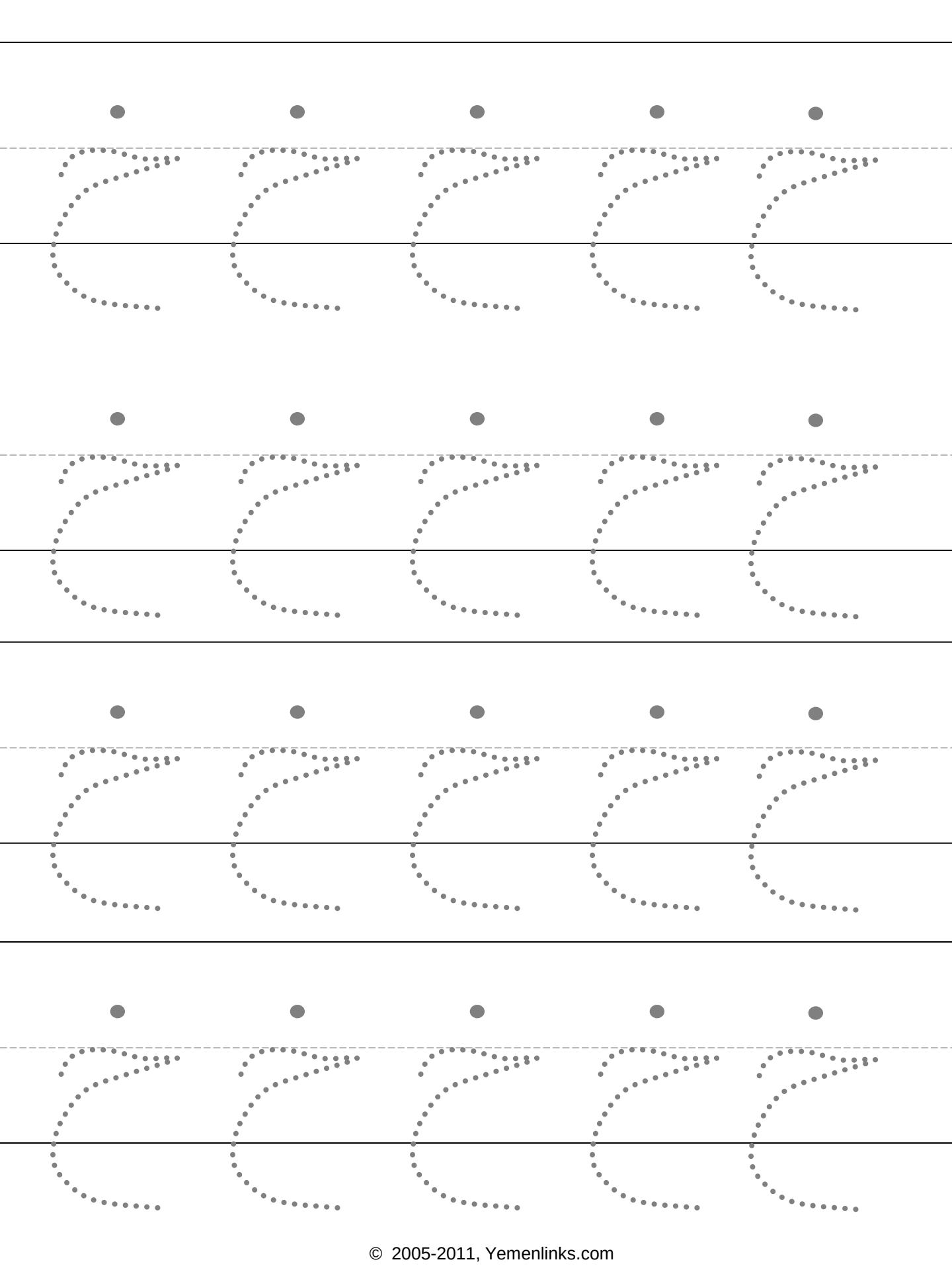
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Joining the letters :

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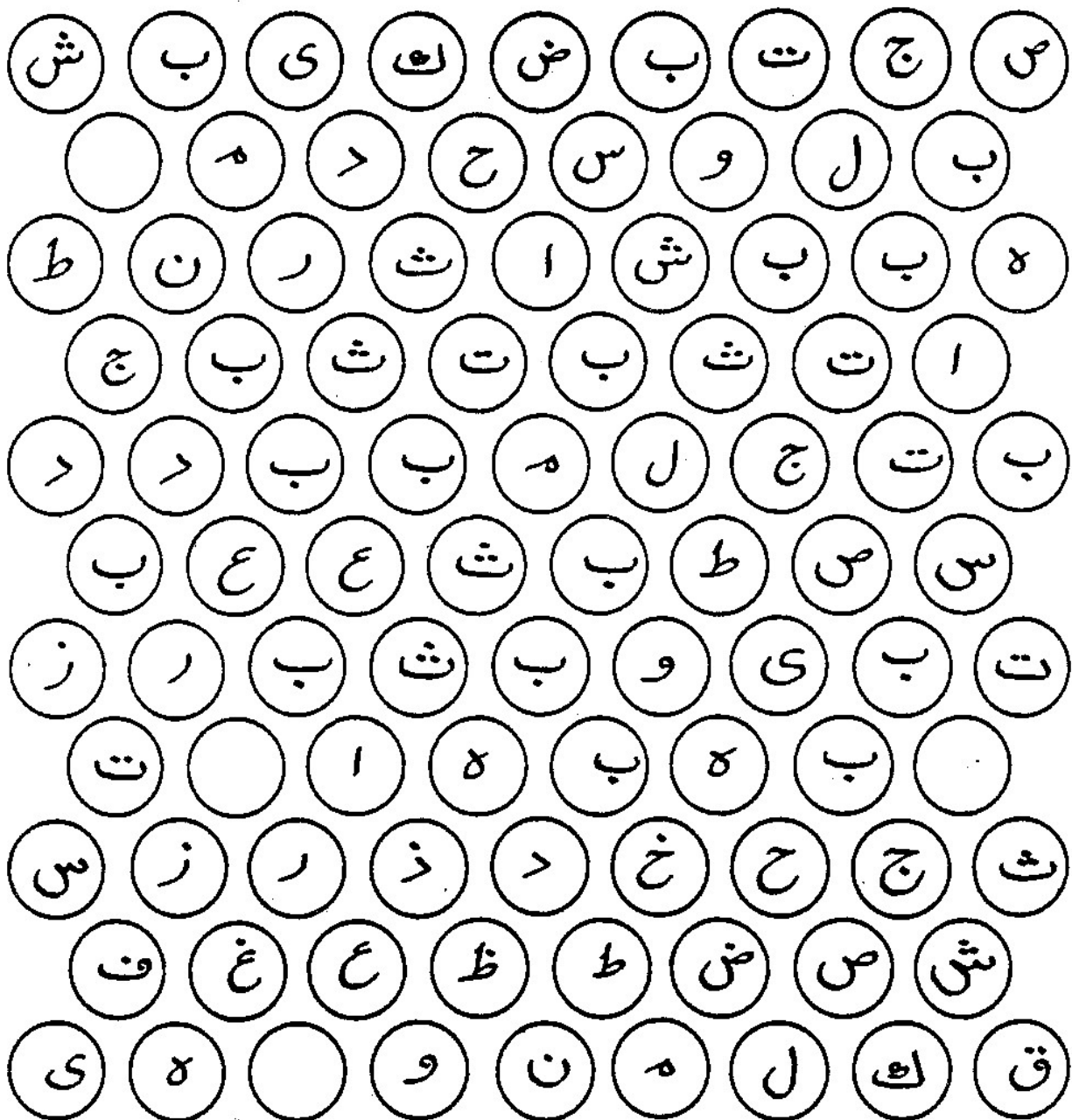
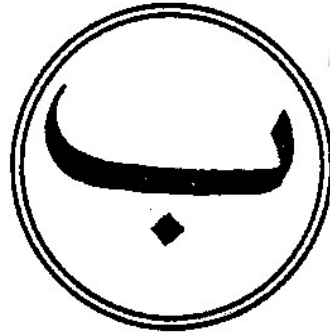
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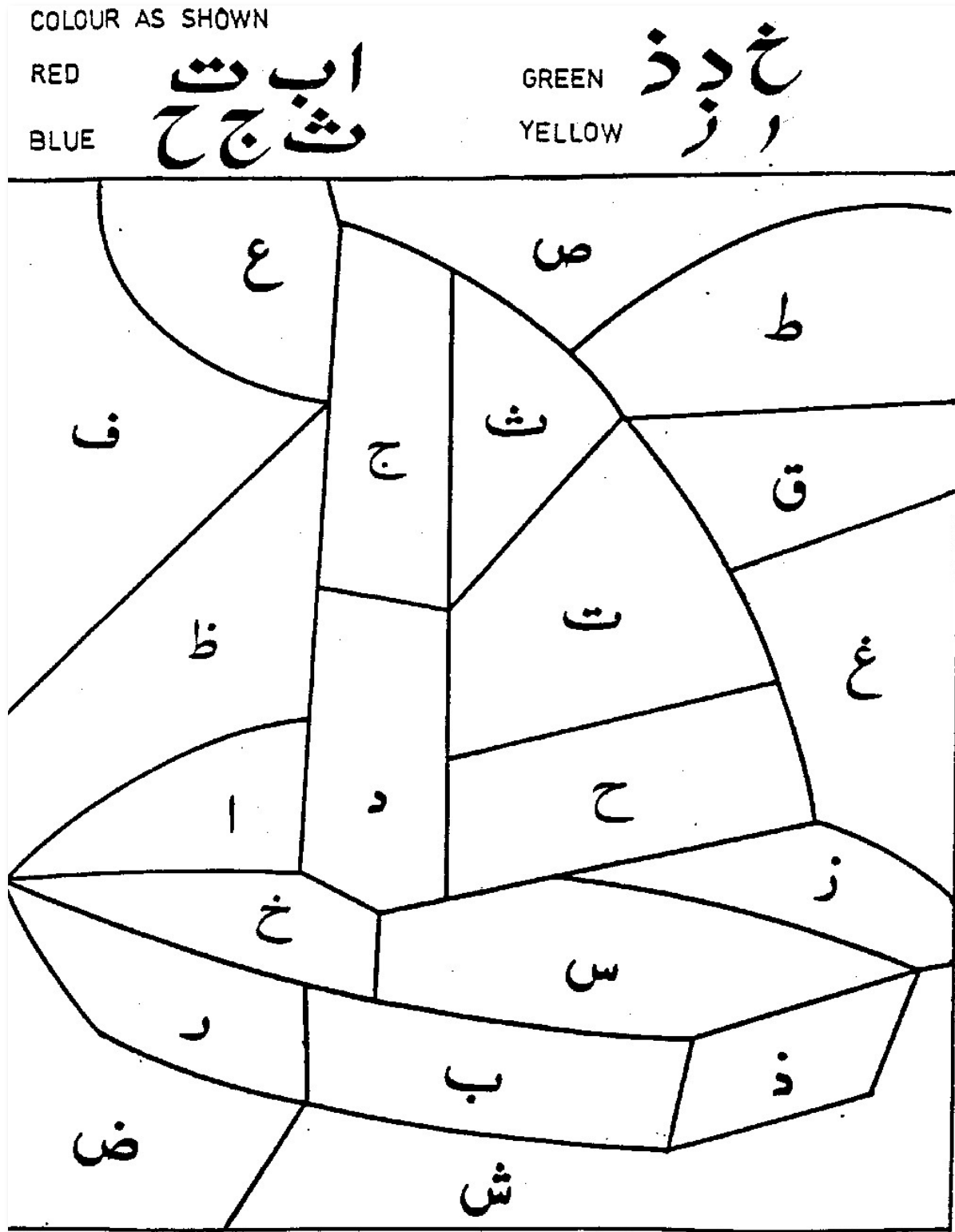
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Find and Colour Letter 'Baa'

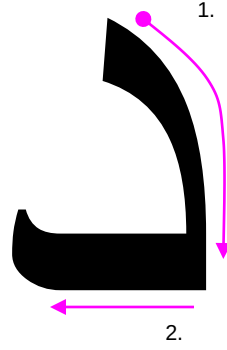


Colour the Boat with different colour for each Harf :



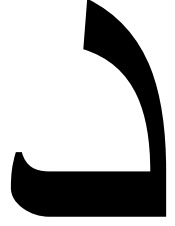


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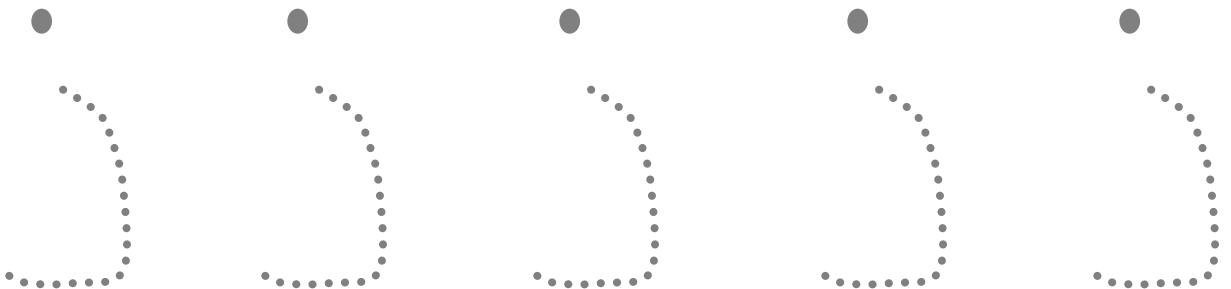
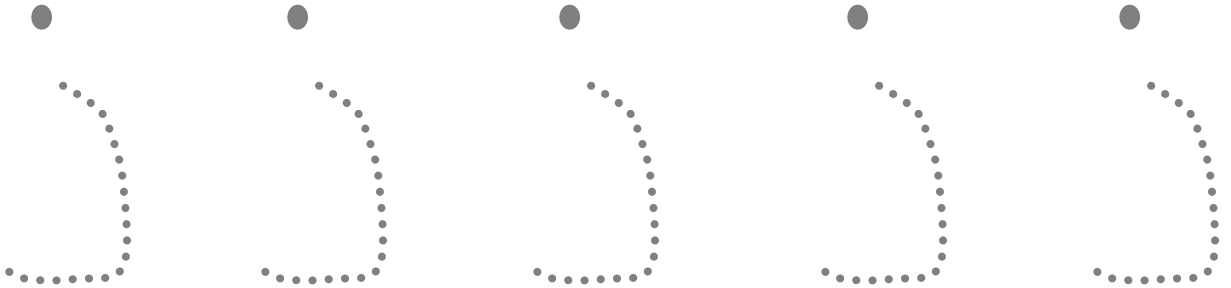
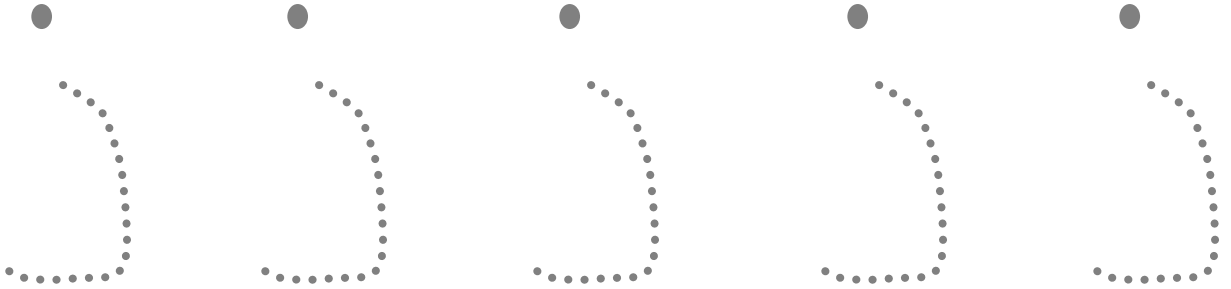
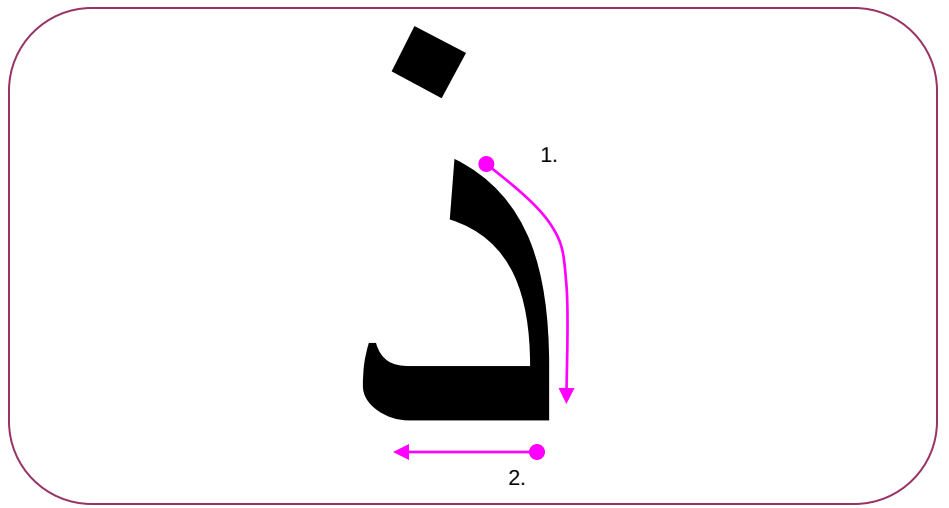
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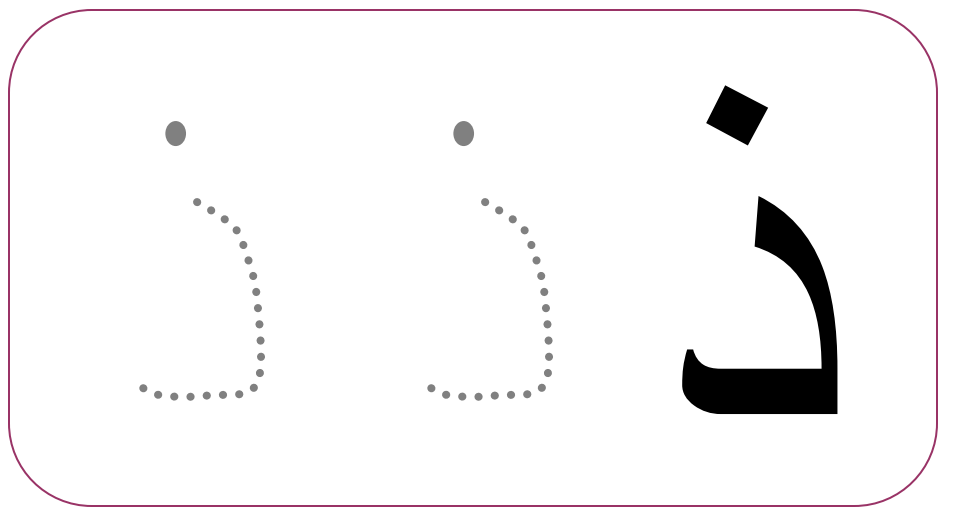


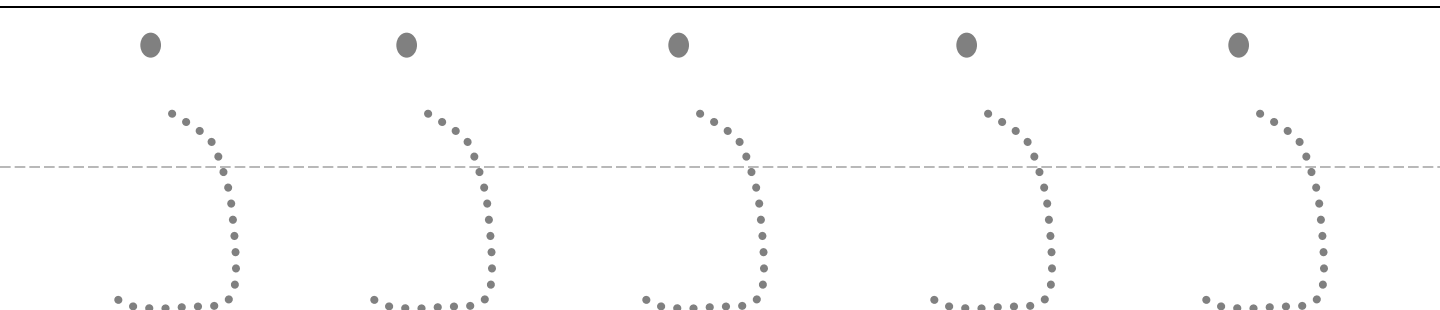
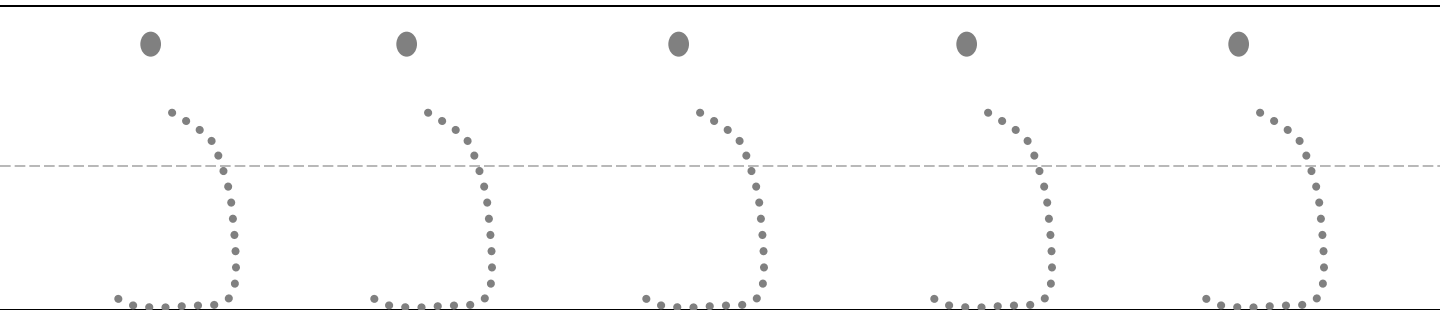
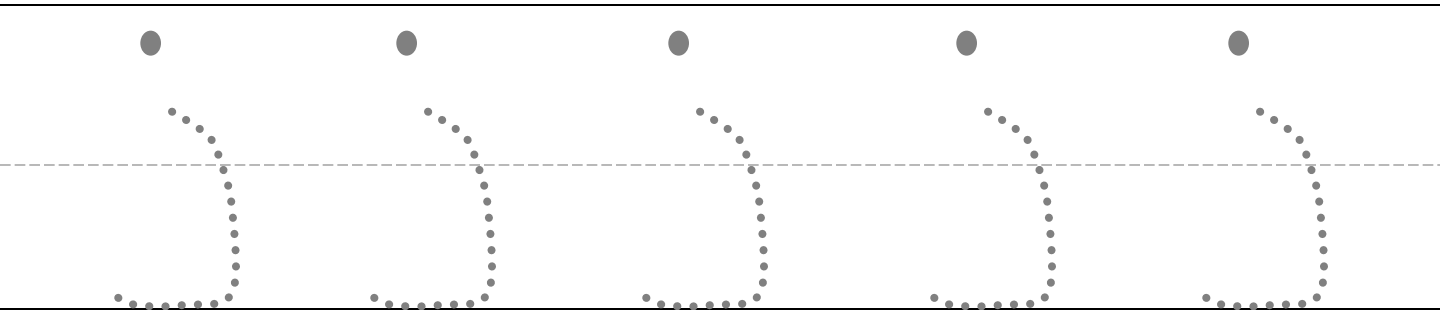
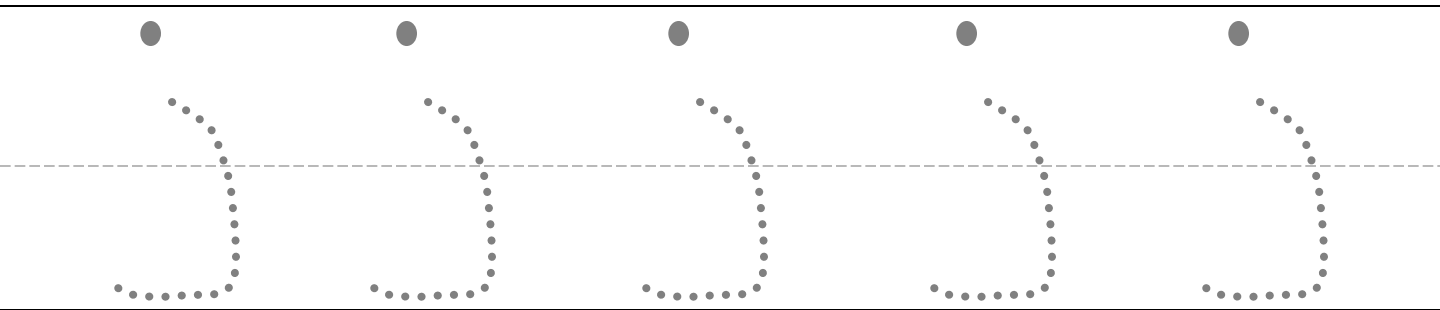
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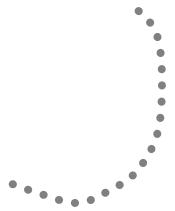
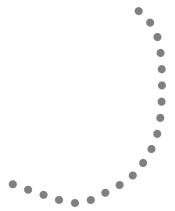
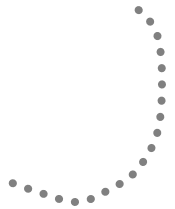
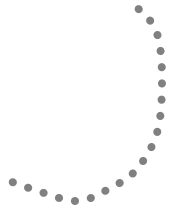
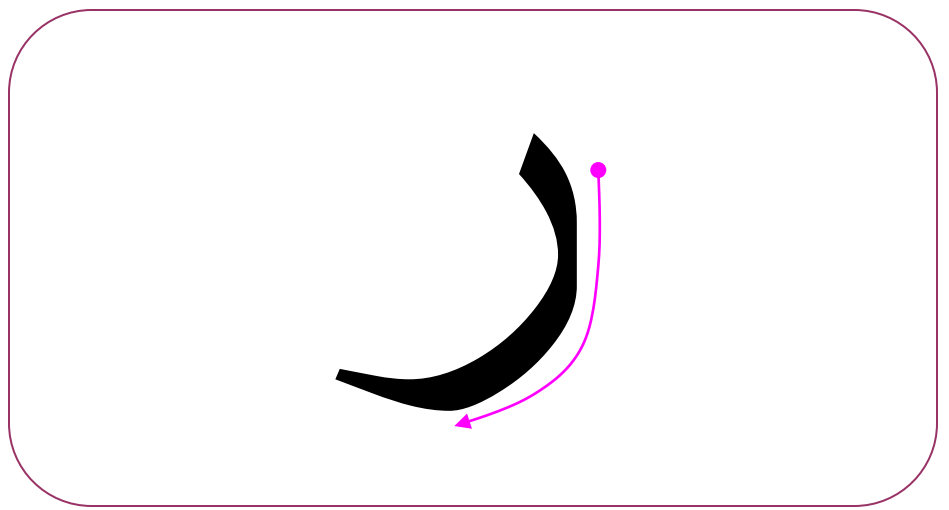
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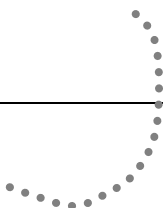
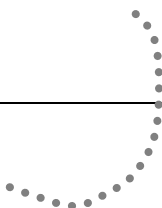
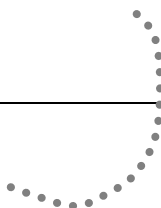
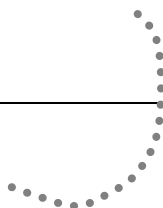
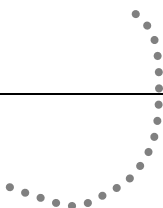
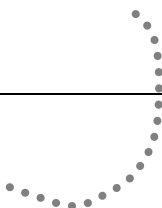
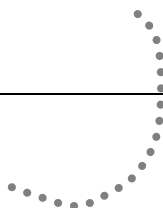
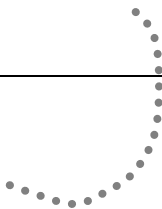
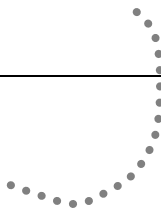
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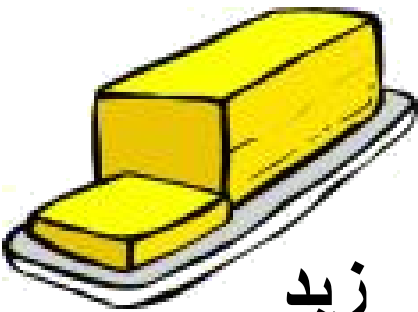




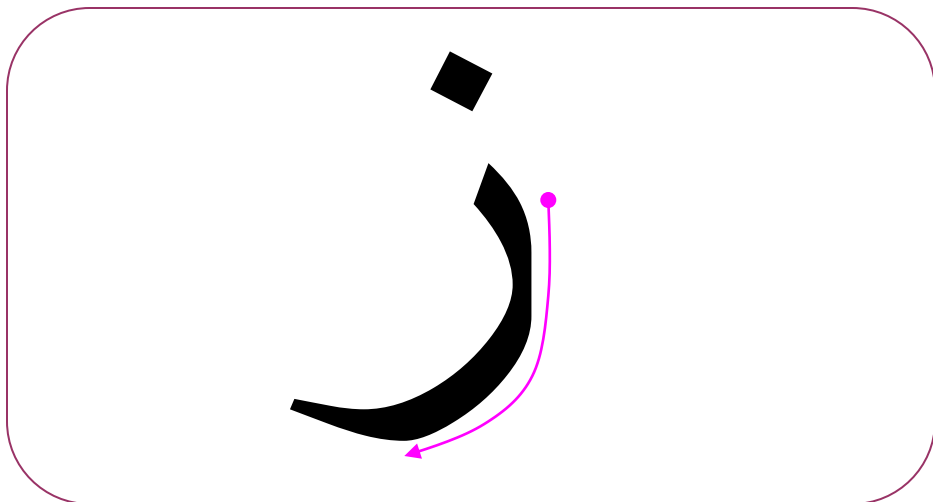
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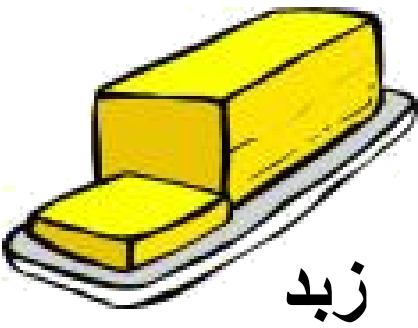




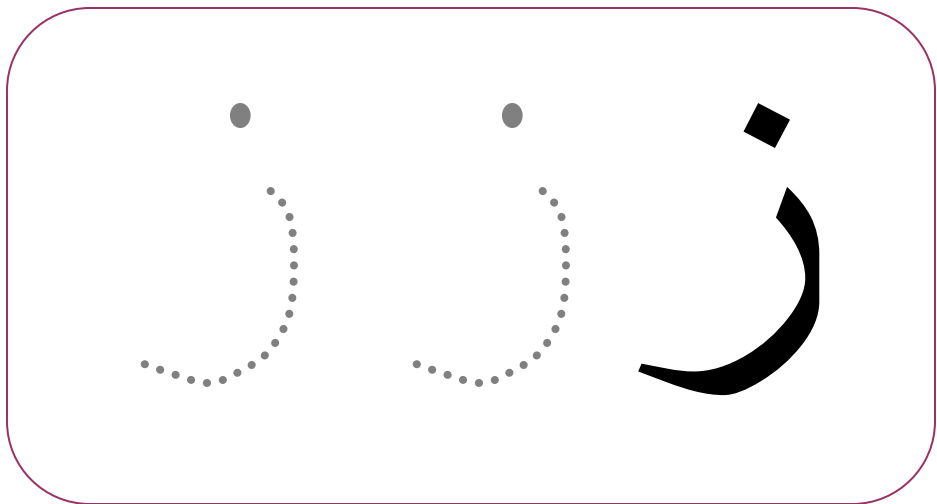


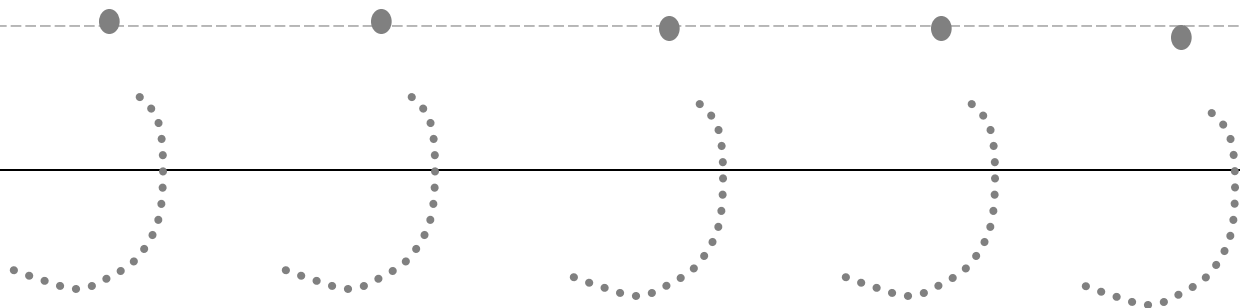
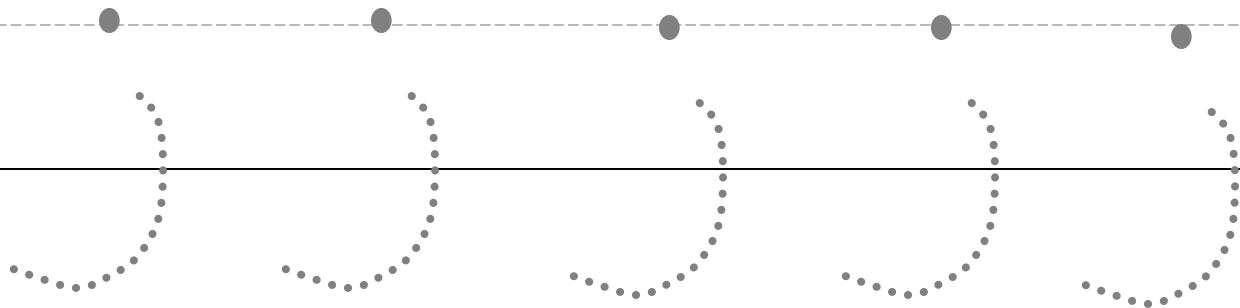
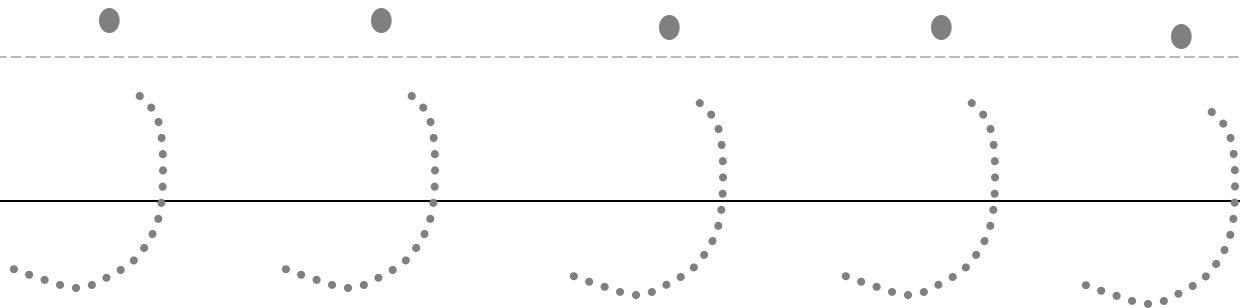
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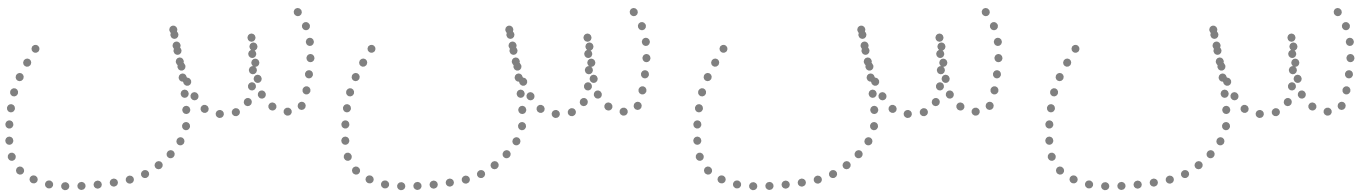
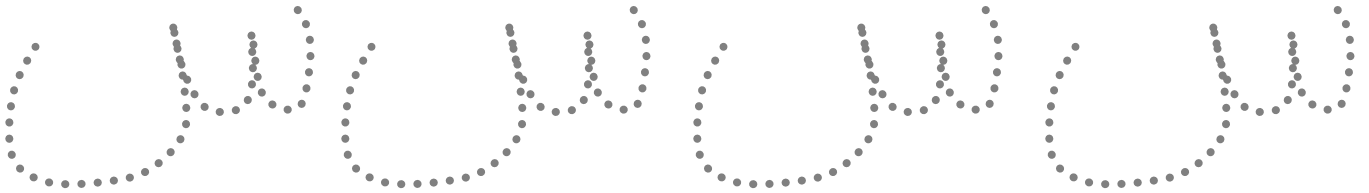
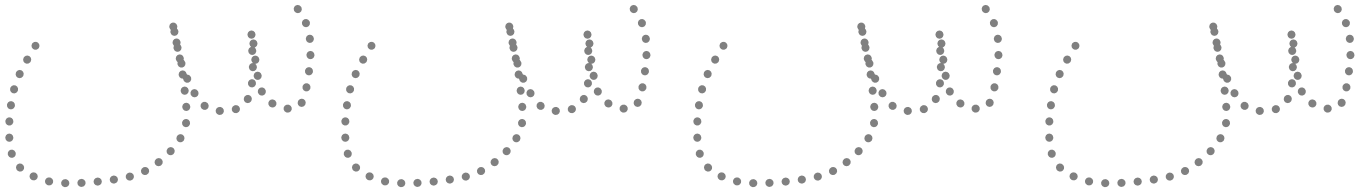
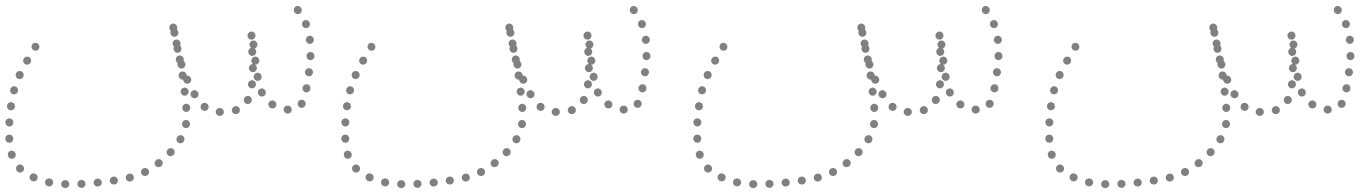
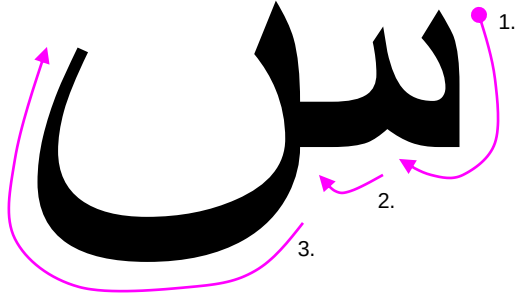
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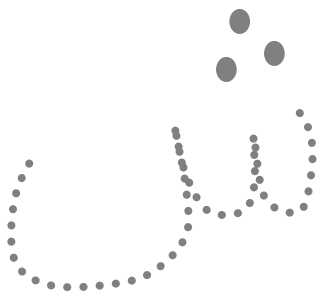
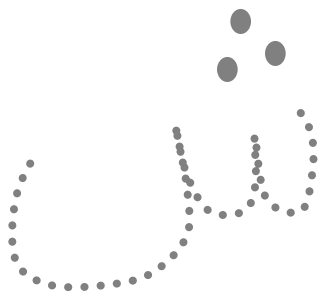
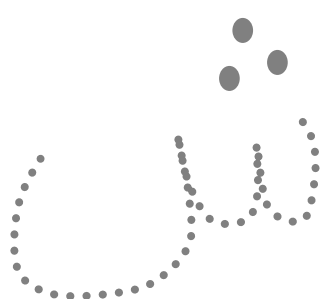
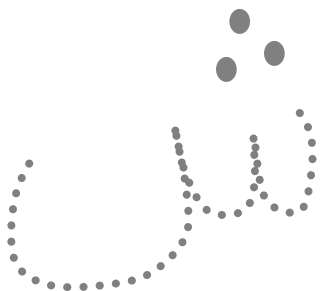
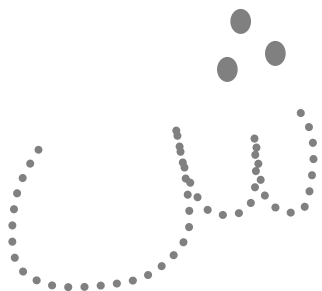
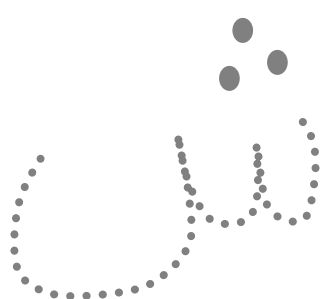
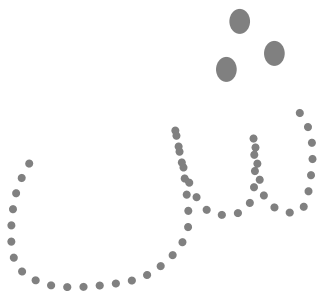
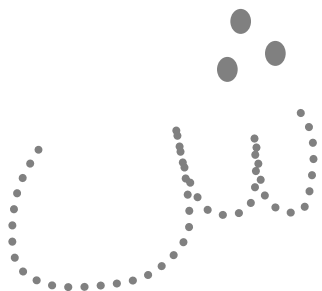
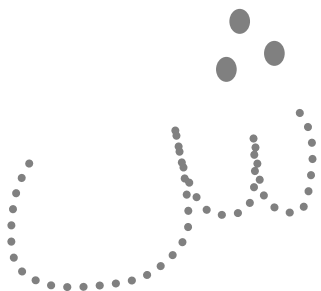
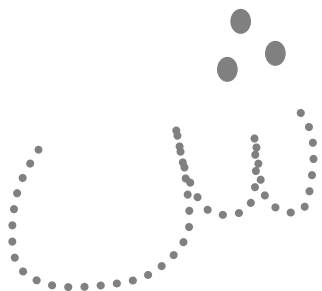
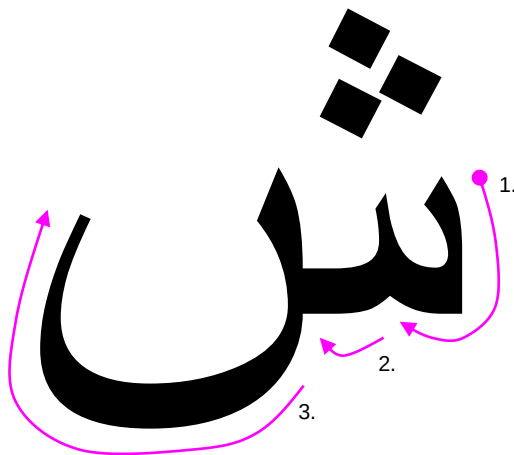
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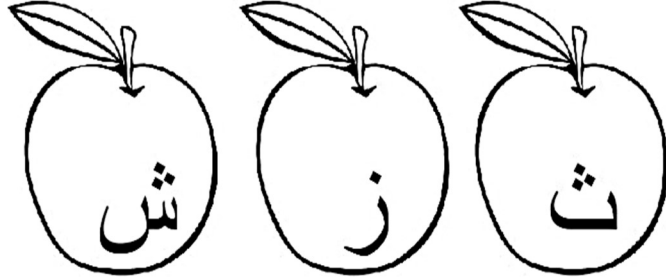
Find similar letters and join



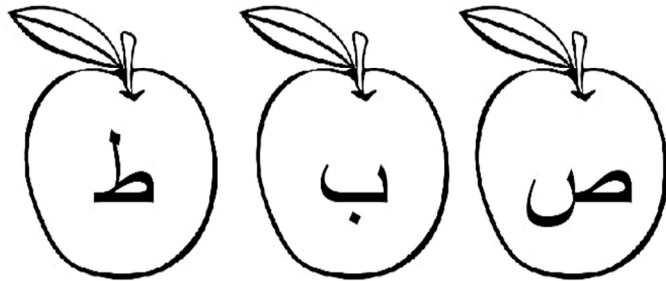
ج	س	ب	ت
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Colour the right letter.

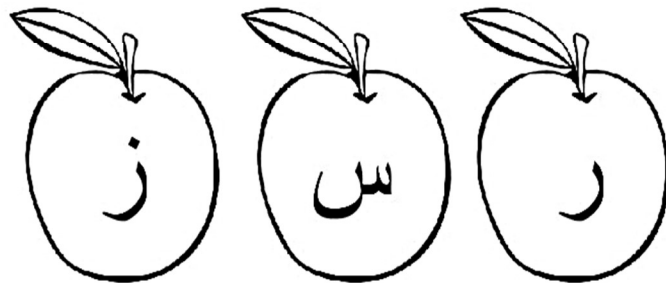
1. shīn



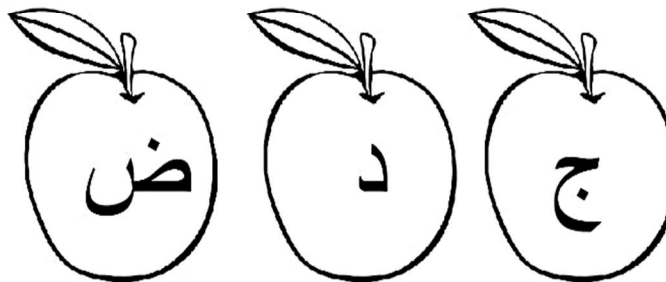
2. ṣād

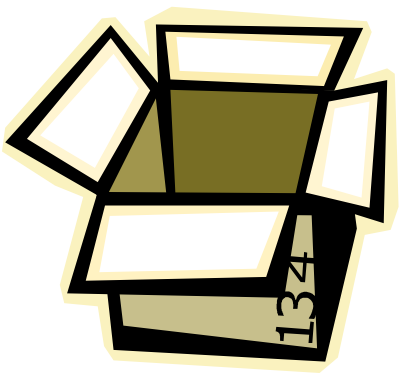


3. sīn

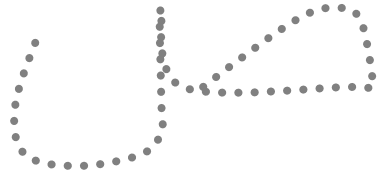
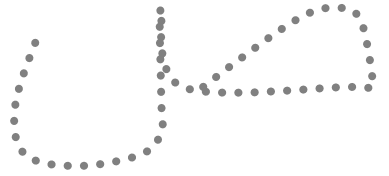
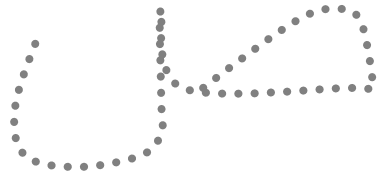
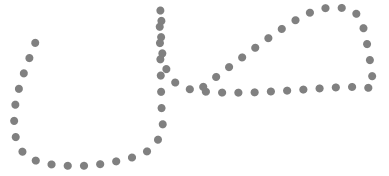
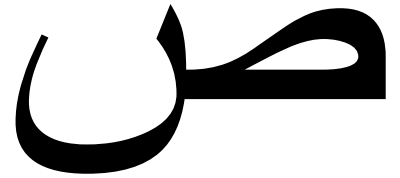
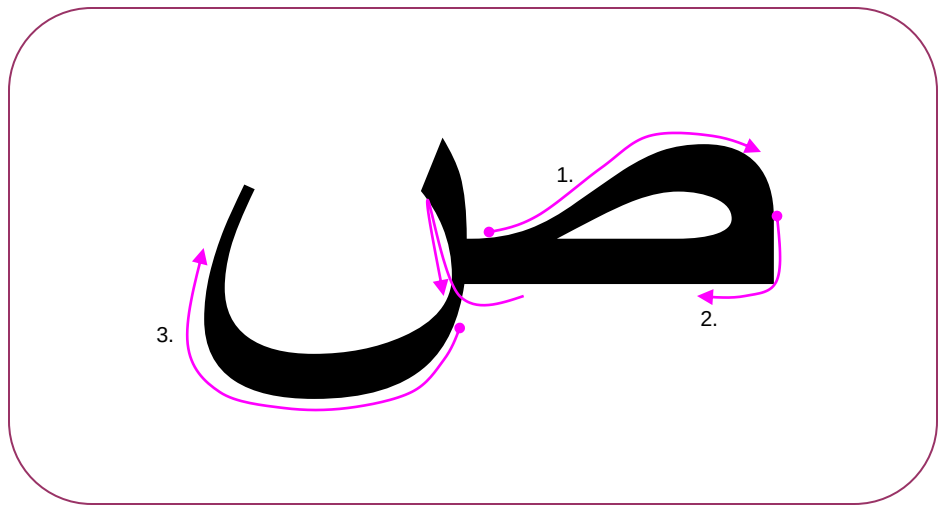


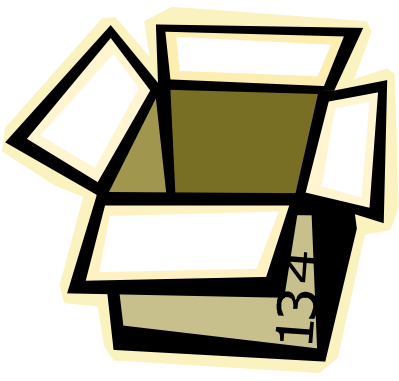
4. dād





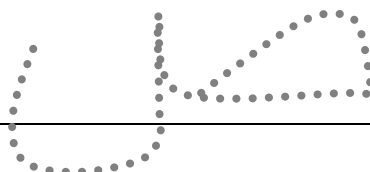
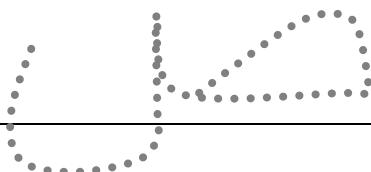
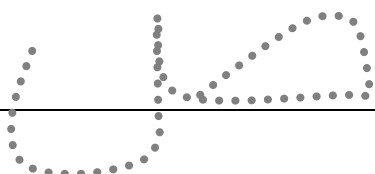
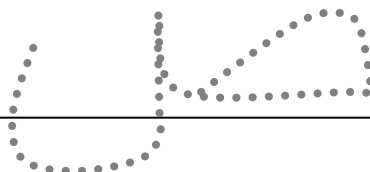
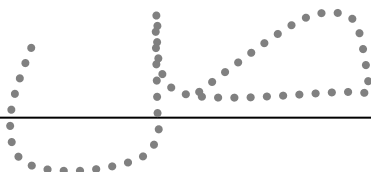
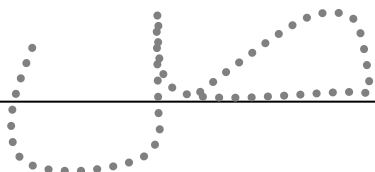
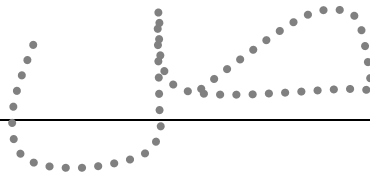
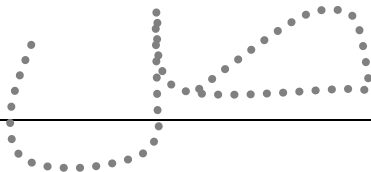
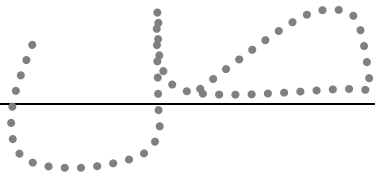
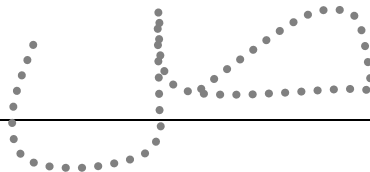
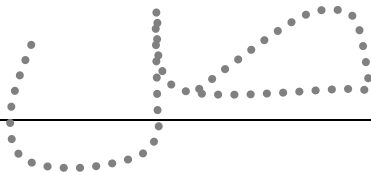
صندوق

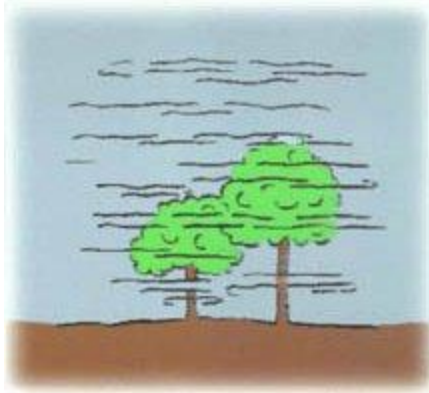




صندوق

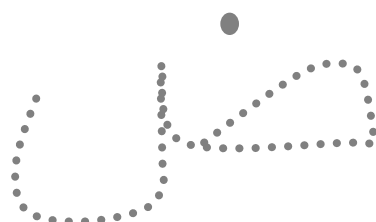
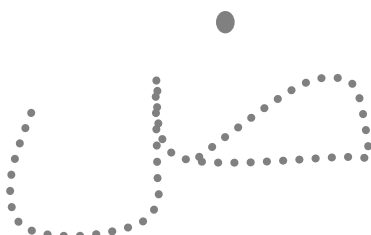
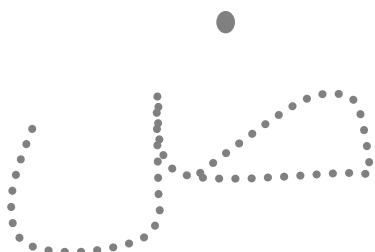
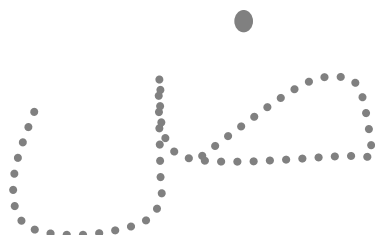
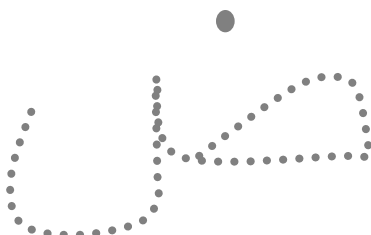
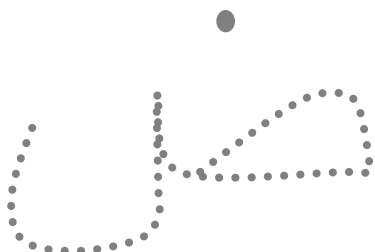
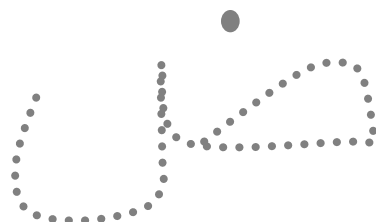
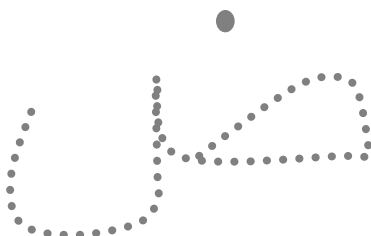
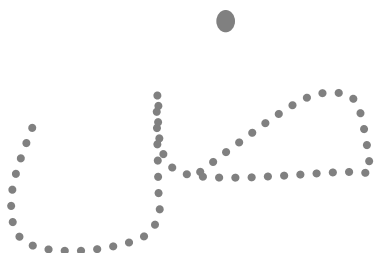
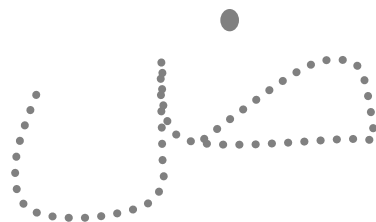
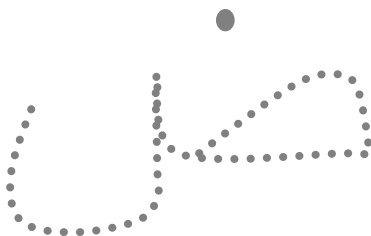
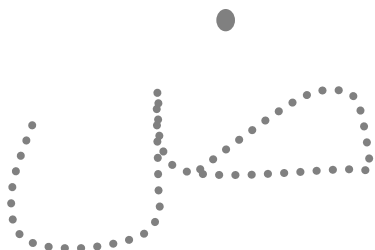
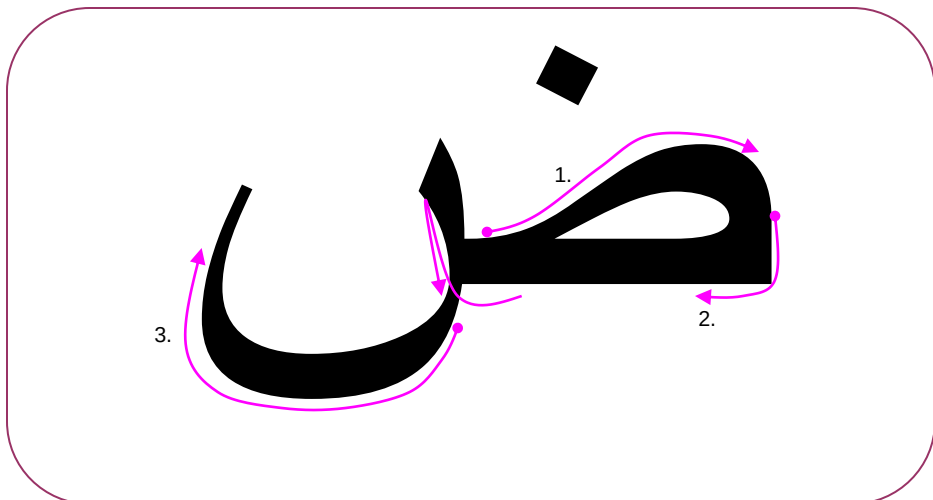
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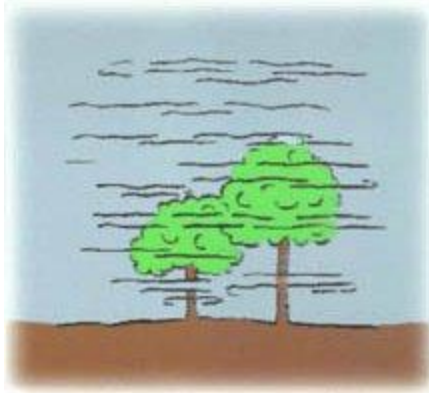




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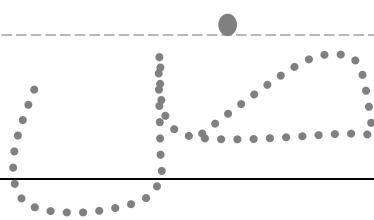
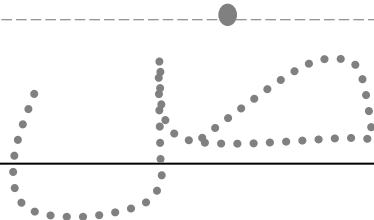
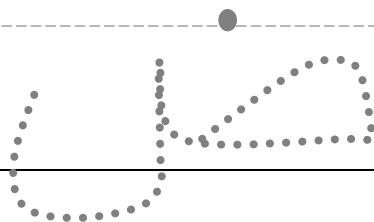
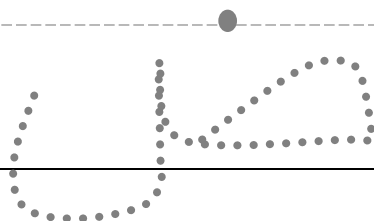




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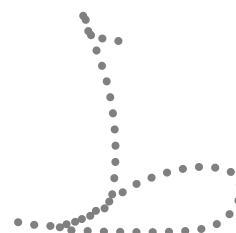
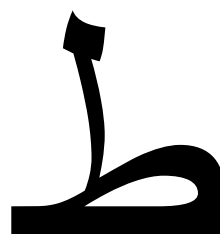
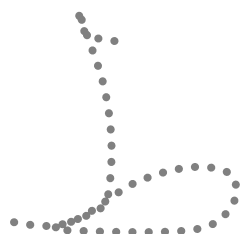
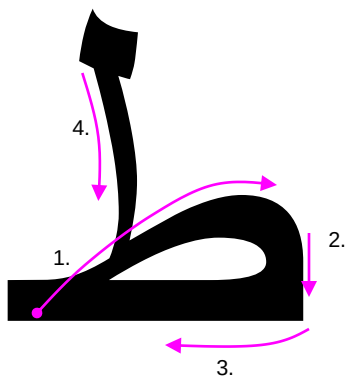
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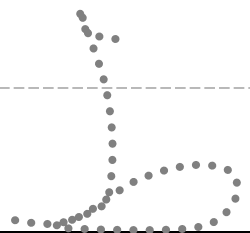
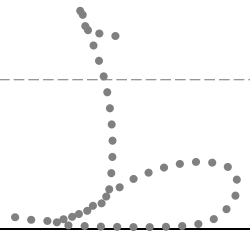
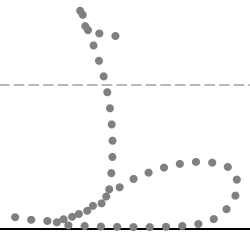
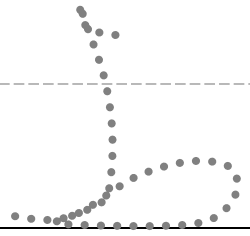
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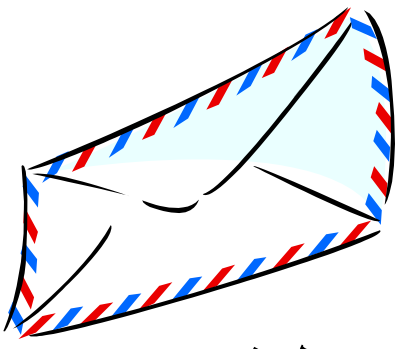




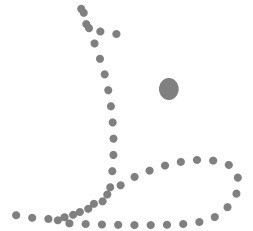
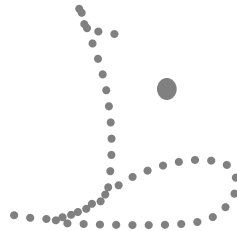
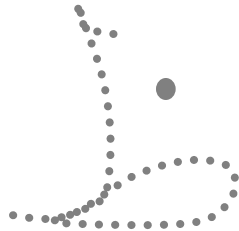
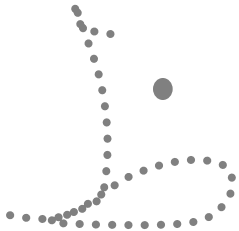
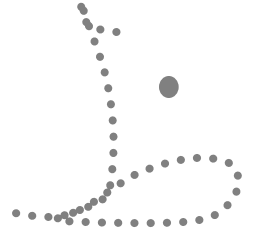
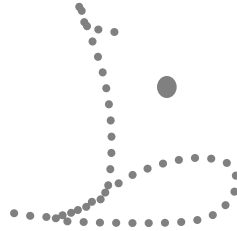
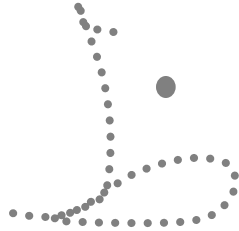
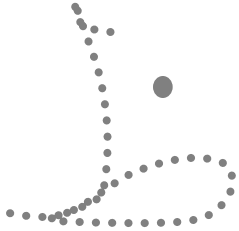
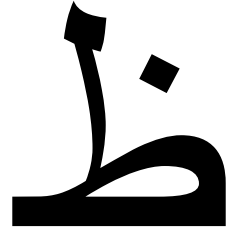
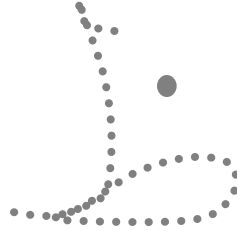
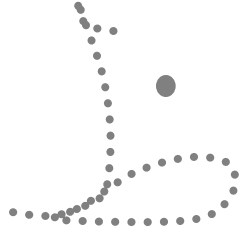
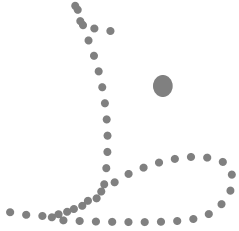
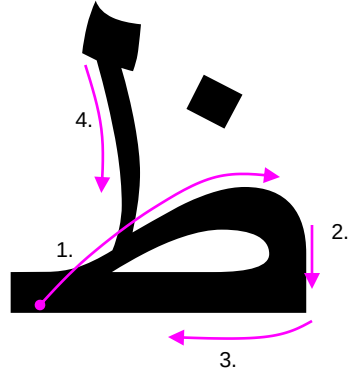
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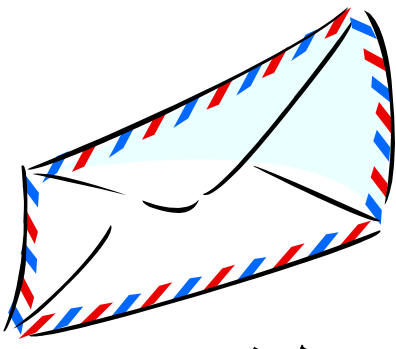
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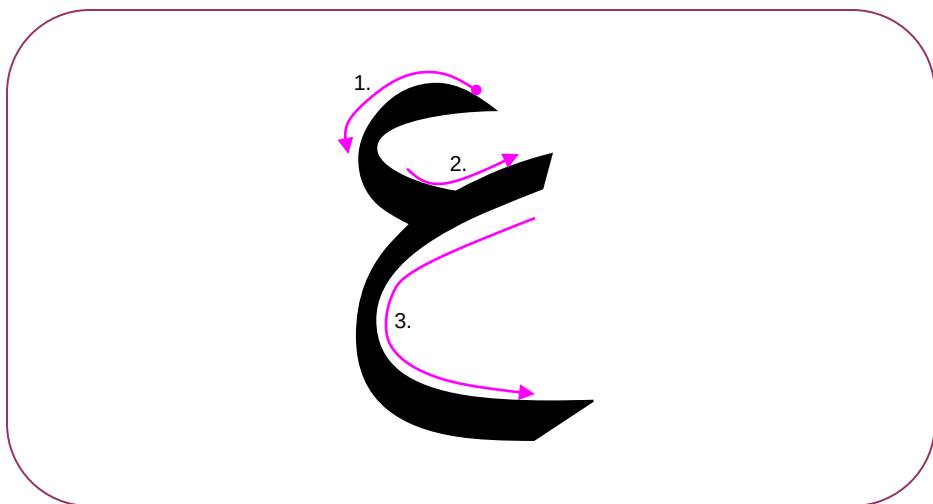
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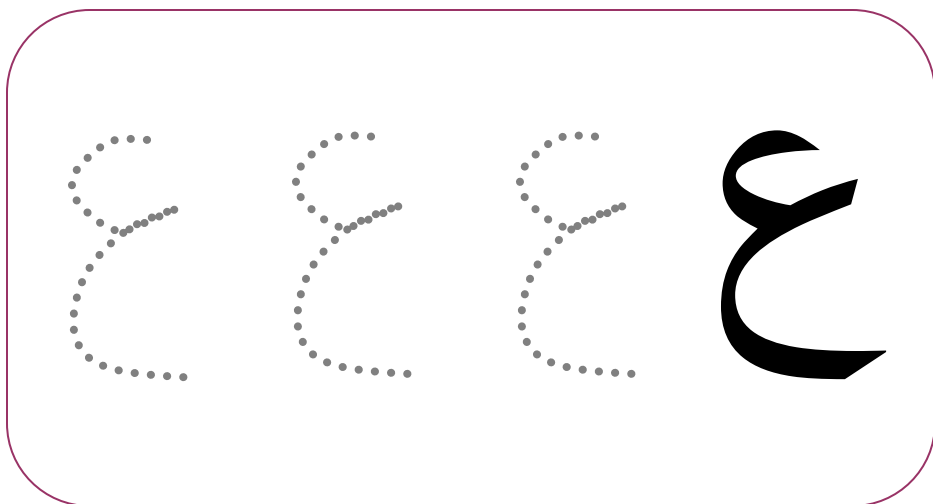
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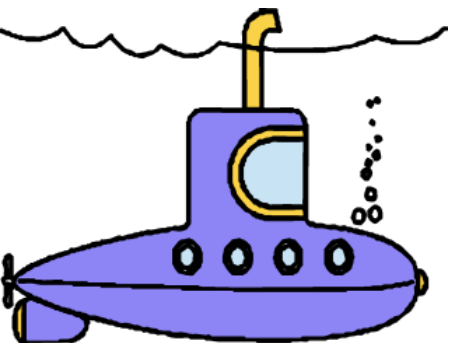




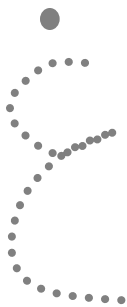
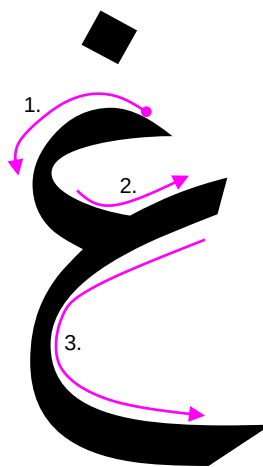
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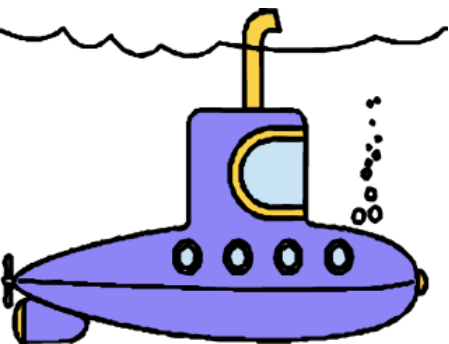
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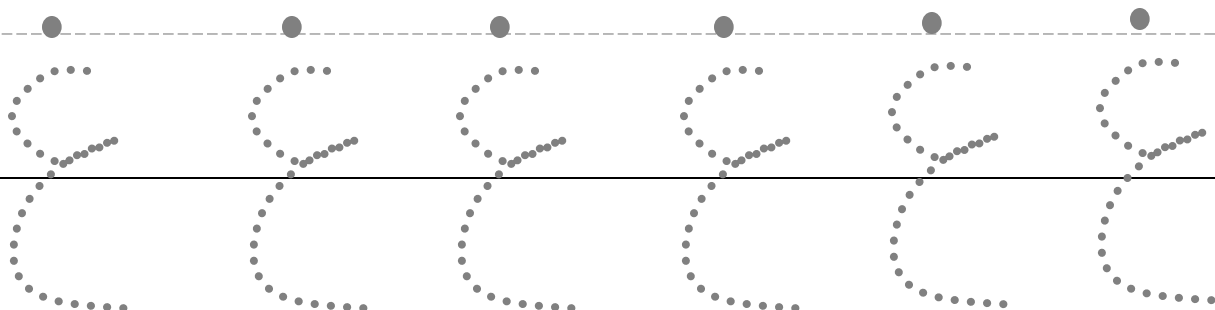
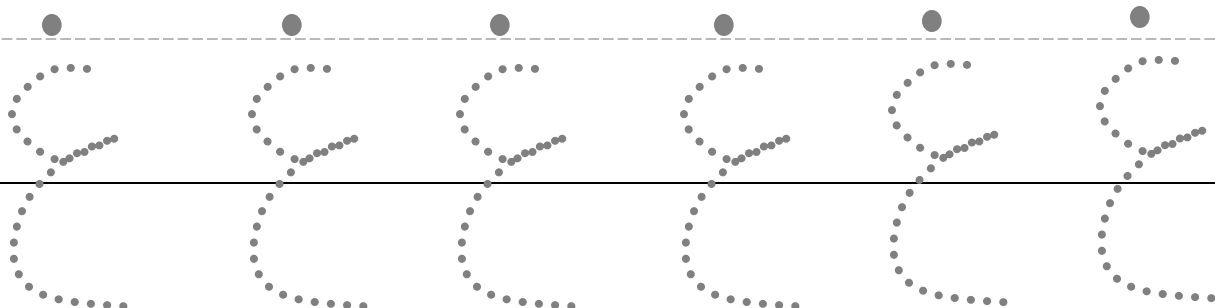
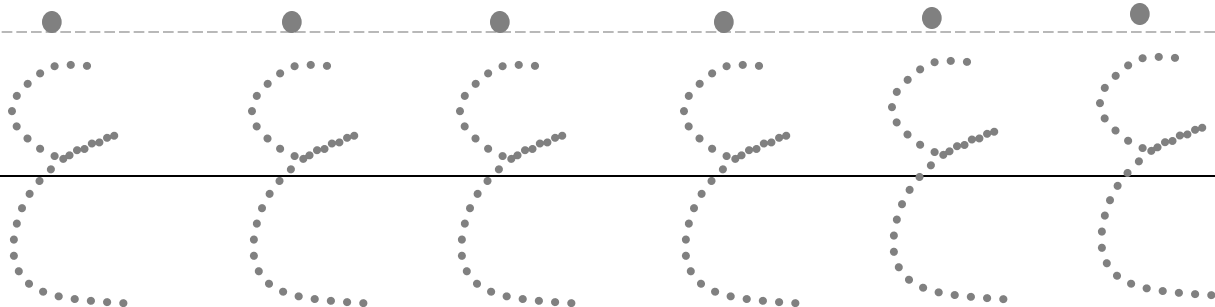
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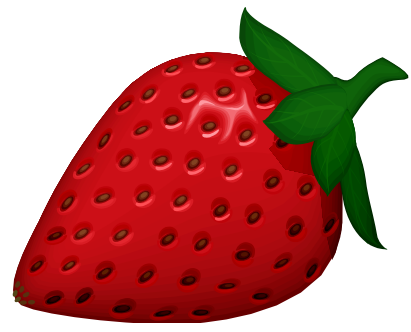
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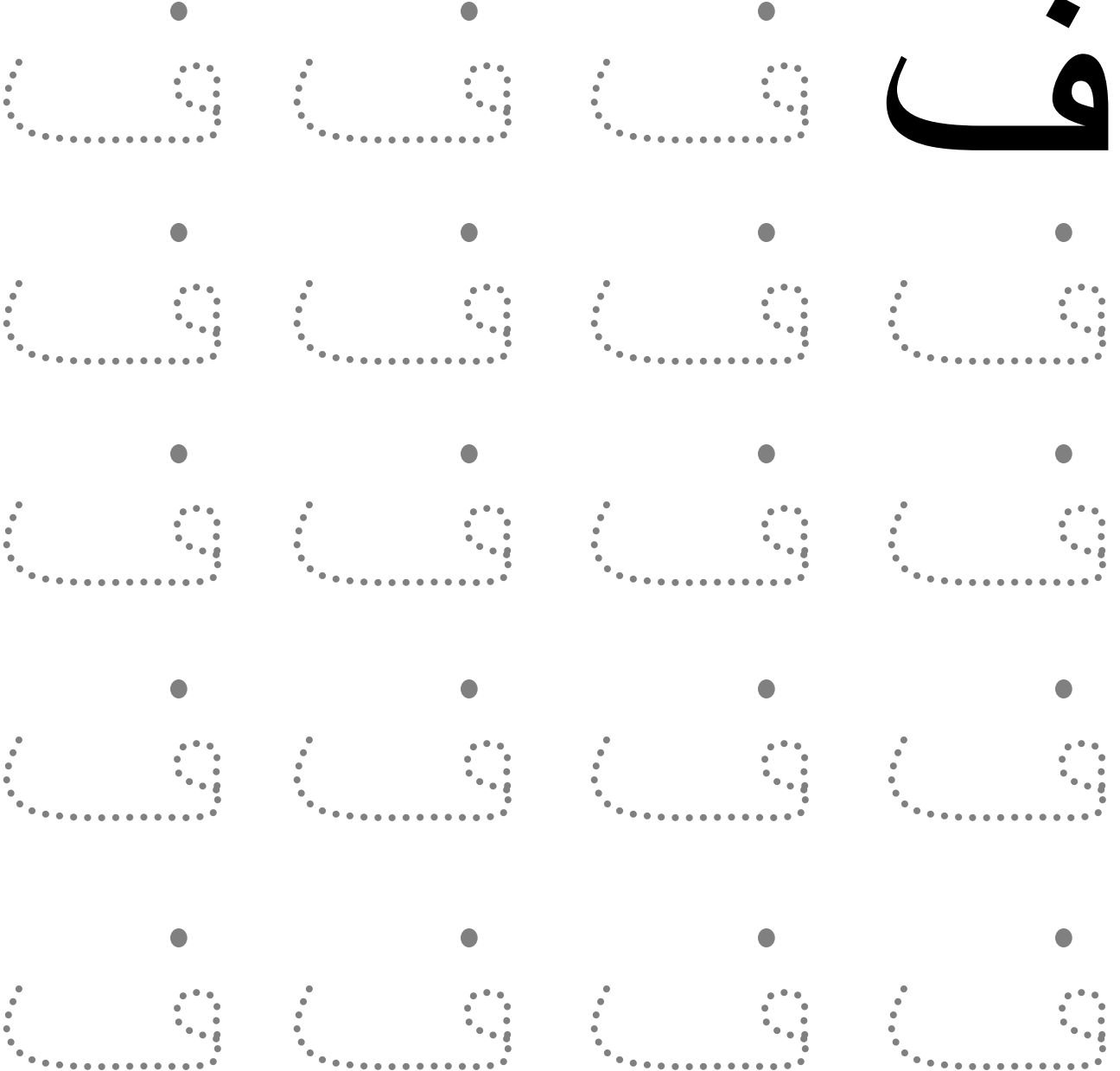
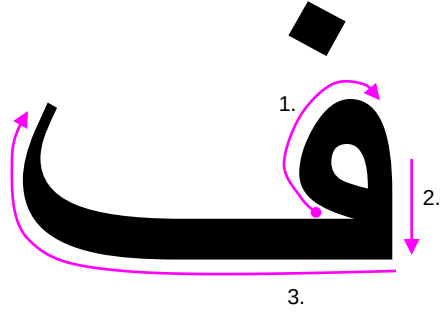
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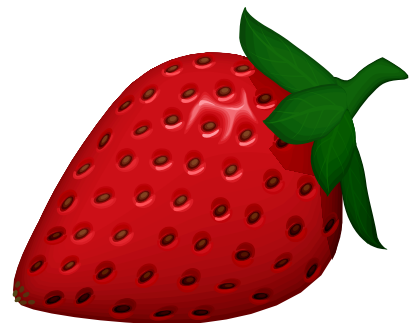
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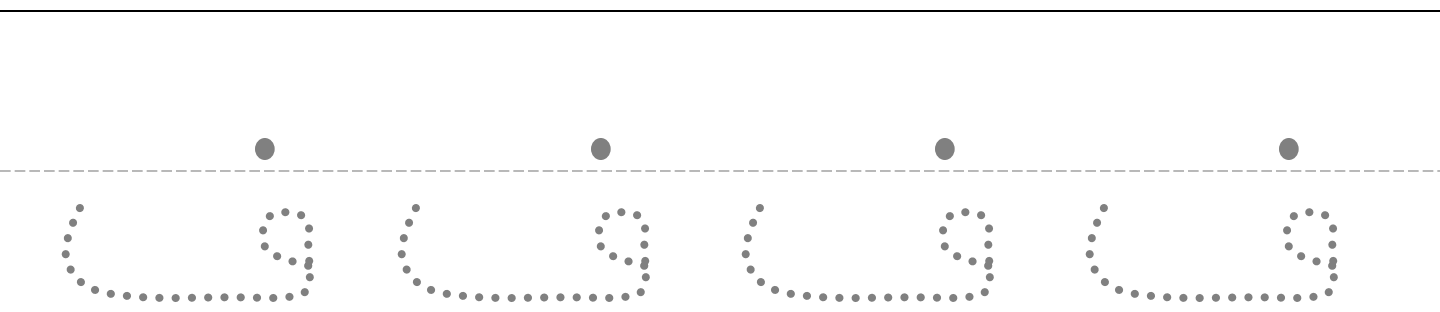
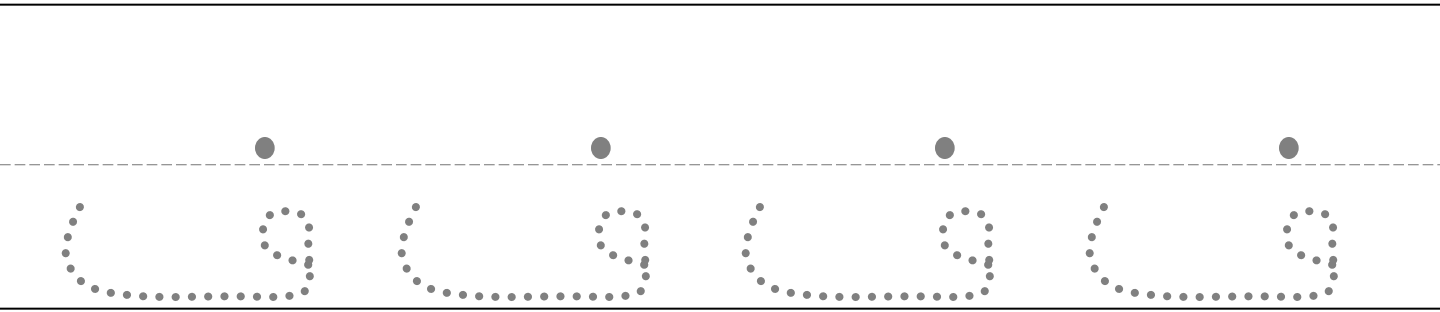
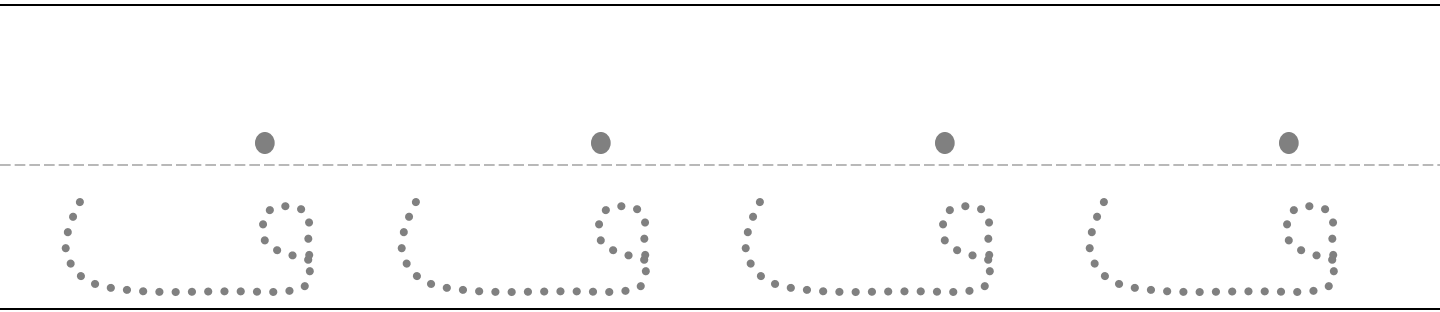
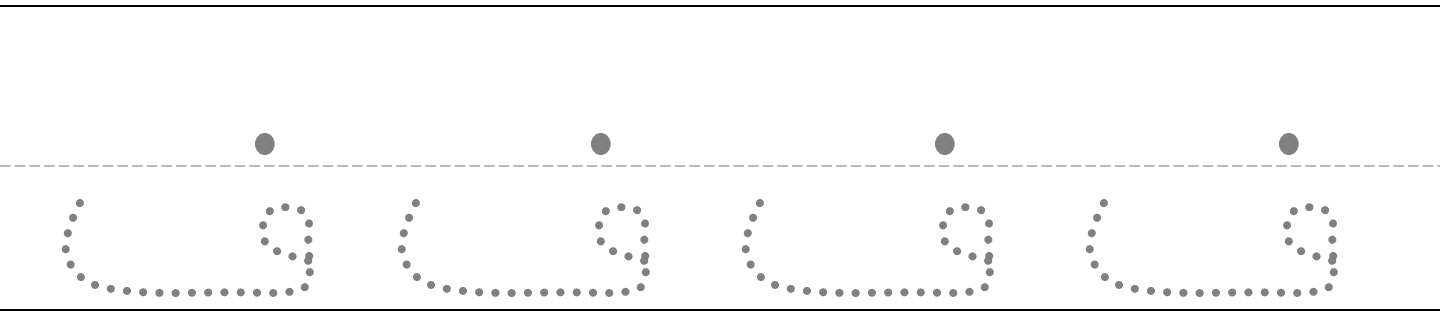
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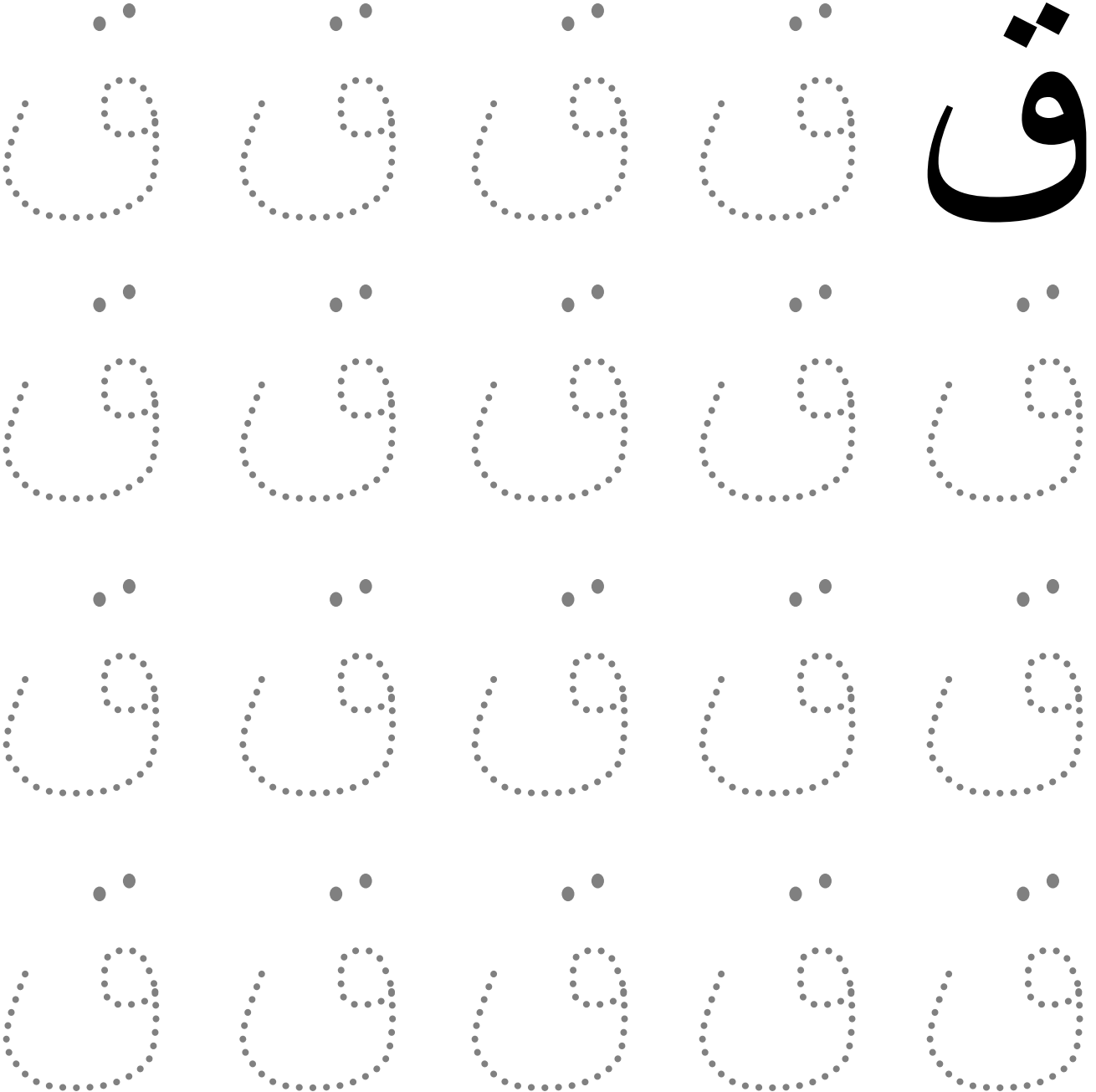
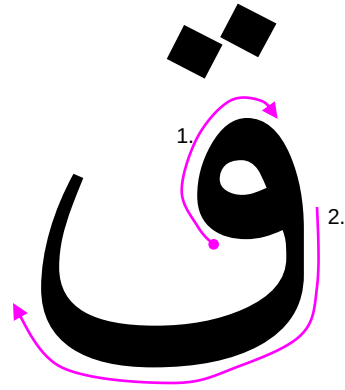




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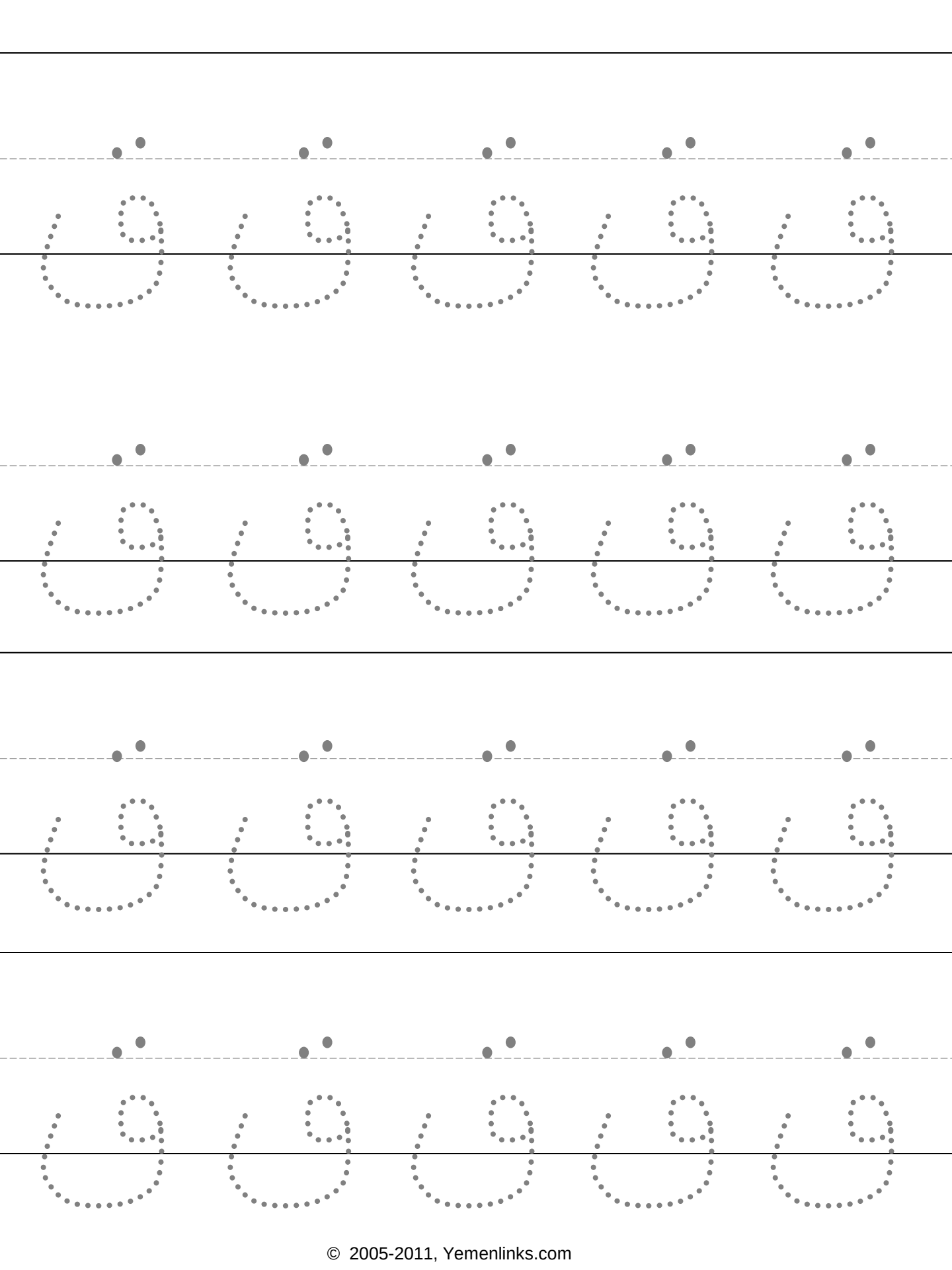
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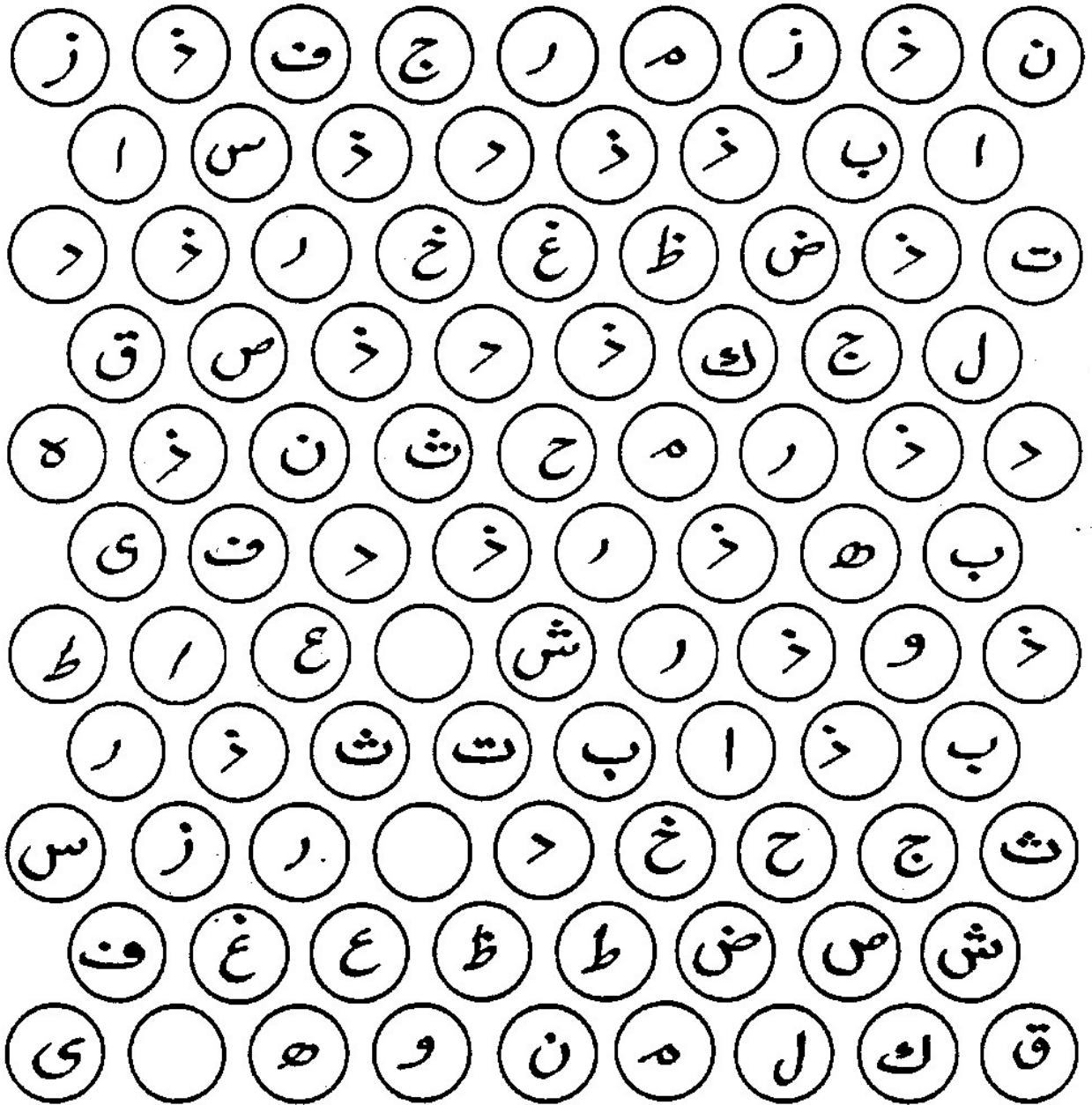
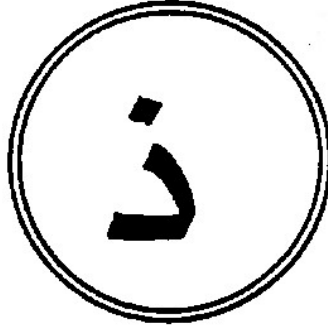




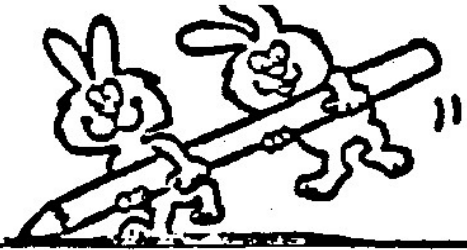
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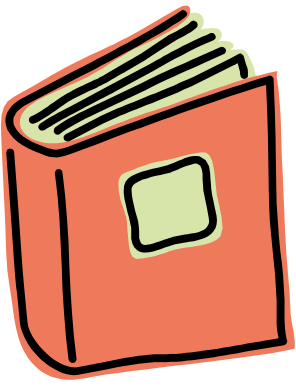
Find and colour letter 'dhaal'



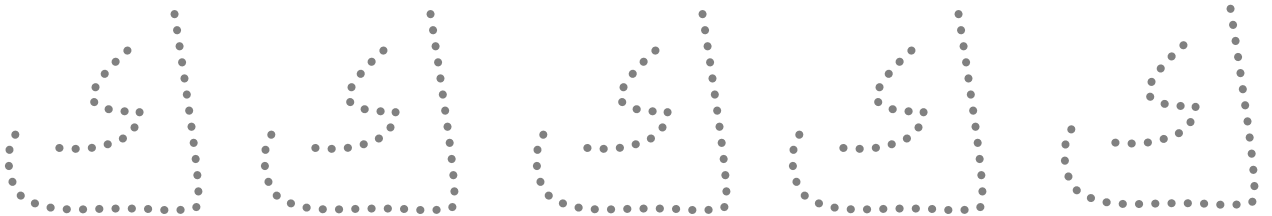
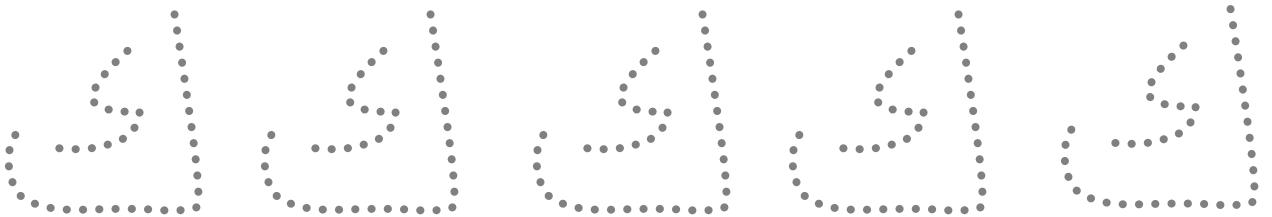
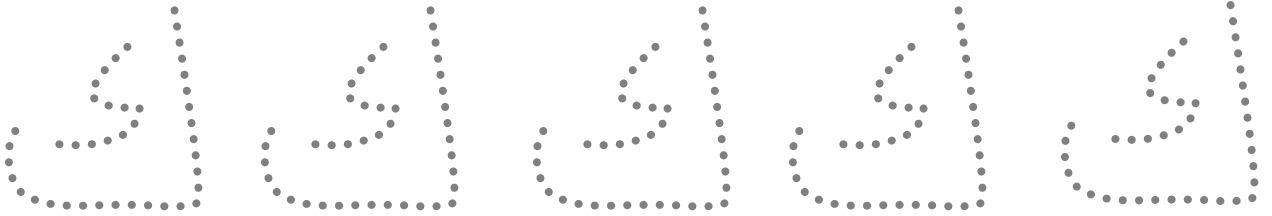
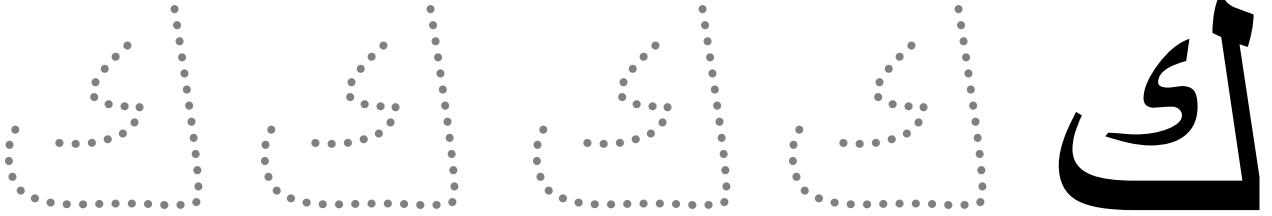
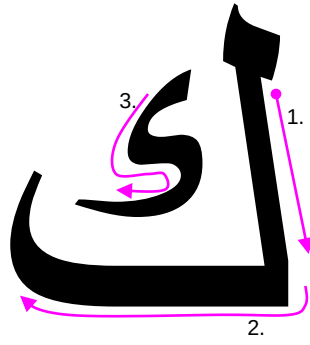
Find Similar letters and Join

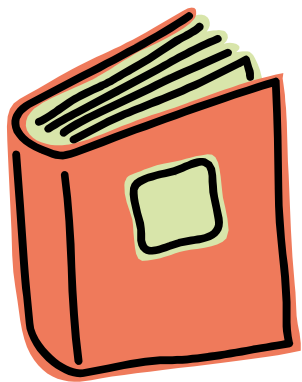


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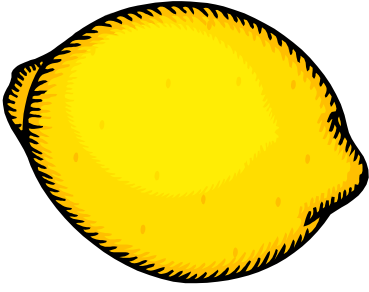
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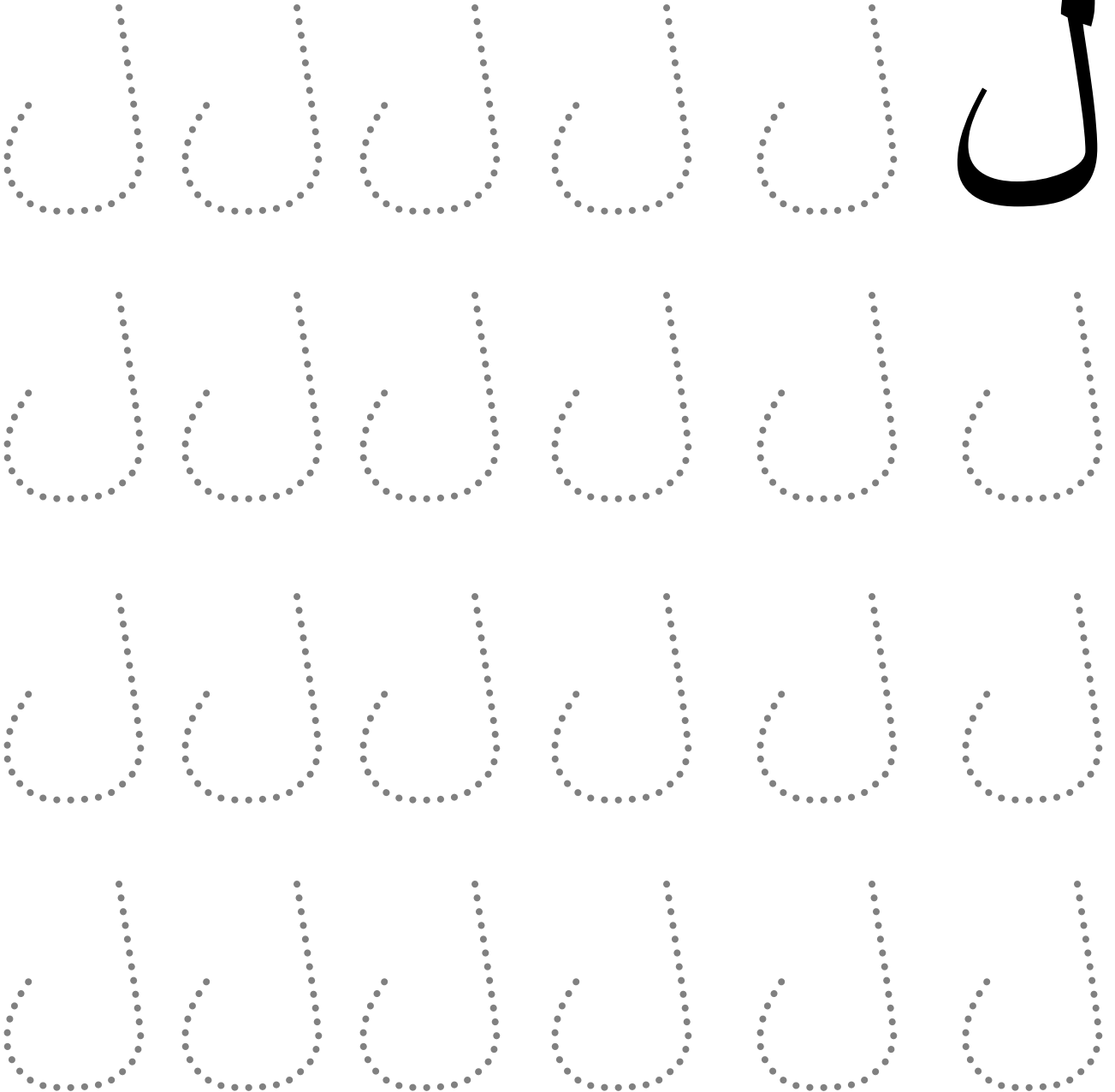
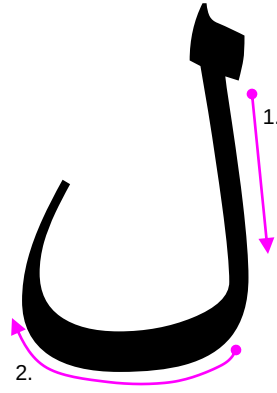
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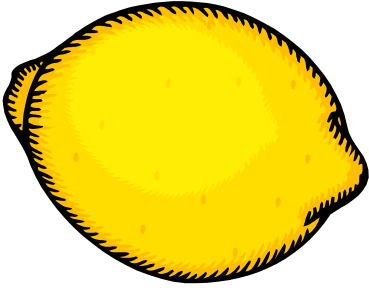
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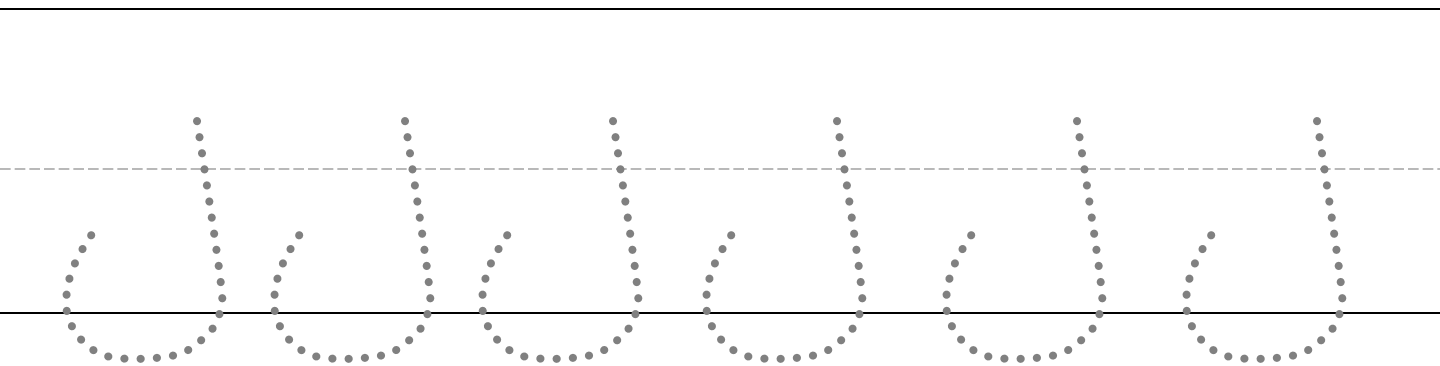
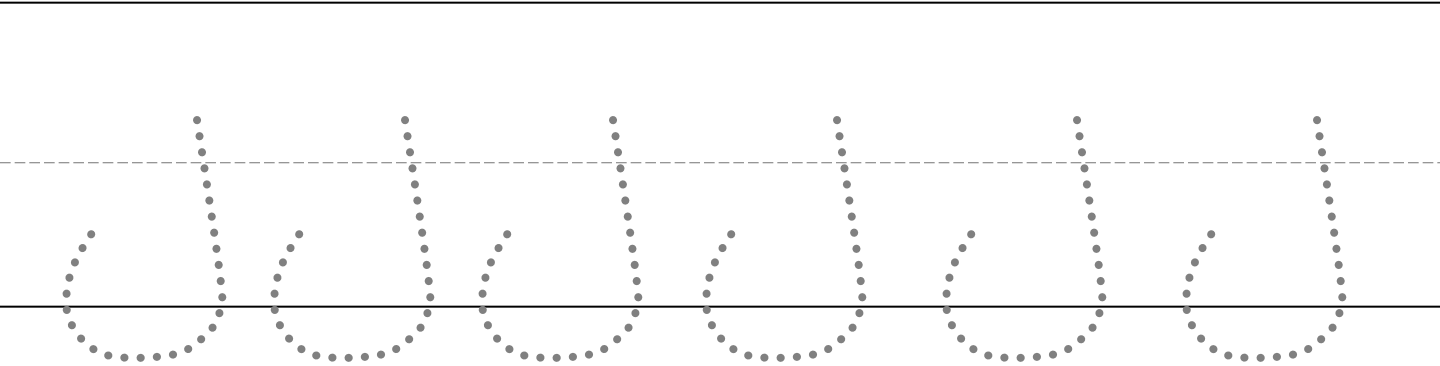
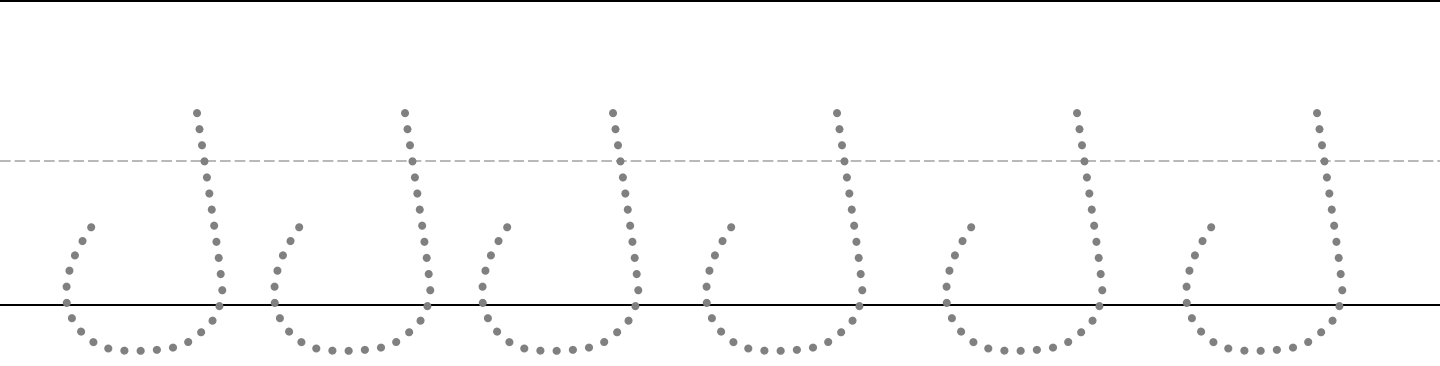
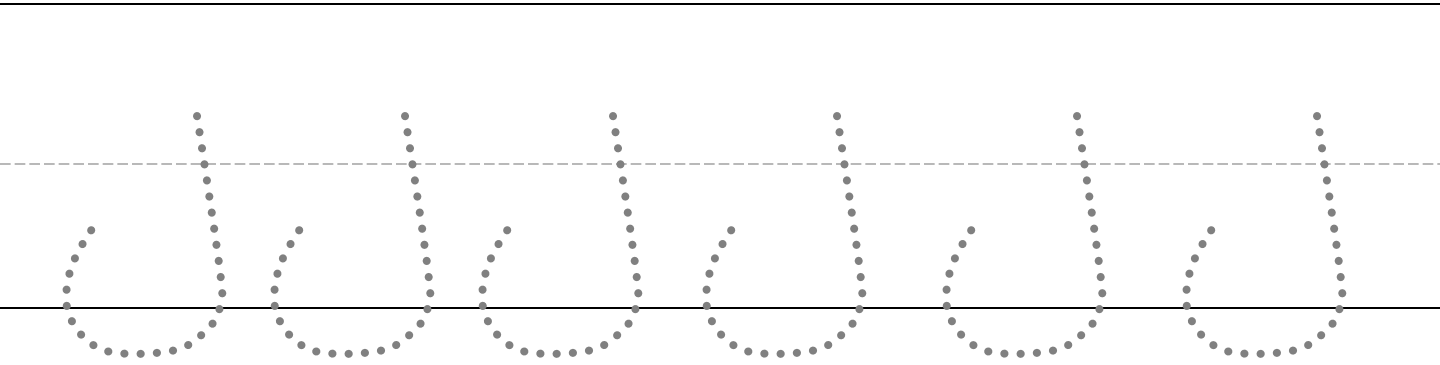
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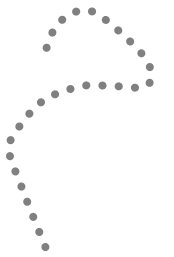
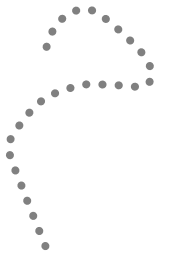
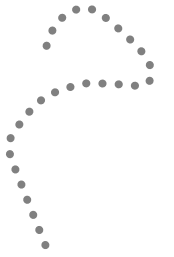
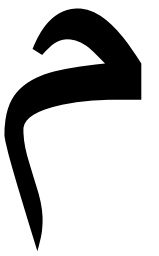
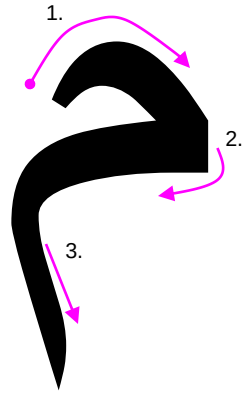
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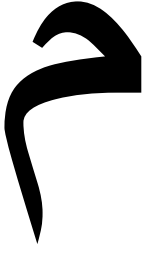


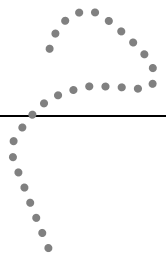
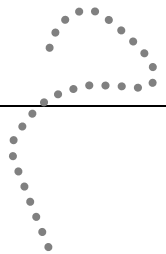
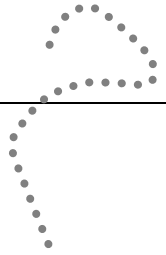


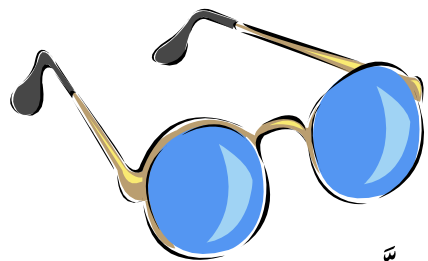


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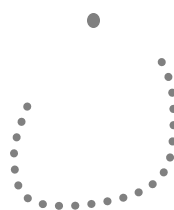
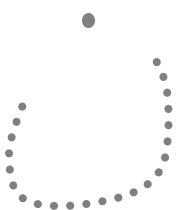
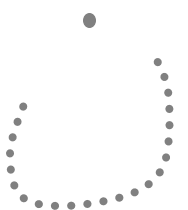
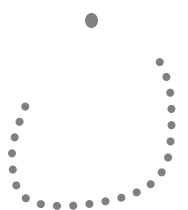
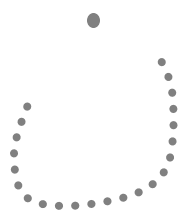
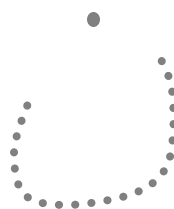
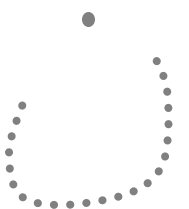
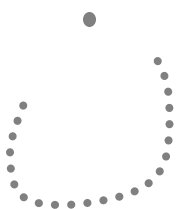
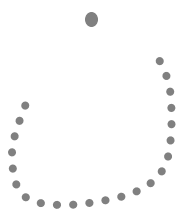
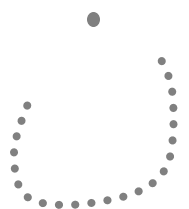
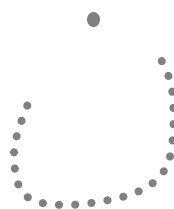
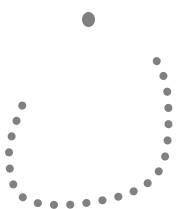
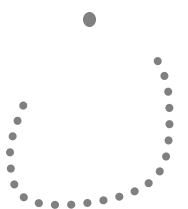
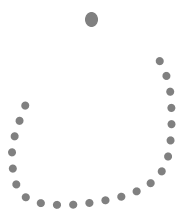
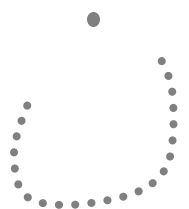
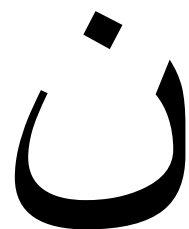
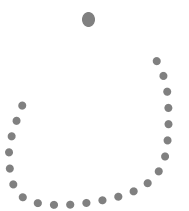
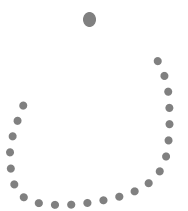
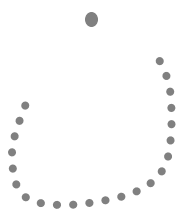
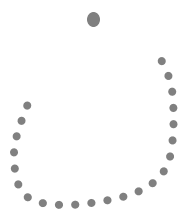
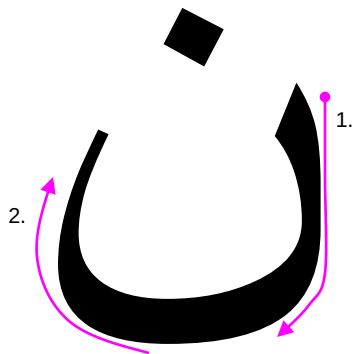






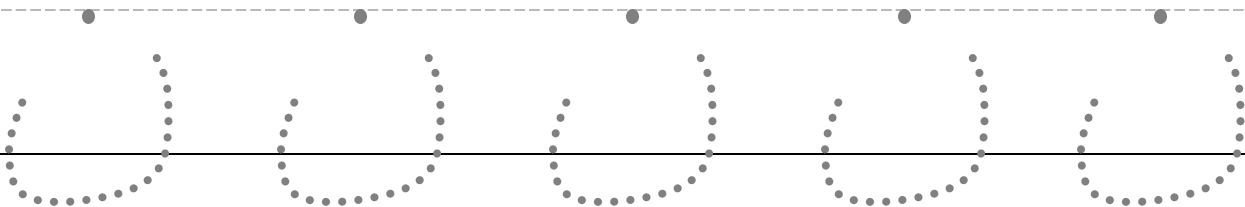
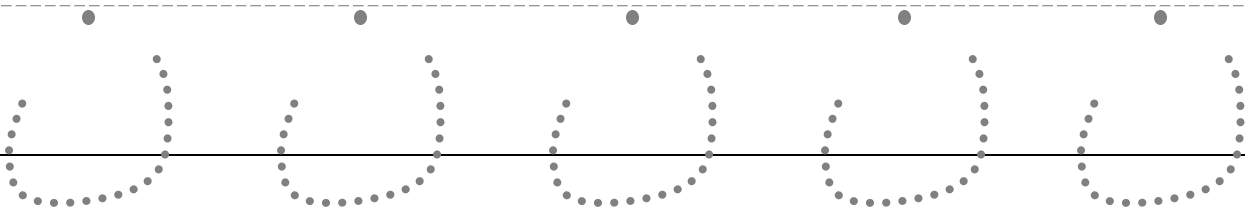
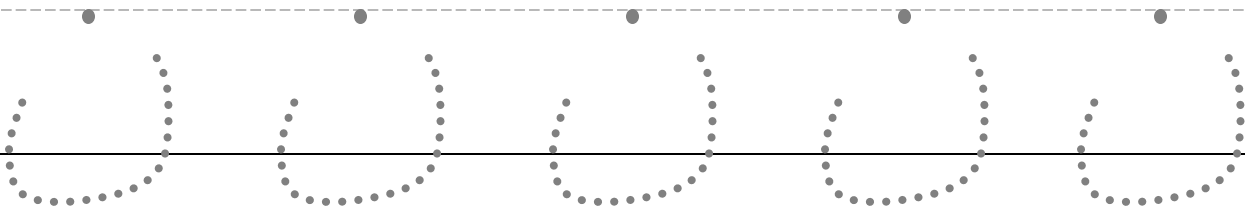
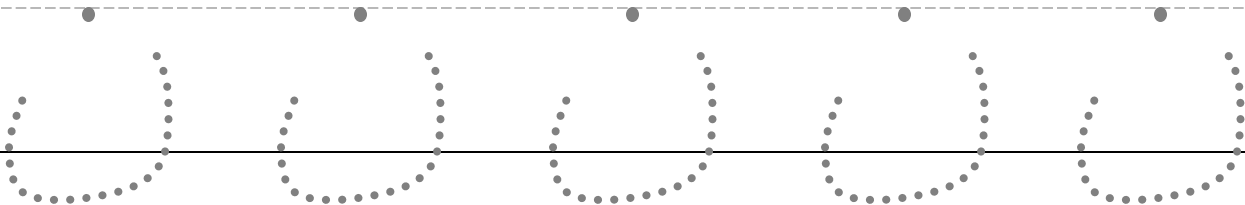


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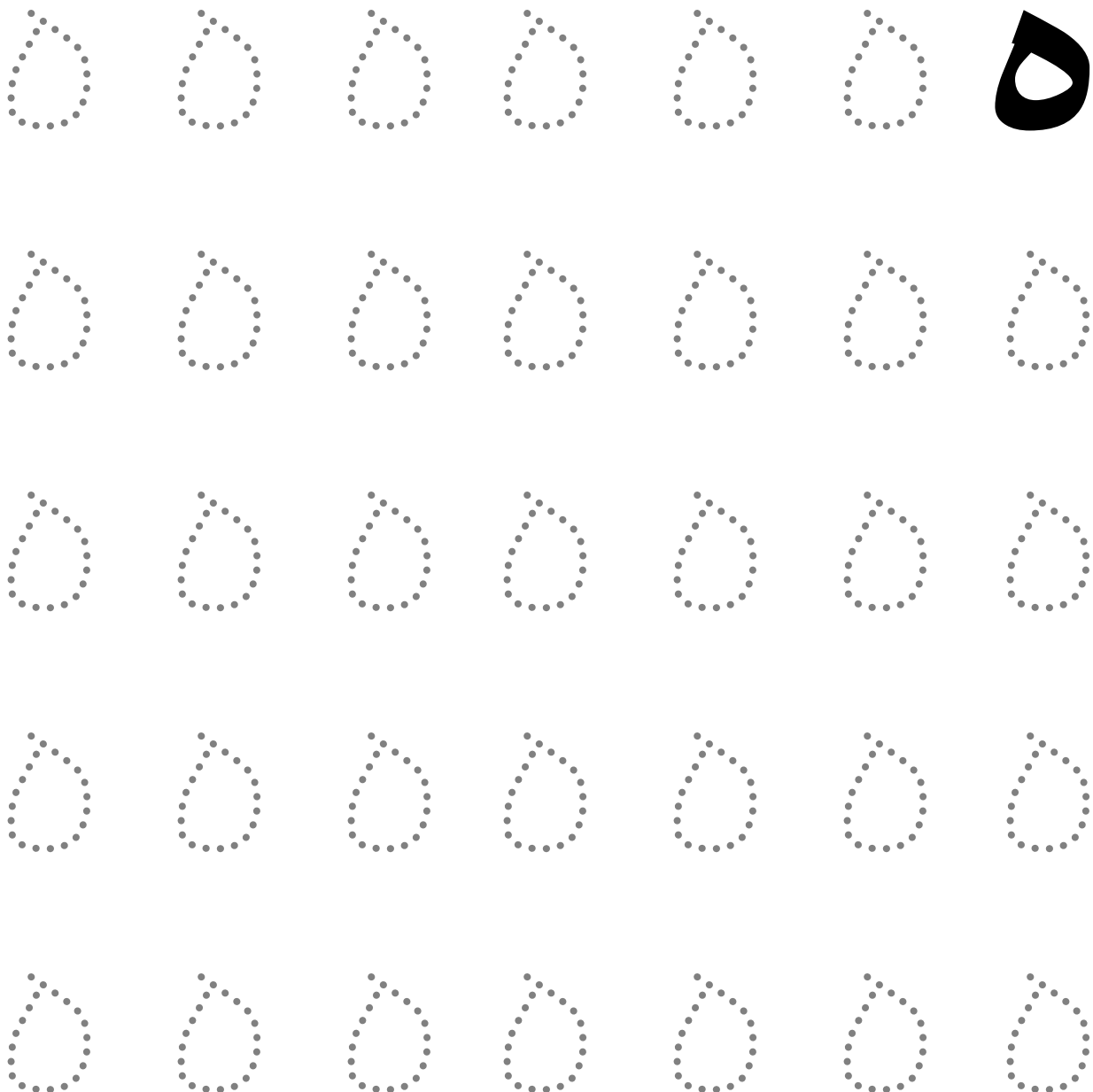
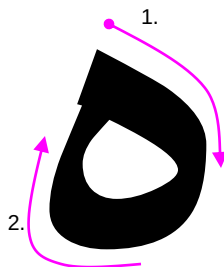


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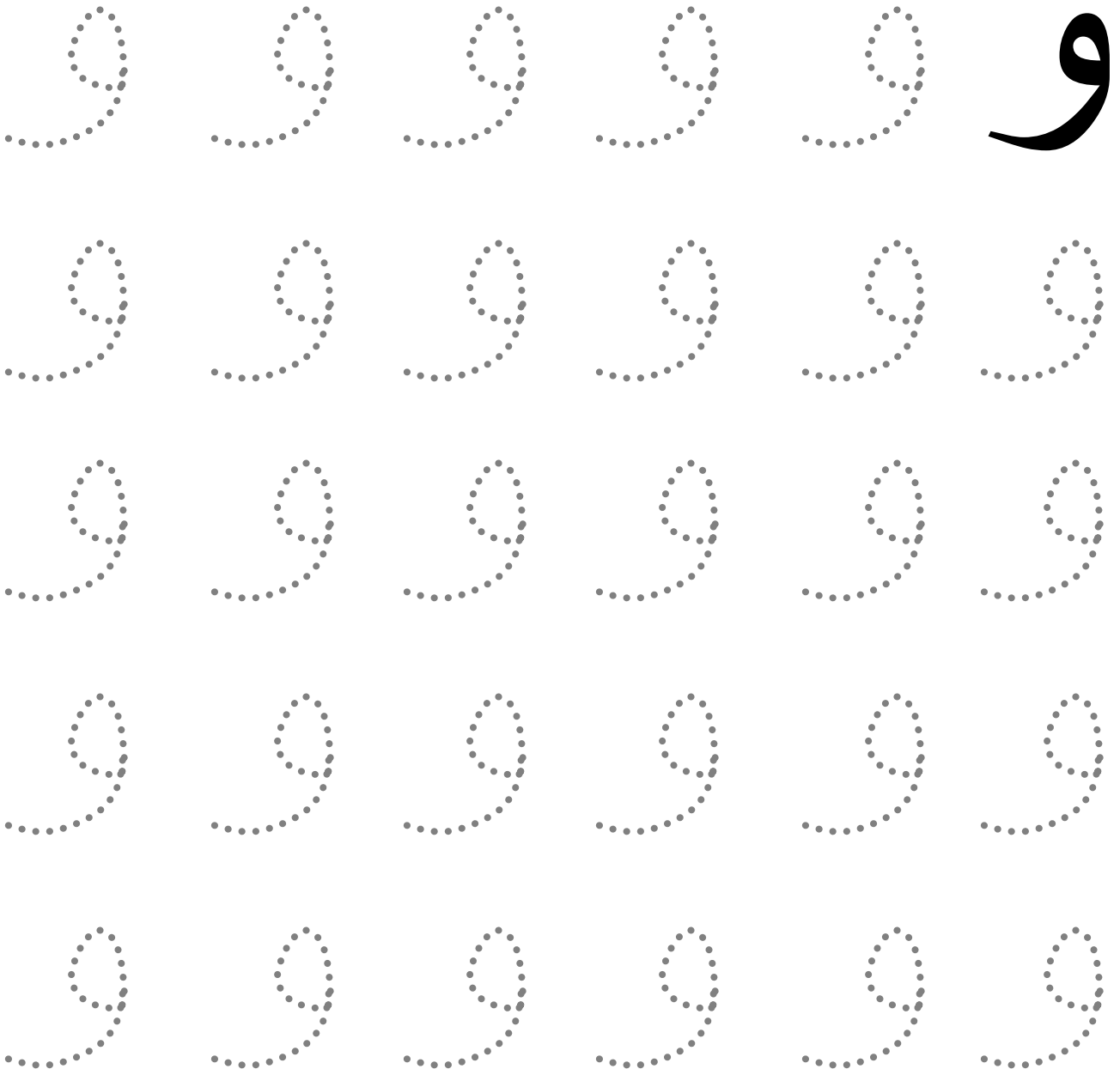
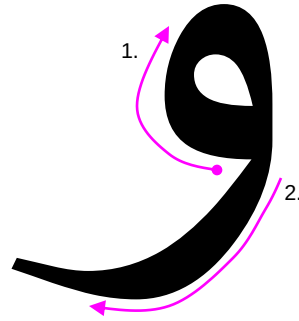




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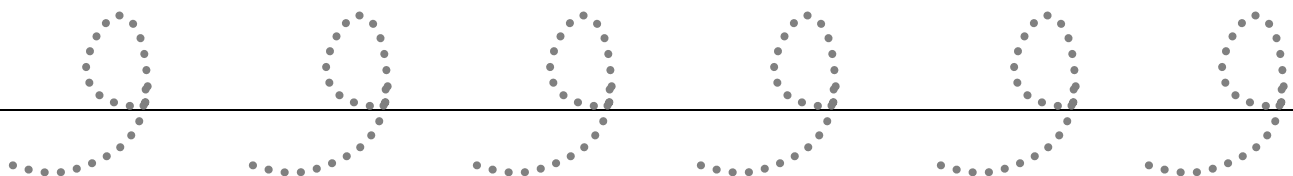
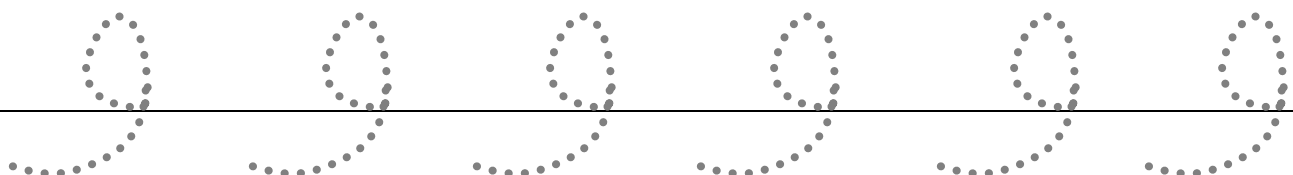
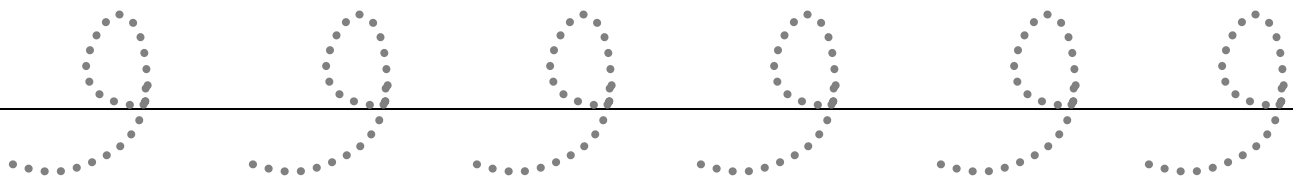


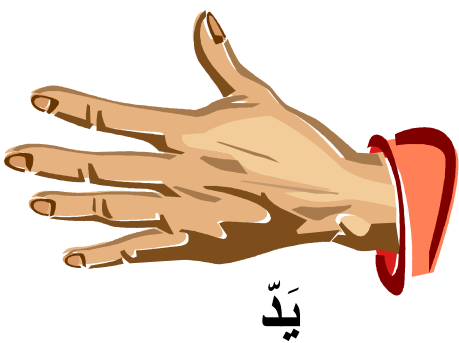




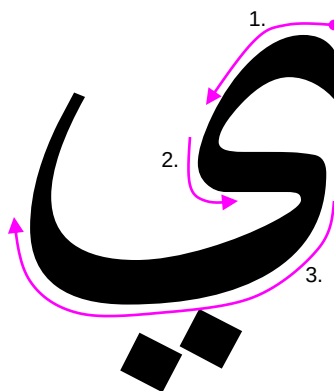
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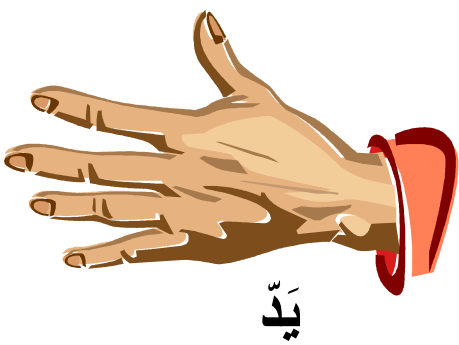
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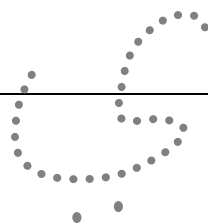
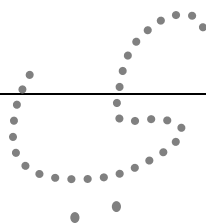
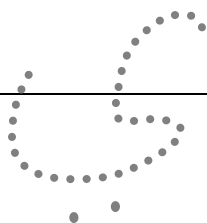
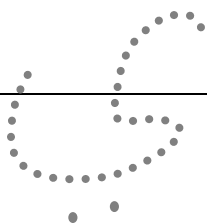
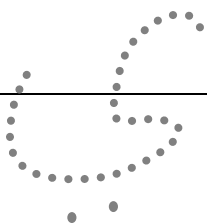
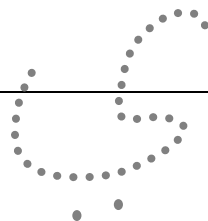
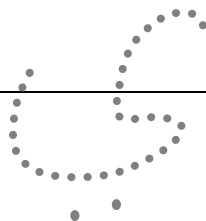
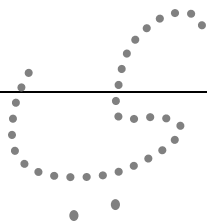
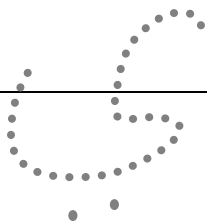
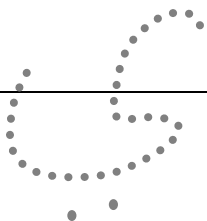
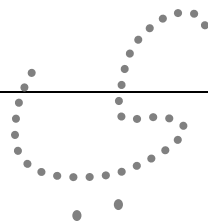
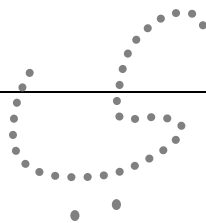
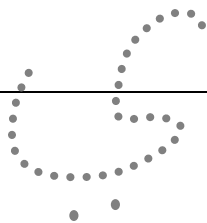
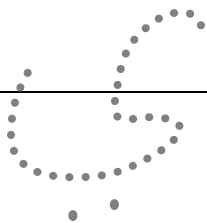
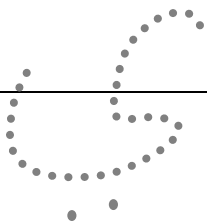
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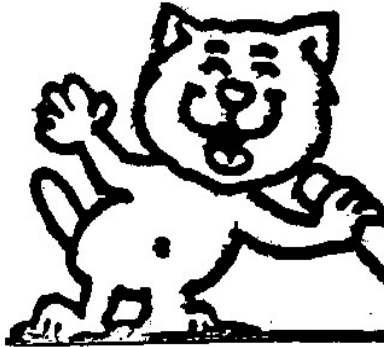
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Look at the First letter on right hand side
Find it in the line and Circle



ج	ا ب ث ج ت ح خ
ت	ج ح ت ب ث ا
ب	ث ت ب ا ج خ ج
ث	ب ث ا ب ت ت
خ	ا ب ا خ ث ت ث ح
ا	خ ج ت ا ب ت ت ب
ح	ج ث ب ح ح ح ج ا

Fill in the missing letters :

	ث	ت		ا
ر	ذ		خ	ح
ض		ش	س	
	غ	ع		ط
	م		ك	ق
	ي	ه	و	

Lesson -19-

Learn Arabic Vowels

“Harakat”

LESSON 3

SHORT VOWELS

There are 3 short vowels, *Fathah*, *Kasrah*, *Dhammah*. These vowels are called "I'rab".

Fathah is indicated by a small diagonal stroke above a harf

تَ

Kasrah is the same diagonal stroke below a harf

فِ

Dhammah is a diagonal stroke above the harf with a Rounded head, like a comma in English.

سُ

Below are huroof bearing the 3 short vowels. These huroof should be read with a small opening of the mouth:

لَ سَ زَ تَ بَ

فِ دِ ظِ ثِ كِ ذِ

جُ وُ حُ مُ سُ قُ

READING PRACTICE - FATHAH

نَ غَ جَ ذَ تَ دَ

كَ لَ وَ قَ شَ

رَ بَ صَ ضَ

طَ يَ زَ فَ سَ

حَ ثَ فَ كَ قَ

READING PRACTICE - KASRAH

كِ سِ رِ دِ يِ

زِ نِ خِ ذِ وِ اِ

حِ بِ هِ ثِ ثِ

مِ عِ رِ سِ ضِ

ظِ عِ غِ طِ قِ

READING PRACTICE - DHAMMAH

دُ بُ سُ ثُ هُ

حُ نُ يُ شُ رُ

جُ وُ ظُ كُ صُ

حُ سُ شُ ثُ يُ

مُ فُ قُ هُ كُ دُ

THREE VOWEL HUROOF

Following huroof have the different vowel signs for reading practice and recognition of alphabets and the three vowels:

ذِ دُ جُ حُ خُ هُ عُ

غُ فُ قُ ثِ صُ ضُ

طِ كُ مَ نُ تِ اِ لُ

بِ يِ سِ شِ ظِ زِ وِ

رِ ءِ فِ بُ تِ زِ دِ

ذِ طِ عِ جُ كُ يِ لِ

READING EXERCISE

Given below are words bearing *Fathah*. Each word should be read two times or more.

سَلَّمَ ضَرَبَ فَاعَلَ

تَرَكَ حَمَلَ ثَمَنَ

قَطَطَ جَرَبَ فَالَقَ

وَدَعَ غَشَا خَضَنَ

طَلَبَ ثَخَرَ حَظَرَ

نَزَلَ ذَرَأَ صَفَرَ

Given below are words bearing *Kasrah*. Each word should be read two times or more.

خَبَلٍ سِرْفٍ قِذْمٍ

عَتَشٍ اِبِلٍ صِرِنٍ

جَمَزٍ هَقِدٍ غَلِبٍ

طِرْفٍ ظِمْلٍ فِعْلٍ

شَتِنٍ لِكِدٍ جِهَتٍ

خَشِيٍّ ظِقْلٍ بَتَتٍ

Given below are words bearing *Dhammah*. Each word should be read two times or more.

قُبْلُ شُخْذُ أُمُرُ

وُتْهُ ذُكْرُ غُمْلُ

وُدْعُ ثُفْرُ طُبْخُ

ضُمْحُ جُرْفُ سُنْتُنُ

صُبْلُ ظُجْرُ وُقْدُ

غُسْلُ سُلُقُ لُسْمُ

