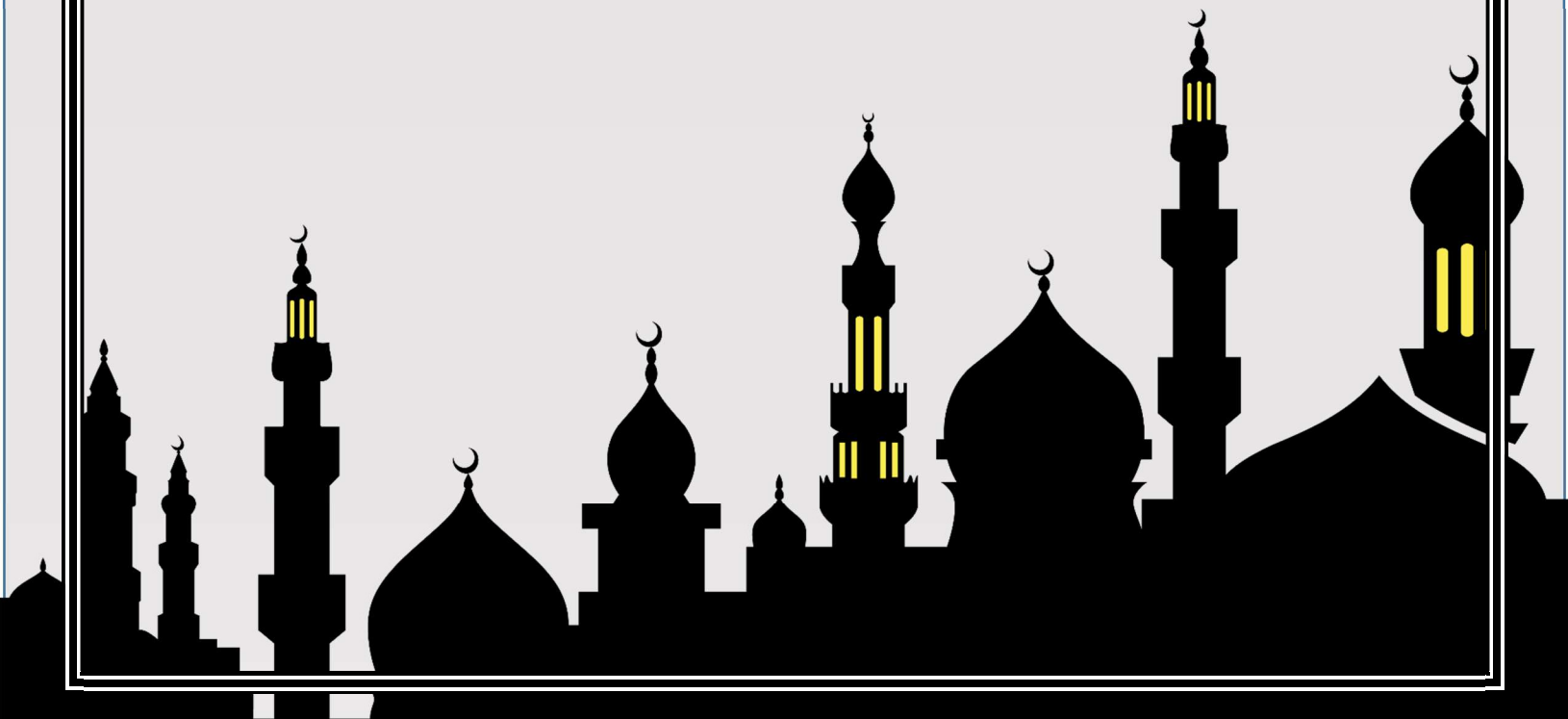


Quran
Level - 2



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



Full Name: _____

Students Contact No: _____

Teacher: _____

Teachers Contact no: _____



HOMEWORK

DATE	HOME WORK	PARENTS INITIALS

QURAN LEVEL 2 TEACHING SCHEDULE

FIRST TERM SCHEDULE		
DATE	CH#	LESSON
	-1-	Lesson 1 Respect of Quran Dua Imam e Zamana (Memorize) Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-2-	Lesson 2 Saying Bismillah Dua Imam e Zamana (Memorize) Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-3-	Lesson 3 Merits of Surah Fateha
	-4-	Lesson 4_ MEMORIZE SURAH AL FATIHA
	-5-	Lesson 5 WUDHU Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-20-	LETTERS “ ALIF” till “ THAAL” Included in the Exam
		1 ST TERM EXAM
SECOND TERM SCHEDULE		
DATE	CH#	LESSON
	-6-	Lesson 6 Merits of Surah An Naas
	-7-	Lesson 7 Memorize Surah An Naas Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-8-	Lesson 8 -ADHAN Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-9-	Lesson 9 Surah Al-Qadar Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-10-	Lesson 10 -IQAAMA
	-11-	Lesson 11 DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AZAN & IQAMAH Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-12-	Lesson 12 -TIMES OF SALAT Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-20-	LETTERS “ RAA” till “ AYN” Included in the Exam
		2 nd Term Exam
THIRD TERM SCHEDULE		
Date	CH#	LESSON
	-13-	Lesson 13 SALAH & NUMBER OF RAKKATS Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-14-	Lesson 14 METHOD OF SALAT Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-15-	Lesson 15 - SUJOOD
	-16-	Lesson 16 – Surah An Naas
	-17-	Lesson 17- RECITATIONS OF SALAT Writing and Reading of Arabic Vowels
	-18-	Lesson 18- MERITS OF SURAH AL IKHLAS
	-19-	Lesson 19- MEMORIZE SURAH AL IKHLAS
	-20-	LETTERS “ GHAYN” till “ YAA” Included in the Exam
		3 rd Term Exam

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

اللهم كن لوليك الحجة
بن الحسن صلواتك عليه وعلى آباءه
في هذه الساعة وفي كل ساعة وليا وحافظا وقائداً
وناصراً ودليلاً وعيناً حتى تسكنه أرضك
طوعاً وتمتعه فيها طويلاً برحمتك
يا أرحم الراحمين

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

O Allah, (please do) send blessings to Muhammad and the Household of Muhammad,
O Allah, be, for Your representative, the Hujjat (proof), son of Al-Hassan,
Your blessings be on him and his forefathers, in this hour and in every hour,
a guardian, a protector, a leader, a helper, a proof, and an eye.
until You make him live on the earth, in obedience (to You), and cause
him to live in it for a long time.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

ALLAAHUMMA KUN LE-WALIYYEKAL HUJJATIBNIL HASANE
SALAWAATOKA A'LAYHE WA A'LAA AAABAA-EHI
FEE HAAZEHIS SAA-A'TE WA FEE KULLE SAA-A'TIN
WALIYYAWN WA HAAFEZAWN WA QAA-EDAWN
WA NAASERAWN WA DALEELAWN WA A'YNAN
HATTAA TUSKENAHU ARZAKA TAW-A'N WA
TOMATTE-A'HU FEEHAA TAWHEELAA.

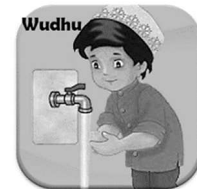
Lesson -1-

Respect of Quran

We should look after the Holy Qur'an by: -

- 1) holding it properly. (Show the child).
- 2) Never leaving it open when no-one is reciting it.
- 3) Never touching the writing in it without first doing Wudhu.

You can read it without touching it, or put a plastic sheet on it



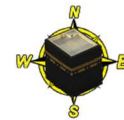
When reciting the Holy Qur'an, we should try to take care of the following:



FOR BOYS TO WEAR A CAP



FOR GIRLS TO WEAR A SCARF



TO FACE QIBLAH (THE KA'ABA)

Before starting to recite the Holy Qur'an, you should say:

أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ
بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Learn the correct pronunciation and meaning of:

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
Bismillahirrahmanirrahim

I begin in the name of Allah the
kind and Merciful

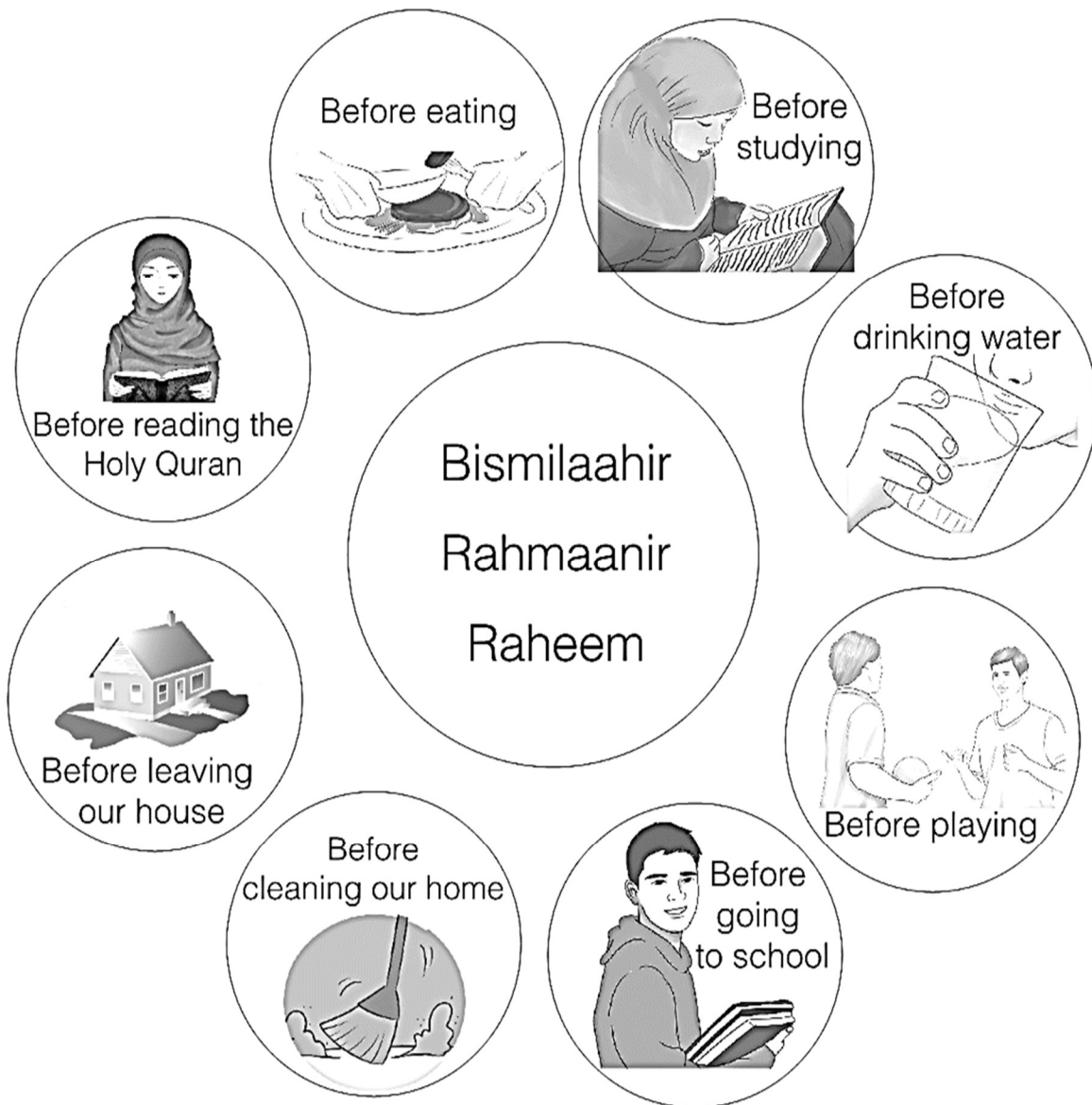
أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ
Audhu Billahi Minashaitanir Rajeem

I seek refuge of Allah from
Shaitan the Outcast

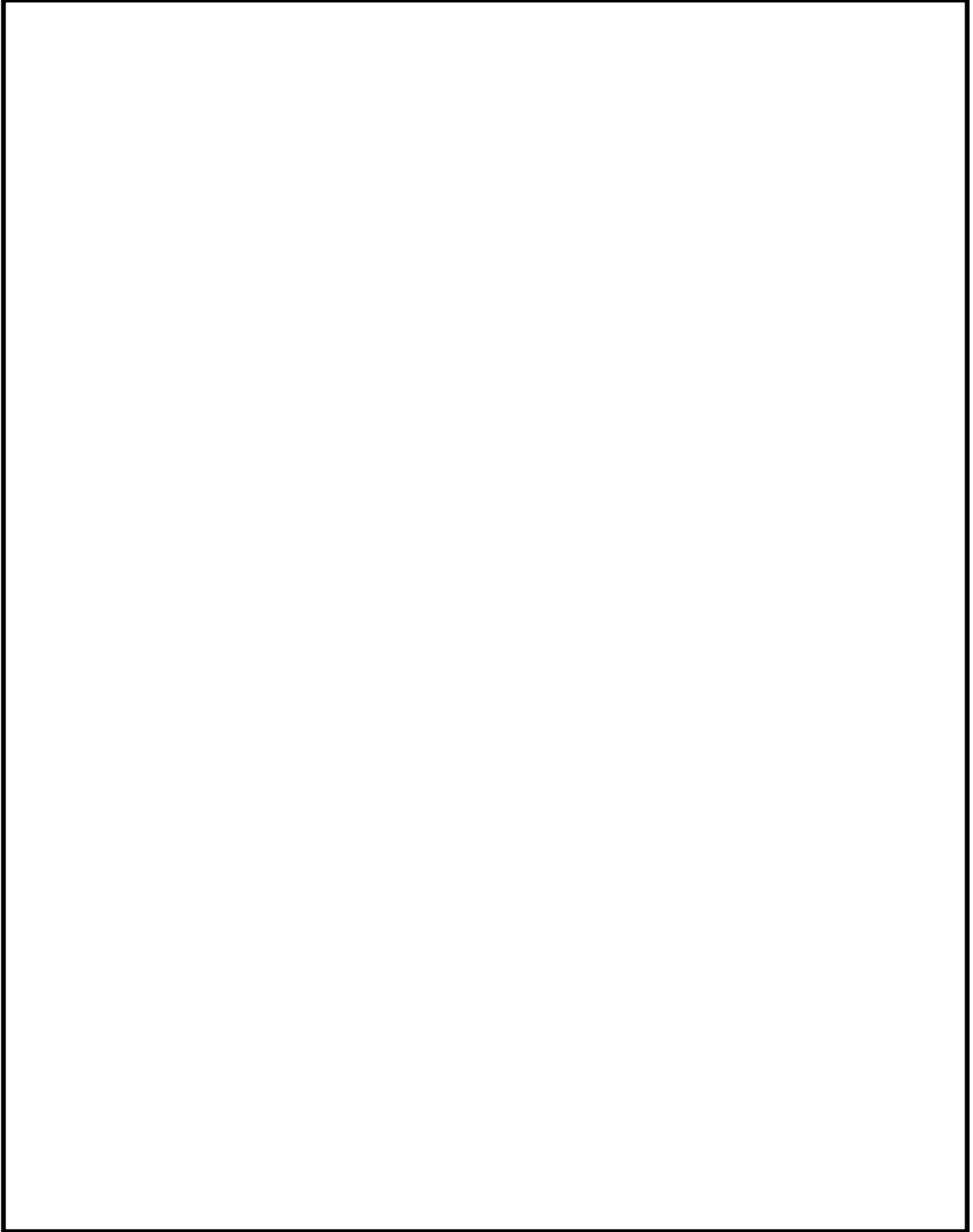
Saying Bismillah

“Bismilaahir Rahmanir
Raheem”

In fact, it is so important that we should say it before beginning
EVERYTHING.



Draw Picture of some other deeds that should begin with bismillah



Merits of Sura Al-Fatiha

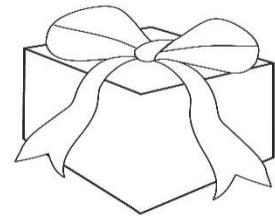
Importants of Sura Al-Fatiha :

Suratul Fatiha is the most important Sura in the Qur'an. If it is completely absorbed, and if every word comes from a pure heart, you will cease to talk about opening and you will recognize that the vastness of Allah's mercy is never-ending, so you can only strive to increase, for after the constriction of ignorance, there can only come the expansion of knowledge.

Why do we recite Suratul Fatiha for the marhumeen?

The sura is the foundation of the Qur'an and thus contains the whole of the Qur'an in it.

When we recite it for the marhumeen,
in essence it will prompt us to change our ways
and that will go as a gift to the marhumeen.



Benefits :

The Prophet (S.A.W.) has said: "To recite Suratul Fatiha is like reciting the whole Qur'an"

In some ahadith we find that the thawab is

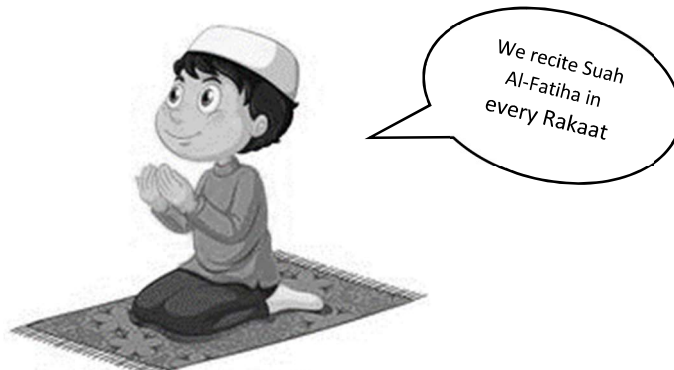
Equivalent to recite 2/3 of the Qur'an.

"O Jabir! This Sura is a healer of all diseases with the exception of death"

He also said: "There can be no prayer which does not have Suratul Fatiha as its basis"

The thawab of reciting is the equivalent of giving a gift to every believing person.

If written with saffron, washed with rain water and drunk it provides healing for broken hearts.



Memorise Sura Al-Fatiha

Al-Fatihah – (The Opening)

SURATUL FATIHA (01)

(I begin) in the name of Allah, the Kind, the Merciful.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ①

1. All praise be to Allah, Lord of the worlds.

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ②

2. The Beneficent; The Merciful.

الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ③

4. Master of the day of judgement.

5. You alone do we worship and
You alone do we ask for help.

مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ④

6. Guide us on the straight path.

إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ⑤

7. The path of those whom You have favoured;

اهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ⑥

not those who earn Your anger

صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ ⑦

nor of those who have gone astray.

غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ⑧

Colour The picture of the
Boy Reading Quran



Lesson -5-

Wudhu

I must do Wudhu before I pray salat

**I do Wudhu before I sleep,
before I eat,
before I go to the mosque or Imambara;
in fact I try to be in Wudhu all the time.
When I am angry I do Wudhu. It makes me calm.**

This is how I do Wudhu

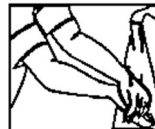
**1. Before I go to the wash basin I roll up my sleeves and take off my socks.
If I am wearing a watch, ring, glasses, or hijab I take them off too. If the floor is najis, I wear slippers.**



2. At the water tap I first thank Allah for having made the water available and so clean. (Alhamdulillah) All praise is for Allah.



**3. I say my niyya: I am doing Wudhu –
(Qurbatanilallah) In obedience to Allah and to get closer to Him.**



4. I wash my hands twice.



5. I rinse my mouth three times.

6. I rinse my nose three times.



7. I take some water in my right hand and pour it on my forehead from where the hair grows. I then wipe my face with my hand stretching from thumb to the middle finger. I always wipe downwards from the forehead to the chin. Then I wipe on either side of my face downwards. I make sure that water reaches every part of my face.



8. I take some water in my left hand and pour it just above the right elbow back and front. Then I wipe my right arm with my left hand from the elbow to the fingertips making sure that the water reaches everywhere. Then I take some water in my right hand and wash my left arm in the same way as I washed my right arm.



9. With three fingers of my right hand I wipe the middle part of my head with my finger tips making sure that I do not touch my forehead.



10. Then I wipe my right foot with my right hand from the toes to the mound at the joint of the foot and leg. In the same way I wipe my left foot with my left hand.



**Color The Picture of the
Boy Performing Wudhu**



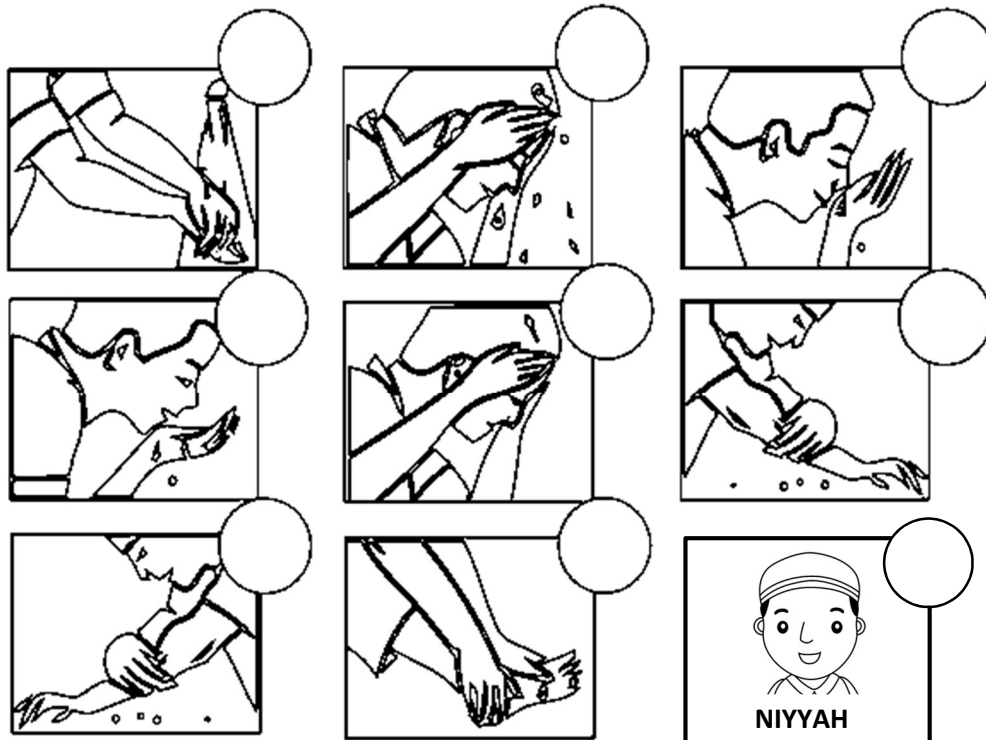
WUDHU WORKSHEET

1. Do you know how to perform the Wudhu correctly? (Ask your parents to check your wudhu for you.)

2. Do the Activity Below:

Taha is trying to do wudhu but he has all the actions mixed up.

Put numbers in the circles besides each action in order that he can do his wudhu correctly.



ACTIVITY: MR. WUDHU

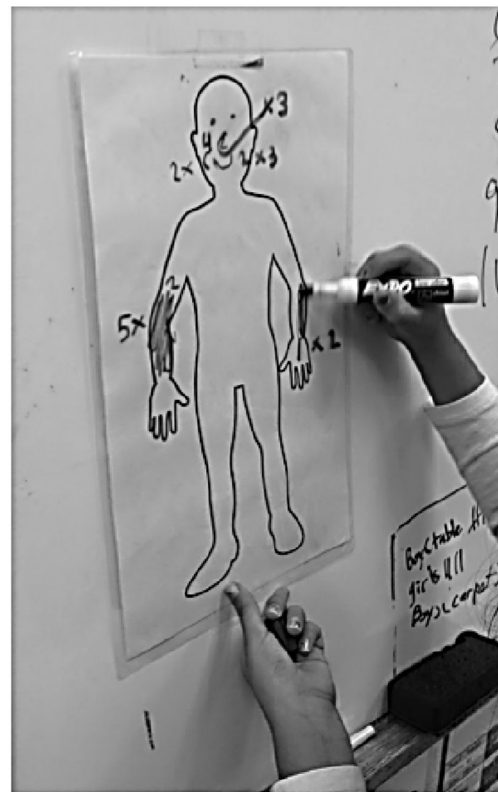
Mr. Wudhu

Materials: Mr. Wudhu template, 2 different colored markers

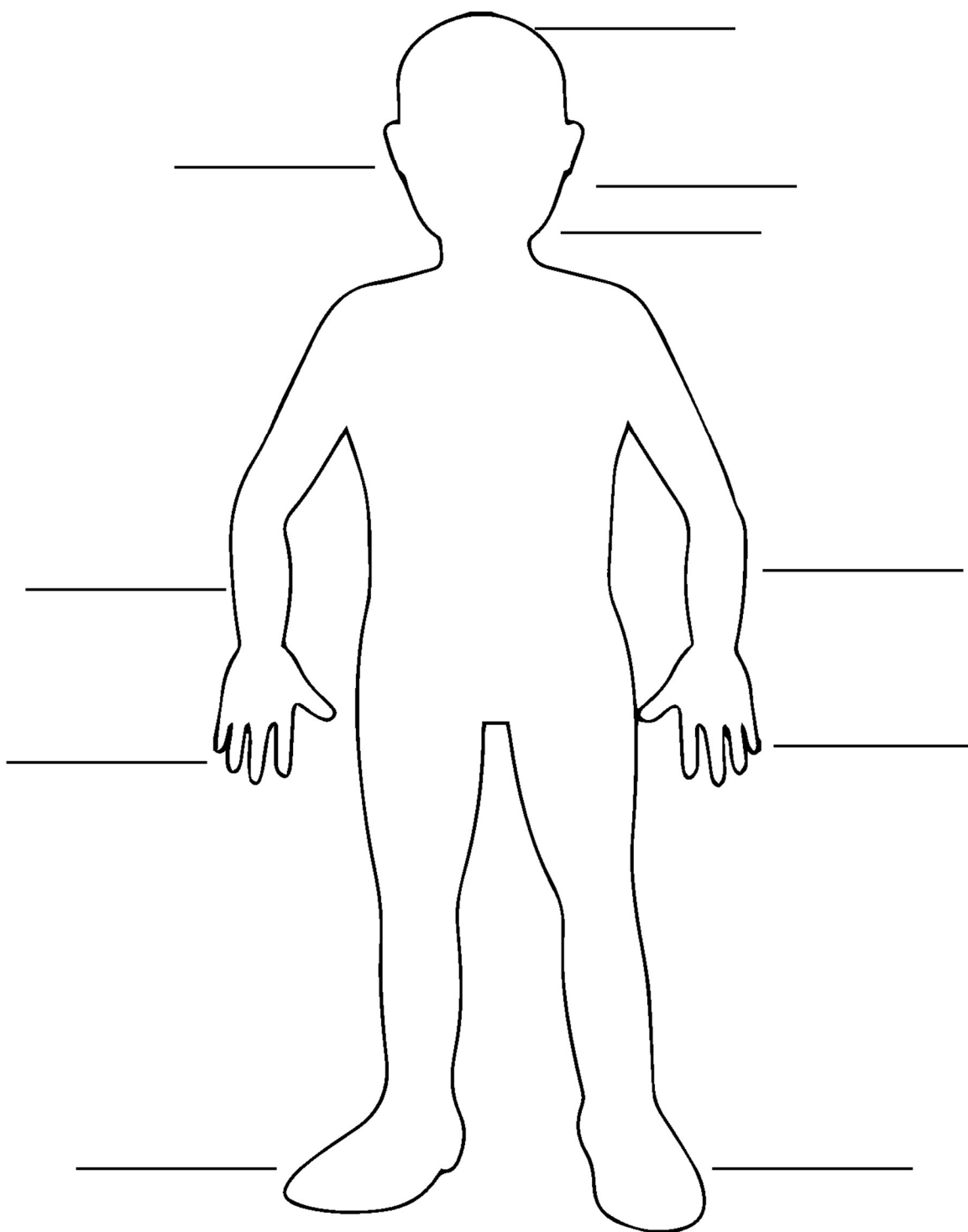
Procedure:

1. Introduce the class to Mr. Wudhu, and tell them that today, we will be helping him perform his Wudhu correctly. First, they will use a black marker to draw a face on him with eyes, a nose, and mouth.
2. Tell the students that one marker (e.g., red) will denote Mustahab actions and the other (e.g., blue) will indicate the Wajib actions.
3. As a class, number the actions of Wudhu in their correct color and how many times to do each action.
 - a. For example, the gargling should be labeled "(2) 3x" in red
4. Here is a key of the answers:

1. Hands - (Mustahab)
2. Mouth - 3x (Mustahab)
3. Nose - 3x (Mustahab)
4. Face - (Wajib)
5. Right arm - (Wajib)
6. Left arm - (Wajib)
7. Head - (Wajib)
8. Right foot - (Wajib)
9. Left foot - (Wajib)



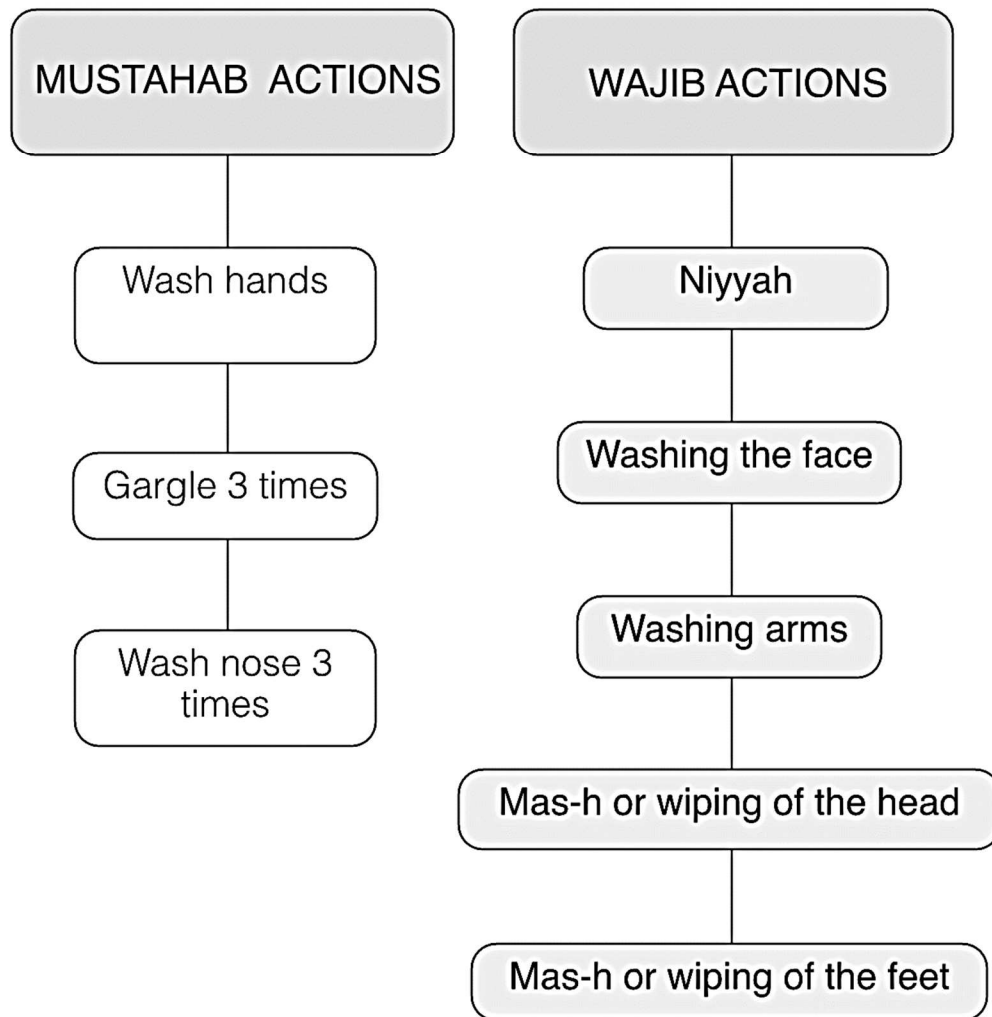
ACTIVITY: MR. WUDHU



DEMONSTRATION: WUDHU CHART

Complete Wudhu: Practical Demonstration

The child will be taken to the sink to observe the demonstration of Wudhu.



Lesson -6-

Merits of Surah Al-Naas

Merits of reciting Suratun Nas

1. It is recommended to recite this Surah daily before sleeping to keep away the evil of jinn and man.
2. The Prophet (S) has said that one who recites both this Surah and the previous one (al-Falaq) will be as though he recited all the Books which Allah Almighty has revealed.
3. The Prophet (S) also ordered his companions to recite the two Surahs upon waking up and upon going to bed.

References:

Holy Qur'an, Tafsir by S V Mir Ahmed Ali
Ramadhan, Ahkam and Philosophy, Yasin T. Al Jibouri

Lesson -7-

Memorise Sura Al-Naas

Introduction

This Surah was revealed in Makka. It has six verses. It is the last Surah (number 114) in the Holy Qur'an.

An-Nas means "The People". This Surah deals with asking for the help of Alláh against the mischief of jinn and people.

Text and Translation

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Alláh, the Beneficent the Merciful.

قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ ﴿١﴾

Say, "I seek refuge in the Lord of the people!

مَلِكِ النَّاسِ ﴿٢﴾

The King of the people!

إِلَهِ النَّاسِ ﴿٣﴾

The God of the people!

مِنْ شَرِّ الْوَسْوَاسِ الْخَنَّاسِ ﴿٤﴾

From the evil of the slinking whisperer

الَّذِي يُوَسْوِسُ فِي صُدُورِ النَّاسِ ﴿٥﴾

Who whispers into the minds of the people

مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ ﴿٦﴾

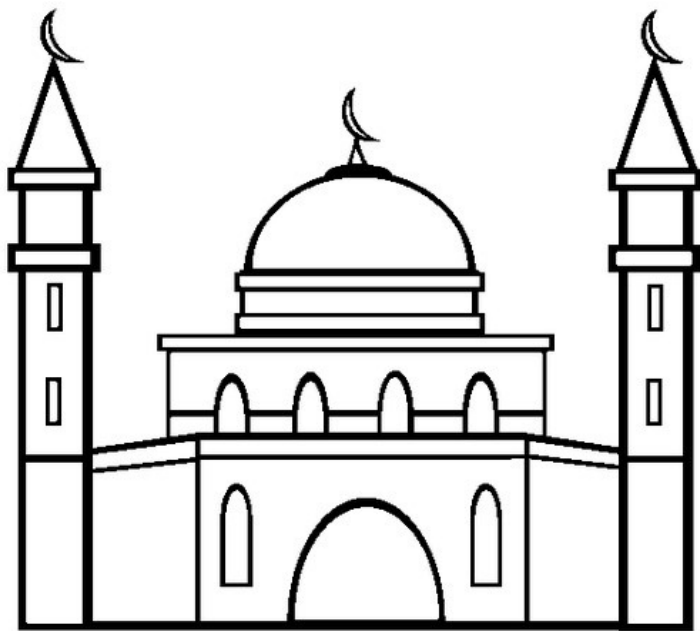
(Be he) from among the Jinn or the Men."

Adhan

Adhan is the call to Salaah. When someone hears the Adhan they know that the time for Salaah has set in. There are five Salaah's which are Wajib – we have to pray them. Each of these Salaah's have a special time when they should be prayed. The Adhan lets everyone know that it is that special time when they have to pray their Salaah.

When you were born, each of you had Adhan recited in your right ear and Iqamah in your left ear.

If Adhan is being recited, you should recite it with the person reciting it – but softly.



Holy Mosque

ADHAN IS THE CALL FOR SALAH

ADHAN – THE CALL TO SALAAH:

اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ - (4 times),

Allah is the greatest

أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ - (2 times),

I bear witness there is no God but Allah

أَشْهَدُ أَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ - (2 times),

I bear witness Muhammad is the messenger of Allah (Salawaat)

You should recite Salawaat because you are saying the name of our Holy Prophet (S)

أَشْهَدُ أَنَّ عَلِيَّ وَلِيُّ اللَّهِ - (2 times),

I bear witness Ali is the beloved of Allah (Salawaat)

You should say Salawaat because you are reciting the name of our Imam (A)

حَيَّ عَلَى الصَّلَاةِ - (2 times),

Hasten to prayer

حَيَّ عَلَى الْفَلَاحِ - (2 times),

Hasten to success

حَيَّ عَلَى خَيْرِ الْعَمَلِ - (2 times),

Hasten to the best deed

اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ - (2 times),

Lesson -9

Surah Al Qadar

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah the Beneficent, the Merciful.

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ فِي لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ ج صلى

Verily, We sent it (the Holy Qur'an) down in the Night of Qadr!

وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ ط

And what can make you know what the Night of Qadr is?

لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ ط

The Night of Qadr is better than a thousand months!

تَنْزِيلُ الْمَلَائِكَةِ وَالرُّوحِ فِيهَا بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ ج مِنْ كُلِّ أَمْرِ لا

The Angels and the Spirit descend therein by the permission of their Lord, with (decrees) of all affairs

سَلَامٌ قَف هِيَ حَتَّىٰ مَطْلَعِ الْفَجْرِ ج

Peace! (in the whole night) Till the breaking of the dawn.

This Surah was revealed in Makka.

It has 5 verses.

The word "al-Qadr" = "Glorious" or "Highest Ranking".

Iqaama

IQAMAH :

اَللّٰهُ اَكْبَرُ - (2 times)

Allah is the greatest

اَشْهَدُ اَنْ لَا اِلَهَ اِلَّا اَللّٰهُ - (2 times),

I bear witness there is no God but Allah

اَشْهَدُ اَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا رَّسُوْلُ اَللّٰهُ - (2 times),

I bear witness Muhammad is the messenger of Allah (Salawaat)

You should recite Salawaat because you are saying the name of our Holy Prophet (S)

اَشْهَدُ اَنَّ عَلِيَّ وَليُّ اَللّٰهُ - (2 times),

I bear witness Ali is the beloved of Allah (Salawaat)

You should recite Salawaat because you are saying the name of our Holy Prophet (S)

حَيَّ عَلَى الصَّلَاةِ - (2 times),

Hasten to prayer

حَيَّ عَلَى الْفَلَاحِ - (2 times),

Hasten to success

حَيَّ عَلَى خَيْرِ الْعَمَلِ - (2 times),

Hasten to the best deed

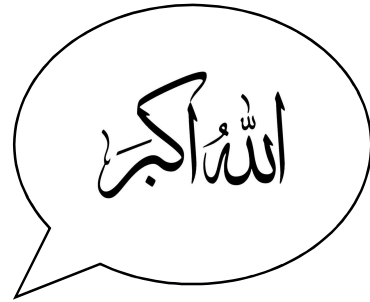
قَدْ قَامَتِ الصَّلَاةُ - (2 times),

Indeed the Salaat has begun

اَللّٰهُ اَكْبَرُ - (2 times),

COLOUR THE PICTURE:

TAKBEER



Difference Between Adhan & Iqaama

LESSON 12: THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ADHAN AND IKAMAH:

There are only 3 differences between Adhan and Ikamah:

- The 1st **اَللّٰهُ اَكْبَرُ** - ALLAHU AKBAR - is said **4 times in Adhan** and only **2 times in Ikamah**
- The last line: **لَا اِلٰهَ اِلَّا اللّٰهُ** - LAA ILAAHA ILLALLAH - is said **2 times in Adhan** and only **1 time in Ikamah**
- Just after **حَيَّ عَلَى خَيْرِ الْعَمَلِ** - HAYYA ALAA KHAIRIL AMAL and before **اَللّٰهُ اَكْبَرُ** - ALLAHU AKBAR, you should say **قَدْ قَامَتِ الصَّلَاةُ** - QAD QAAMATIS SALAAH **2 times in Ikamah BUT never in Adhan.**

قَدْ قَامَتِ الصَّلَاةُ - QAD QAAMATIS SALAAH

Indeed the Salaat has begun.

Times Of Salat

TIMES FOR SALAA



Fajr Salaa

The time for Fajr Salaa is from true dawn (subh sadiq) upto sunrise.

The best time (fadhila) for praying Salaatul Fajr is from subh sadiq upto the appearance of reddish streaks on the horizon (before sunrise).

Dhuhr Salaa

The time for Dhuhr Salaa is from Mid Day upto a few minutes before sunset.

The best time (fadhila) for praying Salaatul Dhuhr is from Mid Day upto the time when the shadow of a thing e.g. a stick becomes equal to it's length.

Mid Day is half way between Sunrise and Sunset. It's time varies throughout the year.

'Asr Salaa

The time for 'Asr Salaa is from a few minutes after Mid Day upto sunset.

The best time (fadhila) for praying Salatul 'Asr is from a few minutes after Mid Day upto the time when the shadow of a thing becomes double it's length.

Maghrib Salaa

The time for Maghrib Salaa is from after sunset upto a few minutes before midnight - 12 hours after Dhuhr time.

The best time (fadhila) for praying Salaatul Maghrib is from after sunset upto the time when the reddish streaks in the horizon vanish.

Eisha Salaa

The time for praying Eisha salaa is from a few minutes after sunset upto midnight - 12 hours after Dhuhr time.

The best time (fadhila) to pray Salaatul Eisha is from a few minutes after sunset upto the third of the night. e.g. if midnight was 12.01 a.m. and Maghrib was 9.01 p.m. then a third would be upto 10.01 p.m.



Lesson -13-

Salaah & The Number of Rakkats

Salaah

We as Muslims pray to Allah five times a day. We offer our five prayers (Salaah) before dawn, after noon, and after sunset.

Prophet Muhammad (S) said,

“Anyone who does not give importance to prayers is not from my true followers.”

Salaah is a way of talking to Allah that has been taught by our Holy Prophet (S). It is a special way of praying, just like Wudhu is a special way of cleaning ourselves. When we are praying Salaah we should think only about Allah and should pray slowly and clearly. Playing and talking to our friends is not allowed during Salaah.

There are 17 Rak'ahs in the daily Salaah:

Fajr has 2 Rak'ahs

Dhuhr has 4 Rak'ahs

'Asr has 4 Rak'ahs

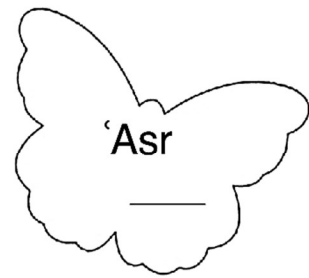
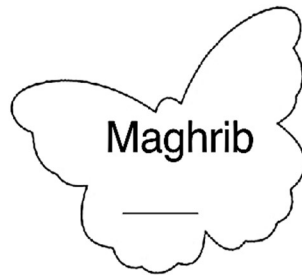
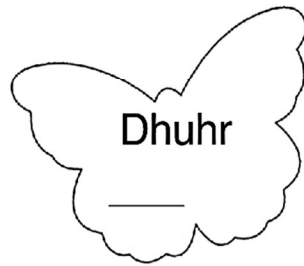
Maghrib has 3 Rak'ahs

'Isha has 4 Rak'ahs

Allah's Phone Number: 2-4-4-3-4



Write the numbers of Rak'ahs for each Salaah in the butterflies.



Total Rak'ahs in a day:

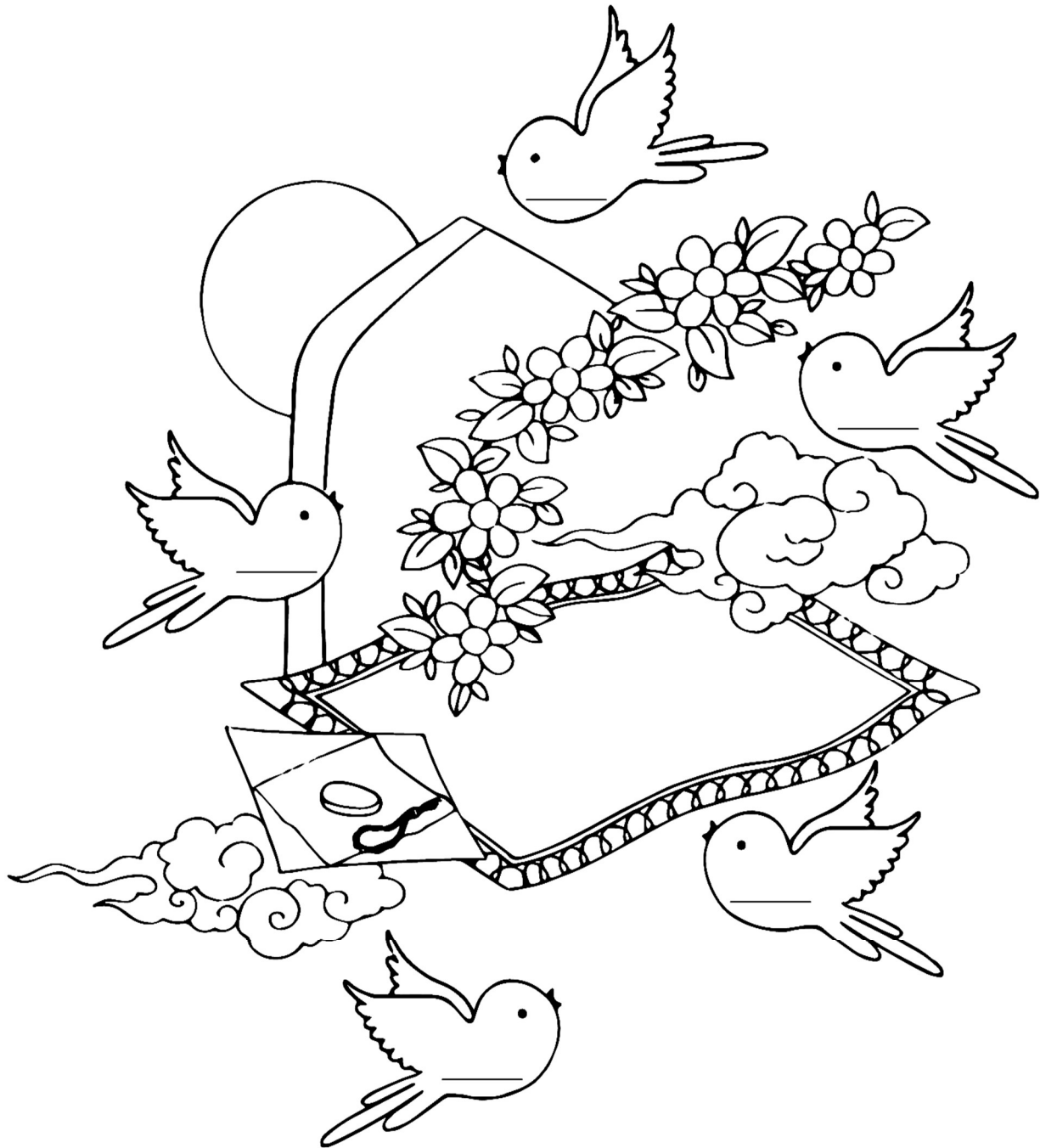


Salaa

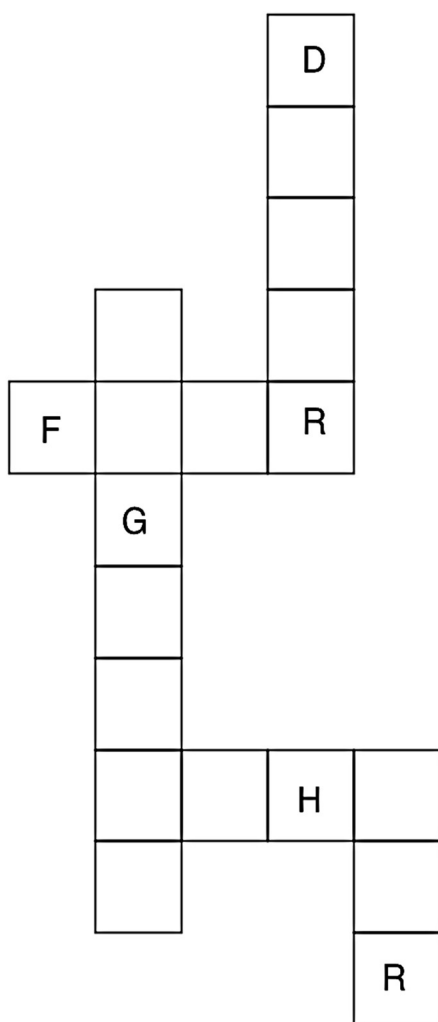
Match the columns below:

	No. of Rakats
Maghrib Salaa	4
Asr Salaa	3
Fajr Salaa	4
Eisha Salaa	2
Dhuhr Salaa	4

Write the names of the five daily Salaah on the birds
and color the illustration.



Salaah Crossword



KEY:

Fajr

Dhuhr

'Asr

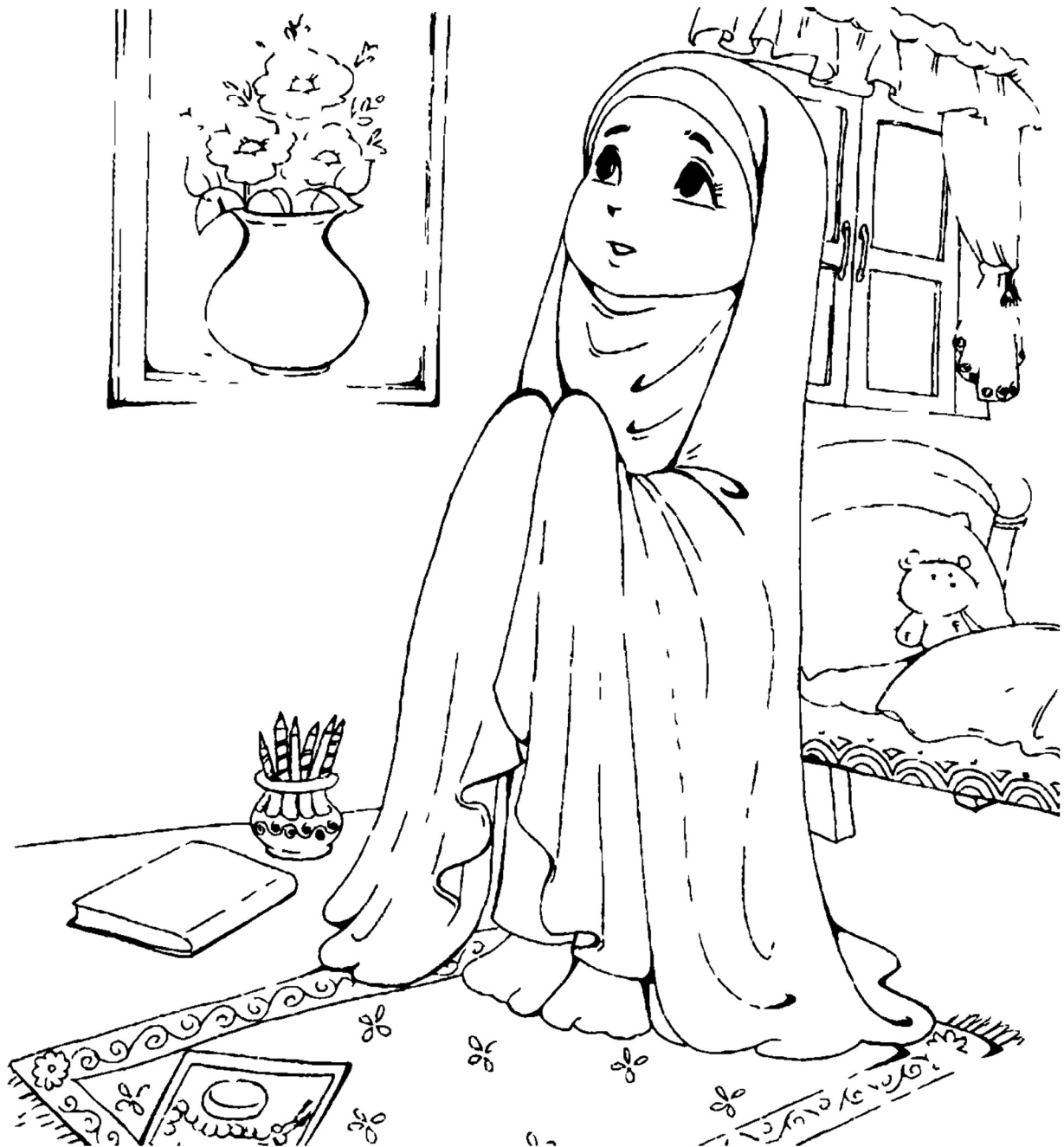
Maghrib

'Isha

COLOUR THE PICTURE :

“AND OFFER SALAAH TO REMEMBER ME”

Surah at-Taha, Verse 14



Method Of Salat

GRAPHIC: ACTIONS OF SALAAH: BOYS

Learn the actions of Salaah.



1. Takbiratul Ihraam



2. Qiyāam



3. Ruku'



4. Qiyāam



5. Sajdah



6. Juluos



7. Sajdah



8. Juluos



9. Qiyāam



10. Qunoot



11. Ruku'



12. Qiyāam



13. Sajdah



14. Juluos



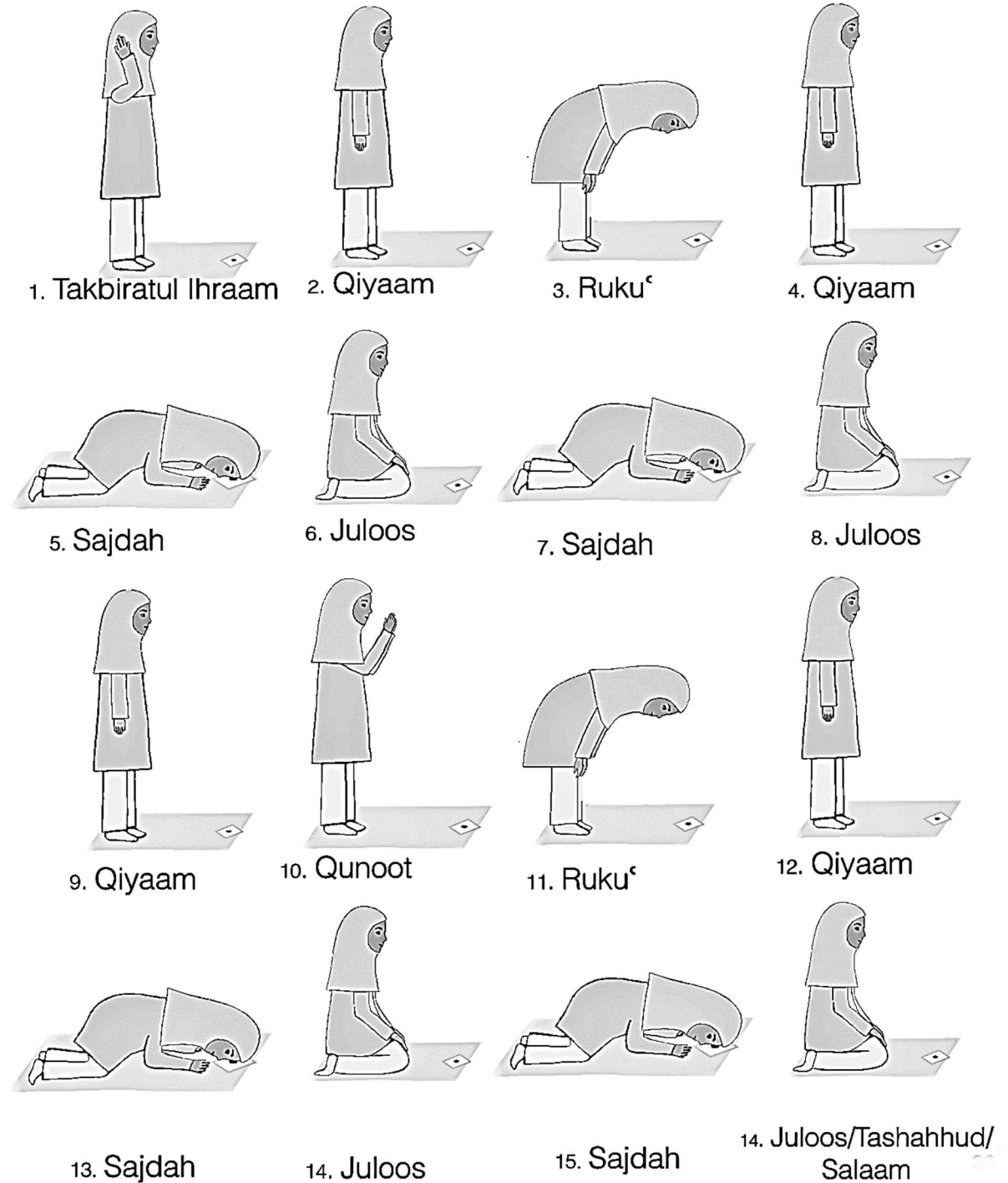
15. Sajdah



14. Juluos/Tashahhud/
Salaam

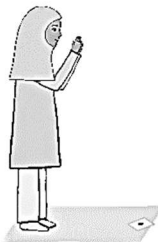
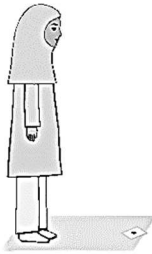
GRAPHIC: ACTIONS OF SALAAH: GIRLS

Learn the actions of Salaah.



WORKSHEET 5.4

For every position in prayer, match the name with the drawing.



QIYAAM

TAKBIRATUL IHRAAM

SUJOOD/SAJDAH

QUNOOT

RUKU'

JULOOS/TASHAHHUD/SALAAM

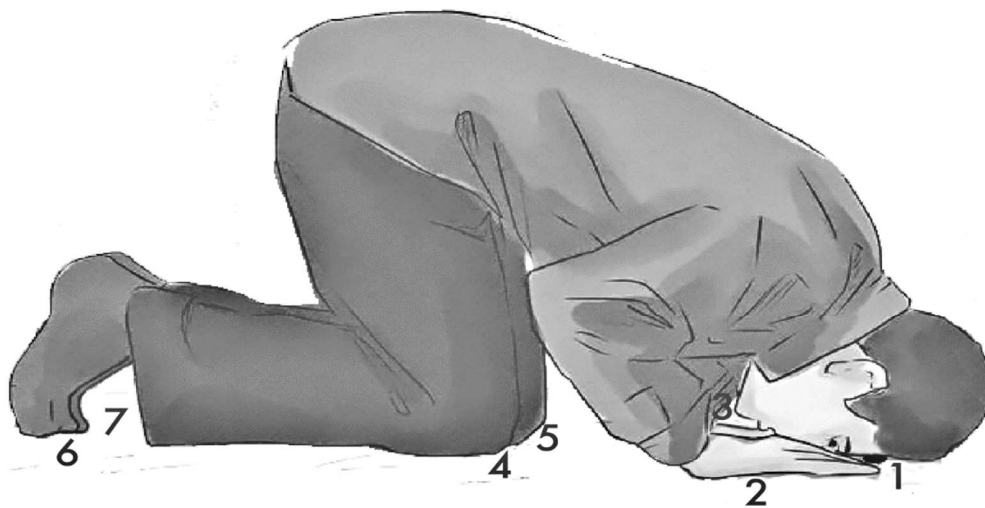
Lesson -15-

Sujood

GRAPHIC: PARTS OF SAJDAH

While we are doing Sajdah, 7 parts of our body must touch the ground.

- 1. The Forehead**
- 2-3. Both Hands**
- 4-5. Both Knees**
- 6-7. Both Big Toes**



Lesson 16

Surah AnNasr

SURAH AN NASR

INTRODUCTION

This Surah was revealed in Makka. It has three verses. It is Surah number 110 in the Holy Qur'an. An-Nasr means "The Help". The name refers to the help of Allah that bring success to every venture.

The Surah was revealed after the Muslims conquered Makka without the loss of any lives. This was one of the last Surahs to be revealed and the Muslims sensed that the mission of the Holy Prophet (S) was coming to an end.

Text and Translation

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

إِذَا جَاءَ نَصْرُ اللَّهِ وَالْفَتْحُ ﴿١﴾

With the help of Allah comes Victory.

وَرَأَيْتَ النَّاسَ يَدْخُلُونَ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ أَفْوَاجًا ﴿٢﴾

And you see how the people are entering the religion of Allah in large numbers.

فَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ وَاسْتَغْفِرْهُ

So praise your Lord and seek His protection

إِنَّهُ كَانَ تَوَّابًا ﴿٣﴾

Verily He is always Merciful.

Recitations of Salat

WHAT DO I SAY IN EACH ACTION OF SALAAH

I say my niyya. For example, if I am praying Maghrib salaa, I say: "I am praying 3 rakaats for Salaatul Maghrib –

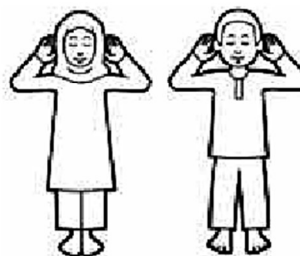
Qurbatan ilallah – قُرْبَةً إِلَى اللَّهِ

(To obey Allah and to get closer to Him).

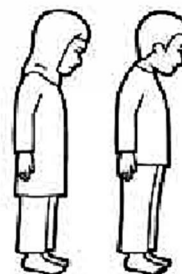
I raise my hands up to my ears for takbeeratul

ihram, and I say takbeer: "Allahu Akber اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

(Allah is Greater than anything and anyone).



Now I stand still for qiyam and looking at the ground (mohr, turbat). I recite **Suratul Fatiha** and **one other sura** from the Qur'an.

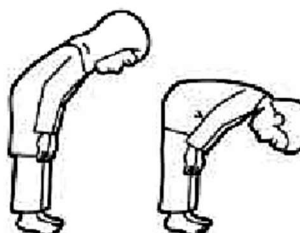


I then say "Allahu Akber" and then go to rukoo and looking between my feet, I recite:

"Subhana rabbiyal 'adheemi wa bihamdih

سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيَ الْعَظِيمِ وَ بِحَمْدِهِ

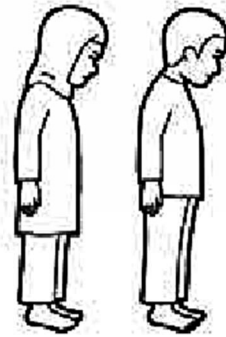
(Glory be to my Rabb, the Great and praise be to Him).



I stand up from rukoo for qiyam and I recite: "Samia'llahu liman hamida

سَمِعَ اللَّهُ لِمَنْ حَمِدَهُ

(Allah hears he/she who praises Him).



I then say "Allahu Akber" and then go to sijda making sure that the seven parts of my body touch the ground – My forehead, two palms, two knees, and the two tips of my toes.

In sijda, I recite:

"Subhana rabbiyal 'alaa wa bihamdi

سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيَ الْأَعْلَى وَ بِحَمْدِهِ

(Glory be to my Rabb, the most High and praise be to Him).



I sit up from sijda for juloos with my legs tucked under me and looking at my lap, I say:

"Astaghfirullah rabbiy wa atubu ilayh

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَ أَتُوبُ إِلَيْهِ

(I seek forgiveness from Allah, my Rabb, and I turn repentant to Him)

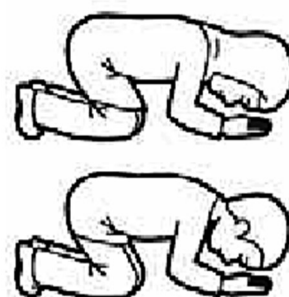


I go back to sijda once more and I recite:

“Subhana rabbiyal ‘alaa wa bihamdi

سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيَ الْأَعْلَى وَ بِحَمْدِهِ

(Glory be to my Rabb, the most High and praise be to Him).



I sit up from sijda for juloos and recite:

“Allahu Akber - اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

(Allah is Greater than anything and anyone)



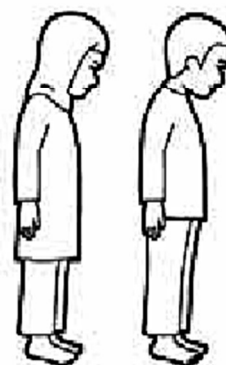
Now I stand up for qiyam of the second rakaat.

Whilst in the process of standing up, I recite:

“Bihawli illahi wa quwwatihi aqumu wa aq’ud

بِحَوْلِ اللَّهِ وَ قُوَّتِهِ أَقُومُ وَ أَقْعُدُ

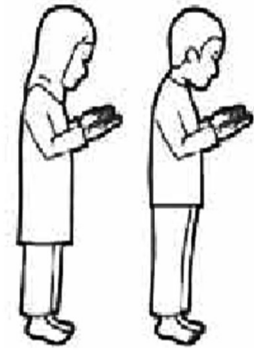
(With the power and strength of Allah, I stand and sit).



I stand for qiyam and recite Suratul Fatiha and Suratul Ikhlas.

I raise my hands for qunoot and recite:

“Rabbanaa aatinaa fid dunya hasanataw wa fil aakhirati hasanataw waqinaa adhaaban naar. Allahumma salli ‘alaa Muhammadiw wa aali Muhammad



رَبَّنَا آتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَقِنَا عَذَابَ
النَّارِ

(Our Rabb. Grant us good in this world and good in the hereafter, and save us from the punishment of the fire)

اَللّٰهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلٰى مُحَمَّدٍ وَّ اٰلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

I then do rukoo and the two sajadaat (sijda's) just like the first raka'at.

When I sit for juloos after the second sijda, I say Takbeer “Allahu Akber” and then recite Tashahhud:

“Ash hadu anl laa ilaaha illallahu wahdahu laa sharika lah, wa ash hadu anna Muhammadan ‘abdahu wa rasuluh, Allahumma salli ‘alaa Muhammadiw wa aali Muhammad



أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ
وَأَشْهَدُ أَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُهُ وَرَسُولُهُ
اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

(I bear witness that there is no god except Allah, the only One and there is no partner for Him, and I bear witness that Muhammad is His slave and His messenger. O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and his ahlulbayt).

After the tashahhud, I stand up for qiyam for the third raka't. In the process of standing, I recite: "Bihawillahi wa quwwatihi aqumu wa aq'ud - بِحَوْلِ اللَّهِ وَقُوَّتِهِ أَقُومُ وَأَقْعُدُ - (With the power and strength of Allah, I stand and sit).

In qiyam of the third raka't, I recite tasbihaat e arba'a three times: "Subhaanallahi walhamdu lillahi wa laa ilaaha illallahu wallahu akber - سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَلَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ (Glory be to Allah, and all praise is for Allah, and there is no god except Allah, and Allah is greater than everything and everyone).

I finish my third and final raka't of Salaatul Maghrib with rukoo, qiyam, the two sajadaat; and in the last juloos, I say Takbeer – "Allahu Akber" and then I recite Tashahhud and Salaam: "Ash hadu anl laa ilaaha illallahu wahdahu laa sharika lah, wa ash hadu anna Muhammadan 'abdahu wa rasuluh, Allahumma salli 'alaa Muhammadiw wa aali Muhammad –

أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ
وَ أَشْهَدُ أَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُهُ وَ رَسُولُهُ
اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ

(I bear witness that there is no god except Allah, the only One and there is no partner for Him, and I bear witness that Muhammad is His slave and His messenger. O Allah! Send blessings on Muhammad and his ahlulbayt).

“Assalamu ‘alayka ayyuhan nabiyyu wa rahmatullahi wa barakatuh;
Assalamu ‘alaynaa wa ‘alaa ibadullahis saaliheen; Assalamu ‘alaykum
wa rahmatullahi wa barakatuh -

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ وَ رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَ بَرَكَاتُهُ
السَّلَامُ عَلَيْنَا وَ عَلَى عِبَادِ اللَّهِ الصَّالِحِينَ
السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَ بَرَكَاتُهُ

(Salaams be upon you, O Prophet and the mercy of Allah and His blessings; Salaams be upon us and upon all the righteous servants of Allah; Salaams be upon you all and the mercy of Allah and His blessings).

Lesson 18

Merits of Surah Al-Ikhlās

O Kids, Allah has blessed mankind with a book of guidance known as “Holy Quran”. This central religious manuscript is the final revelation revealed by Allah Almighty upon the last Prophet, Muhammad (S.A.W). The main topic which is discussed many times in the holy Quran is the concept of Tawheed.

Tawheed means there is no one but ALLAH who is solely managing this whole universe and what’s inside. Surah Ikhlas is the pivotal surah which explains this concept in a concise way.



Say: He is Allah, the One and Only

Surah Ikhlas is the 112th Surah of the holy Quran having only 4 verses

One third of the Holy Quran

Recitation of this surah carry reward equivalent to one third of Holy Quran. Therefore, it has made compulsory for the Muslims to read it in prayers.

One who reads Surah Ikhlas 3 times, gets reward equivalent to the reading of a full Quran.

Shield from Catastrophe and Trouble

This surah is a treatment of many ailments. It is a castle providing safety against misery, pain, problems, hardships, disaster, mishap and tragedy.

Memorise

Surah Al Ikhlas

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Bismillahir Rahmanir Rahim

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful

قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ۝ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ۝

Qul Howal Laho Ahad Allah Hus Samad
Say! Allah is one and the only God. Allah,
upon whom all depend.

لَمْ يَلِدْ ۝ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ۝

Lam yalid wa lam yulad
He begets not, nor is He begotten,

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ۝

Wa lam Ya'Kul Lahu Kufu wan Ahad
and there is nothing which can be compared to Him.

Lesson -20-

Arabic Alphabets

Learn Arabic

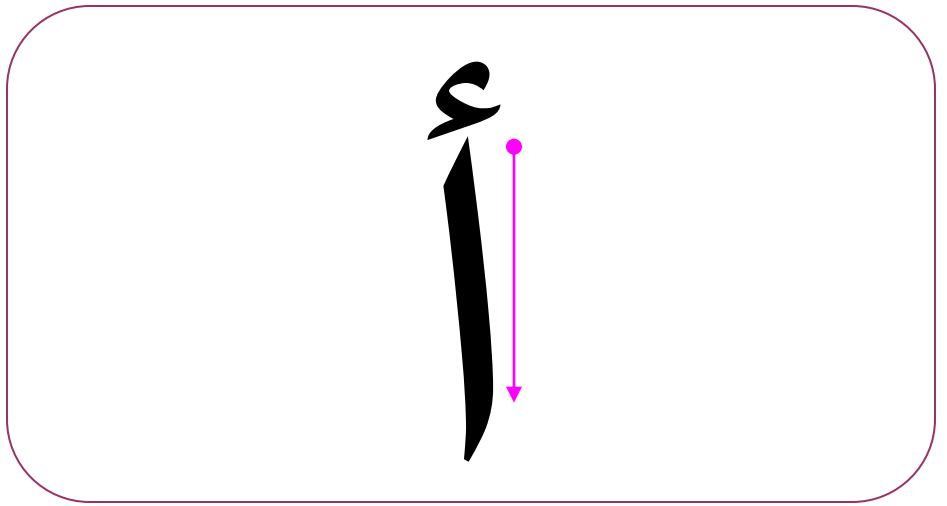


Arabic Alphabets

ج	ث	ت	ب	ا
JEEM	THAA	TAA	BAA	ALIF
ر	ذ	د	خ	ح
RAA	ZAAL	DAAL	KHAA	HAA
ض	ص	ش	س	ز
DAAD	SAAD	SHEEN	SEEN	ZAA
ف	غ	ع	ظ	ط
FAA	GHAYN	AYN	ZAA	TAA
ن	م	ل	ك	ق
NOON	MEEM	LAAM	KAAF	QAAF
ي	ى	ء	هـ	و
YAA	YAA	HAMZA	HA	WOW

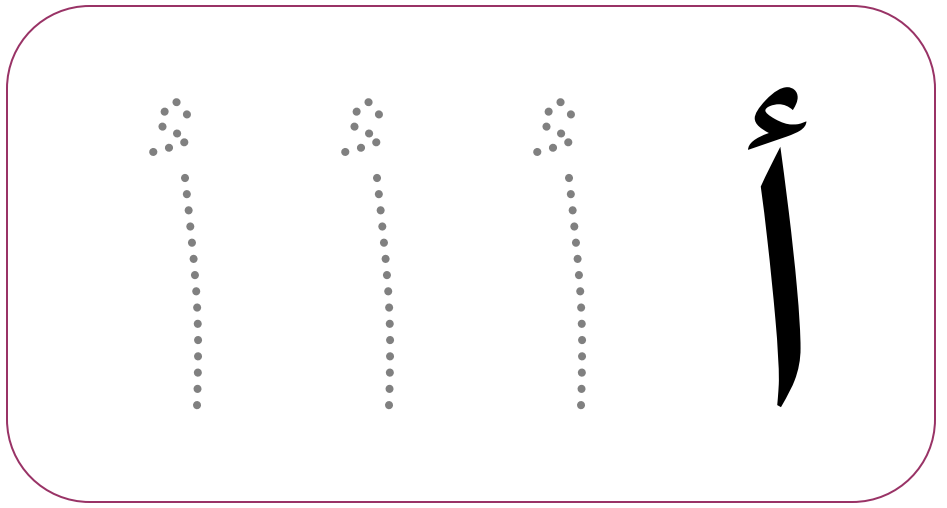


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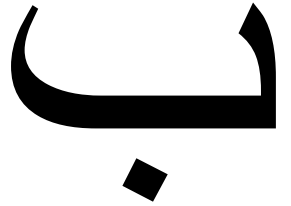
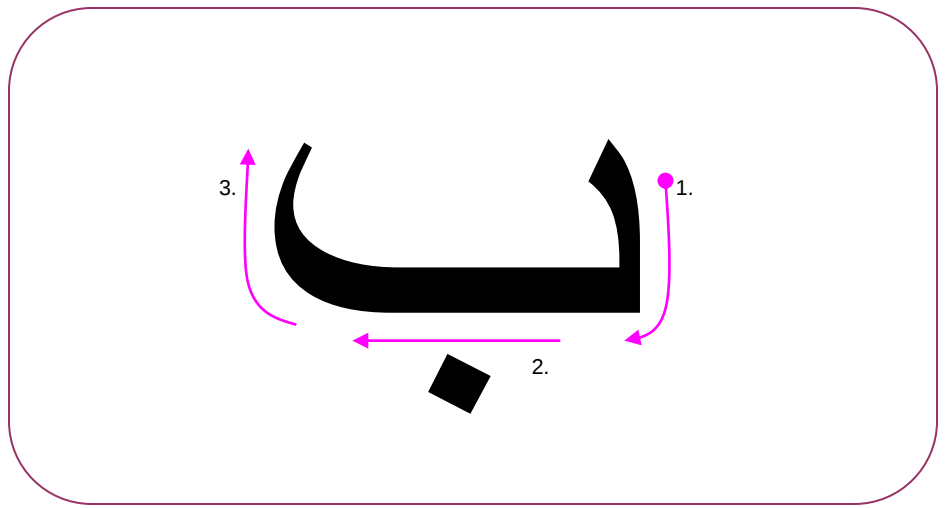
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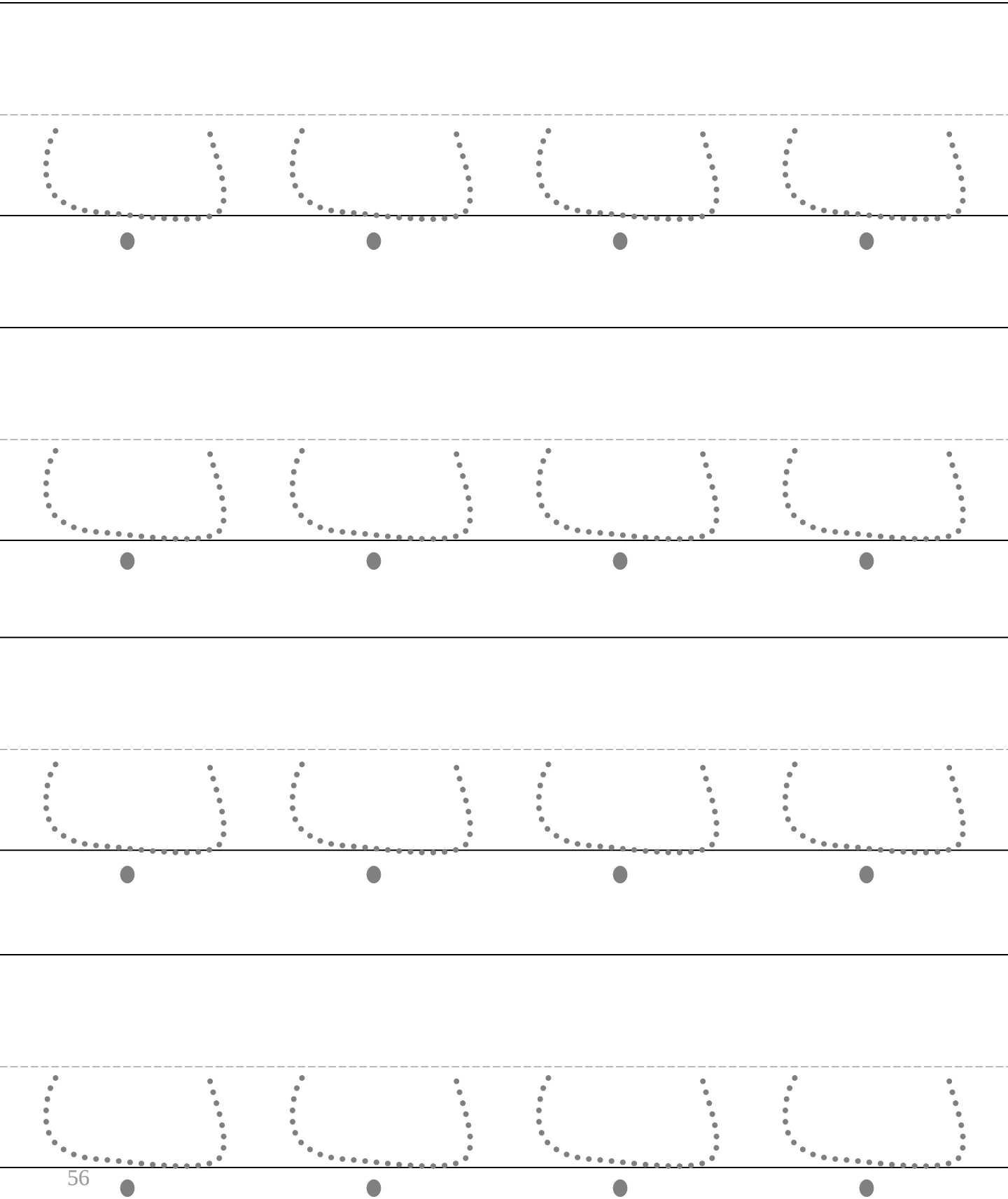
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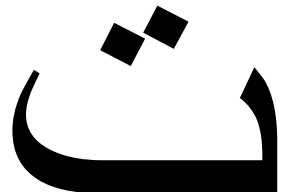
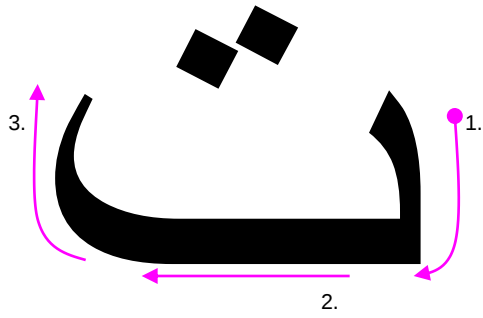
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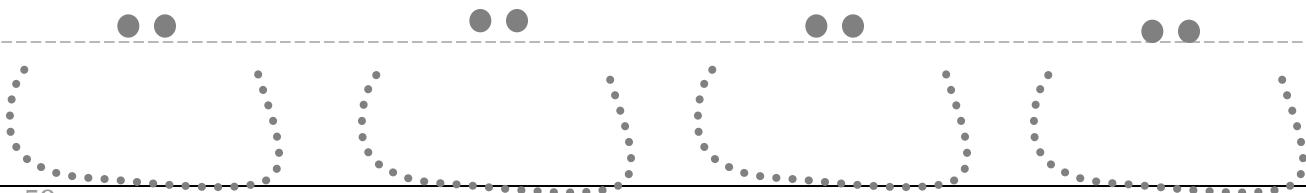
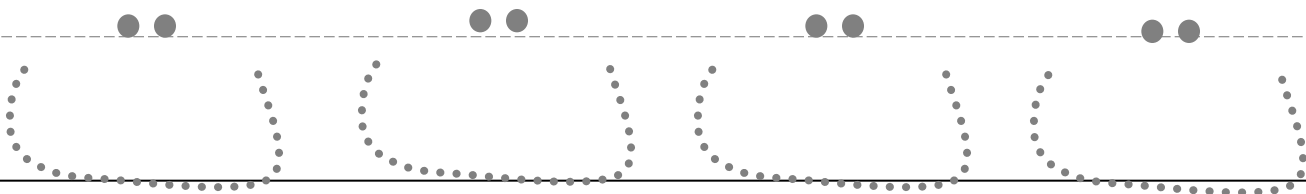
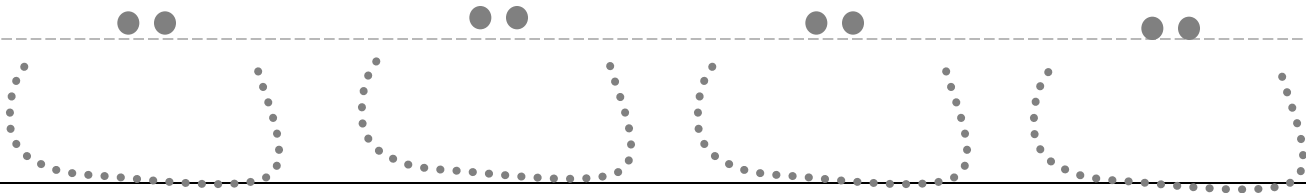
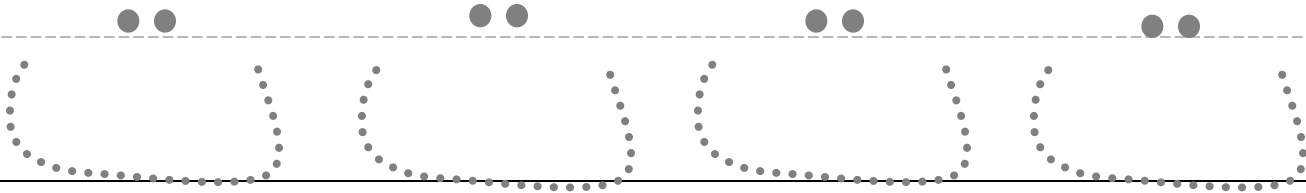
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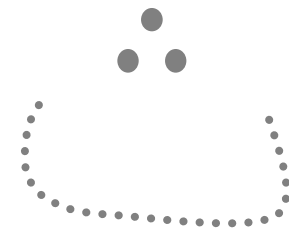
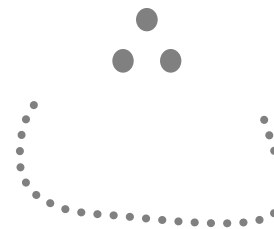
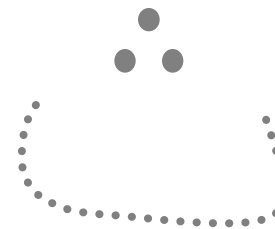
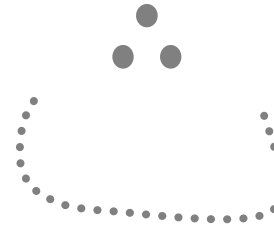
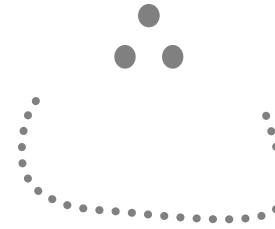
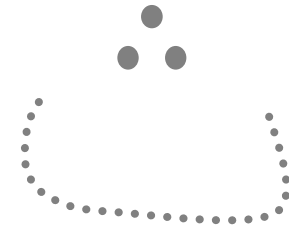
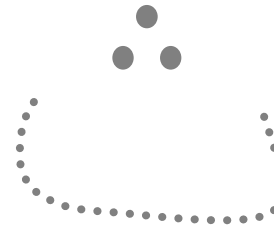
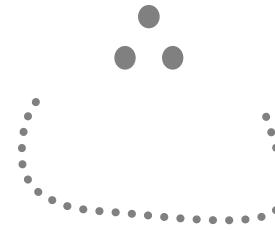
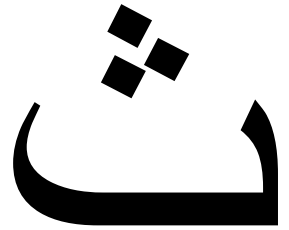
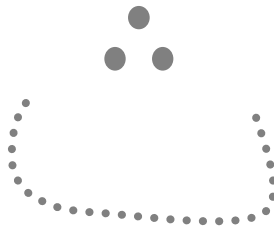
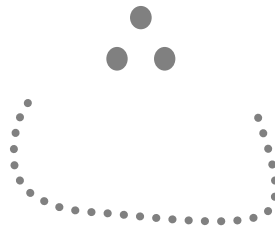
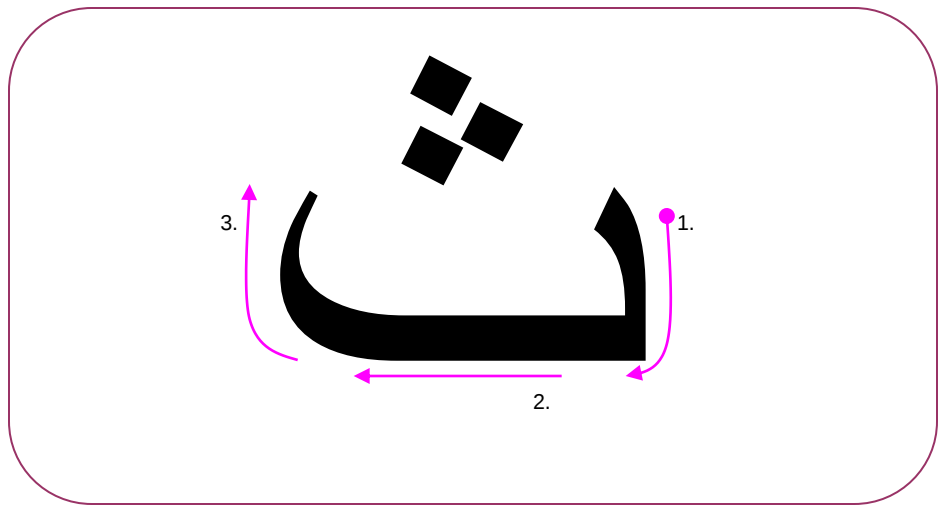
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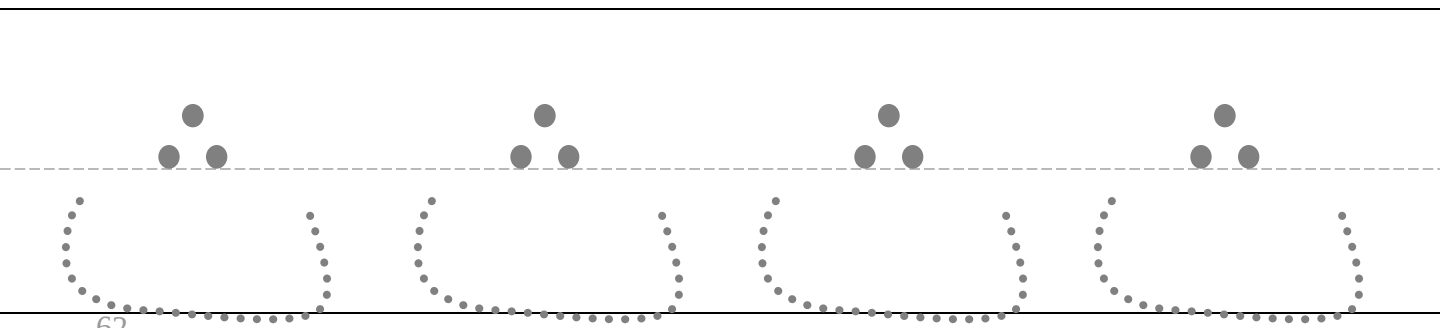
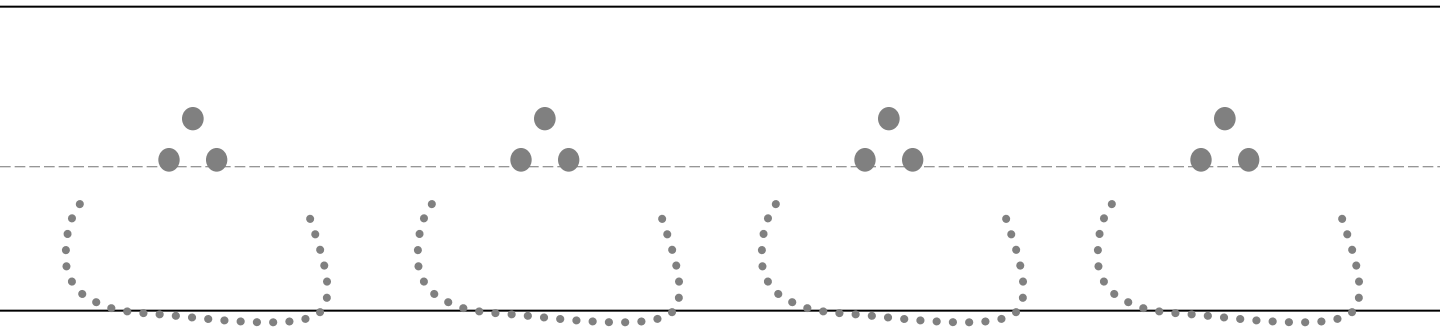
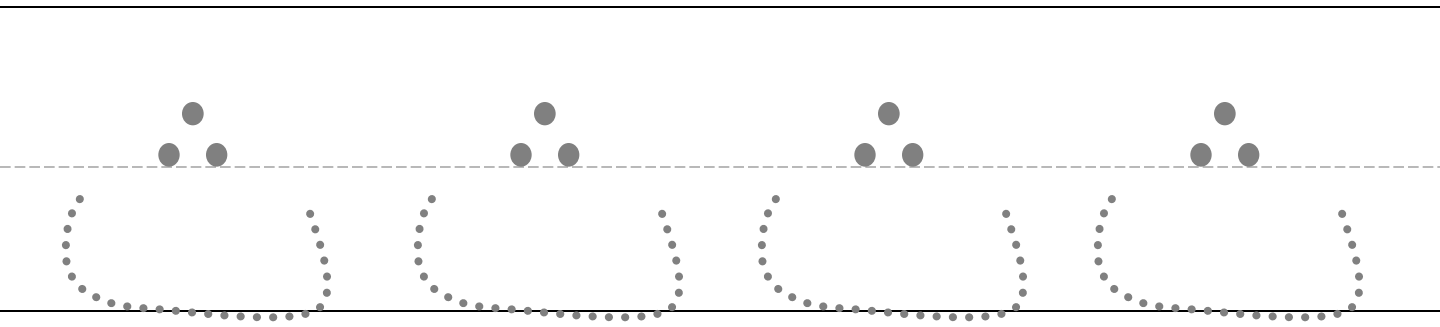
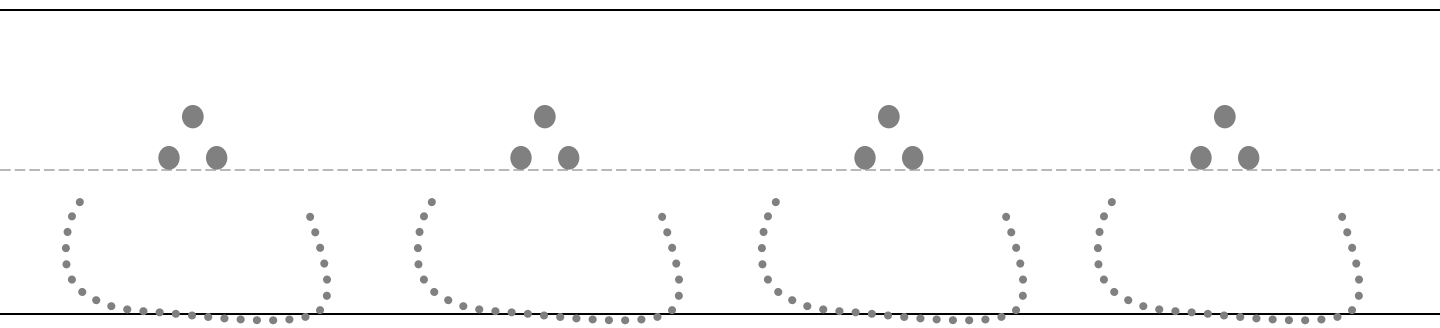
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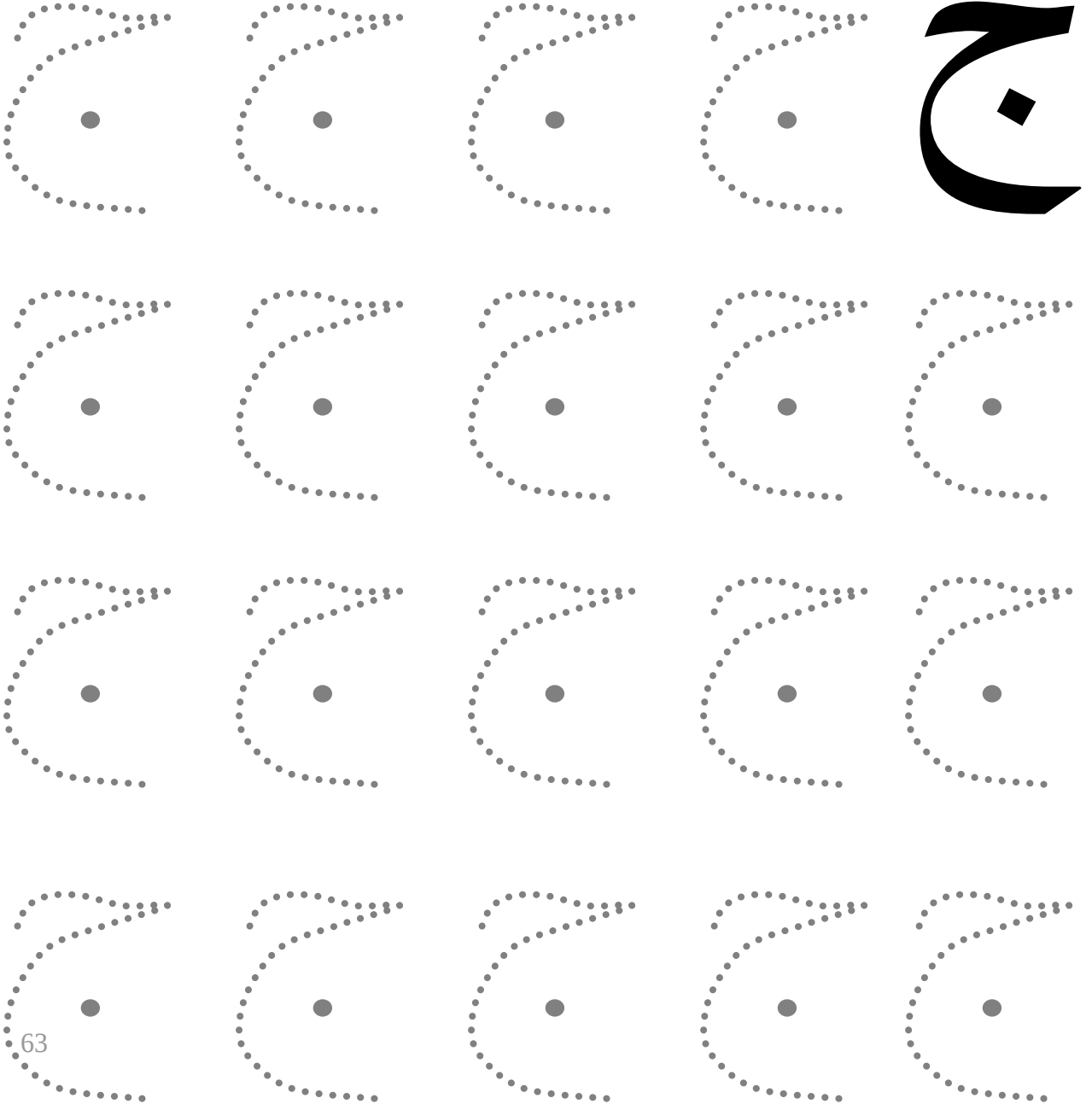
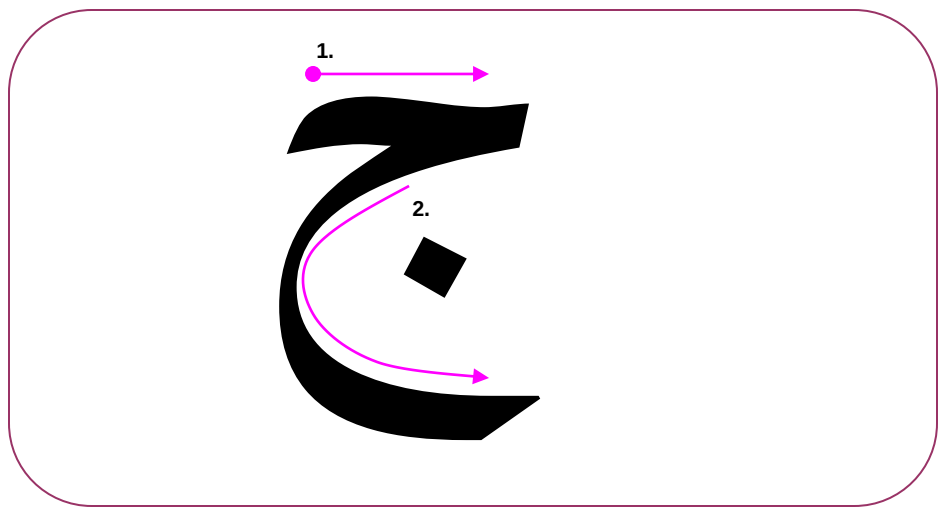


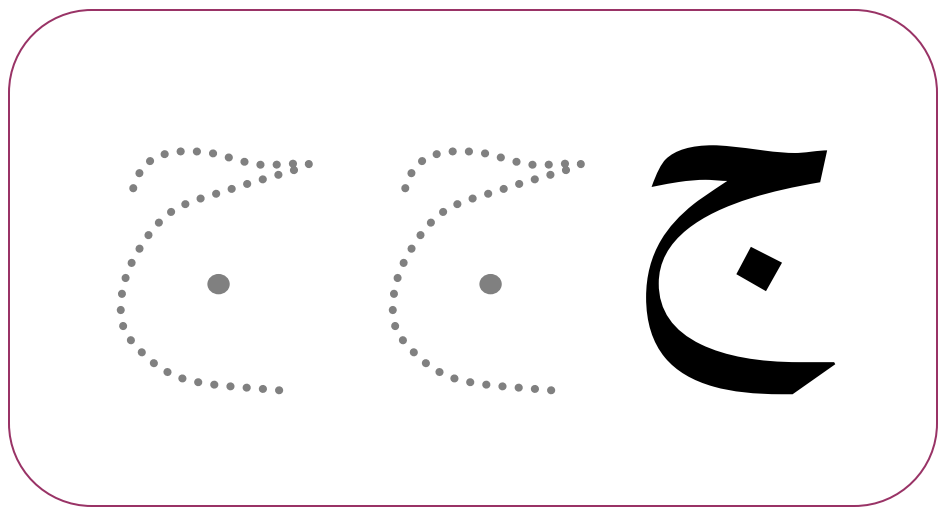


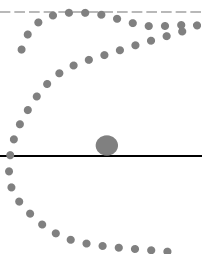
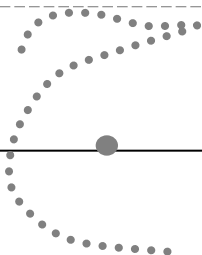
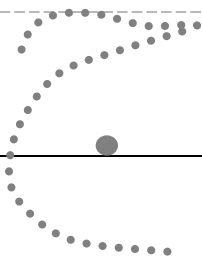
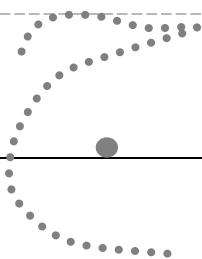
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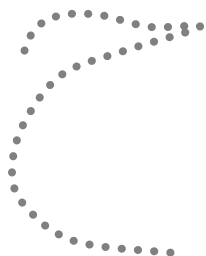
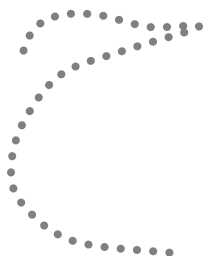
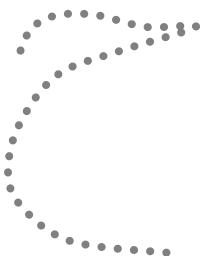
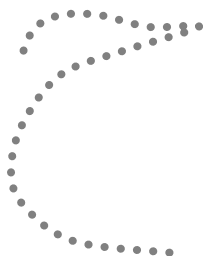
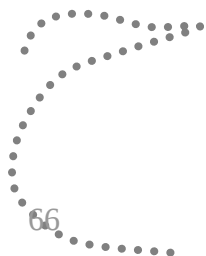
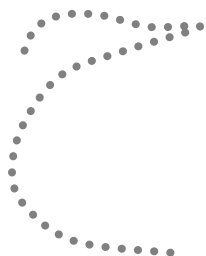
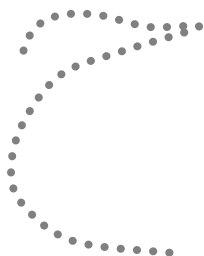
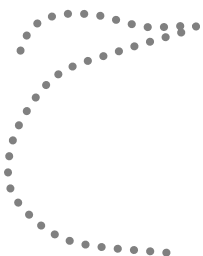
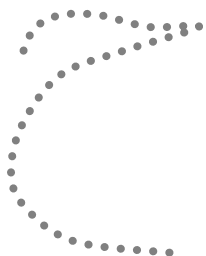
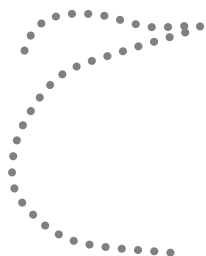
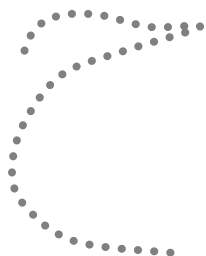
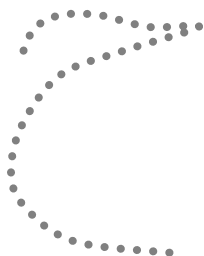
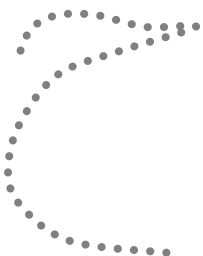
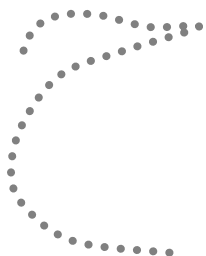
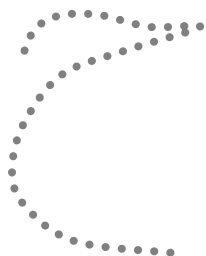
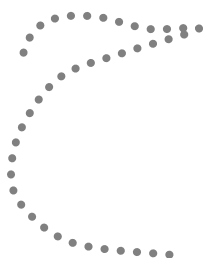
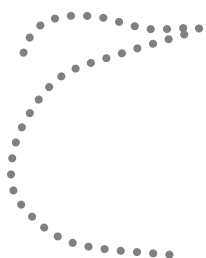
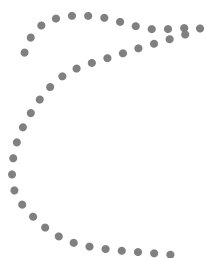
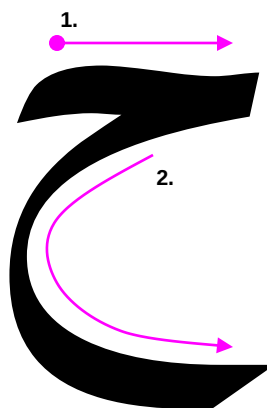


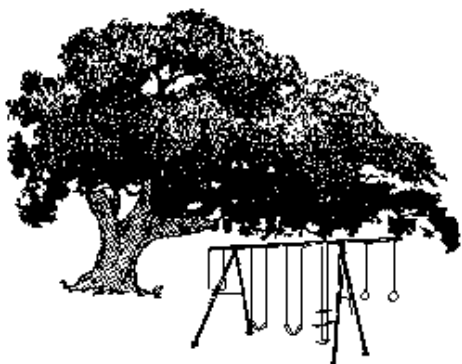




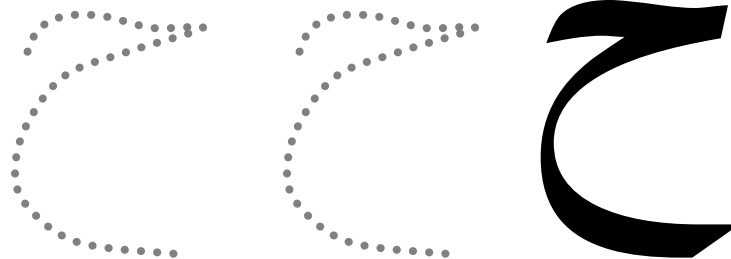


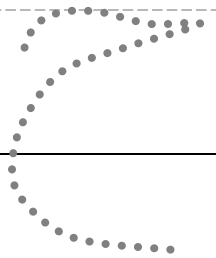
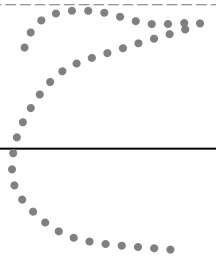
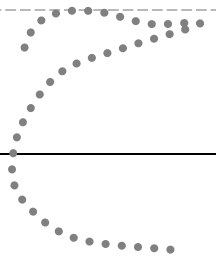
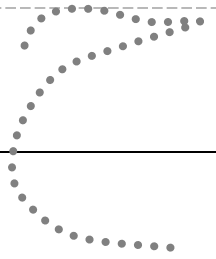
حديقة





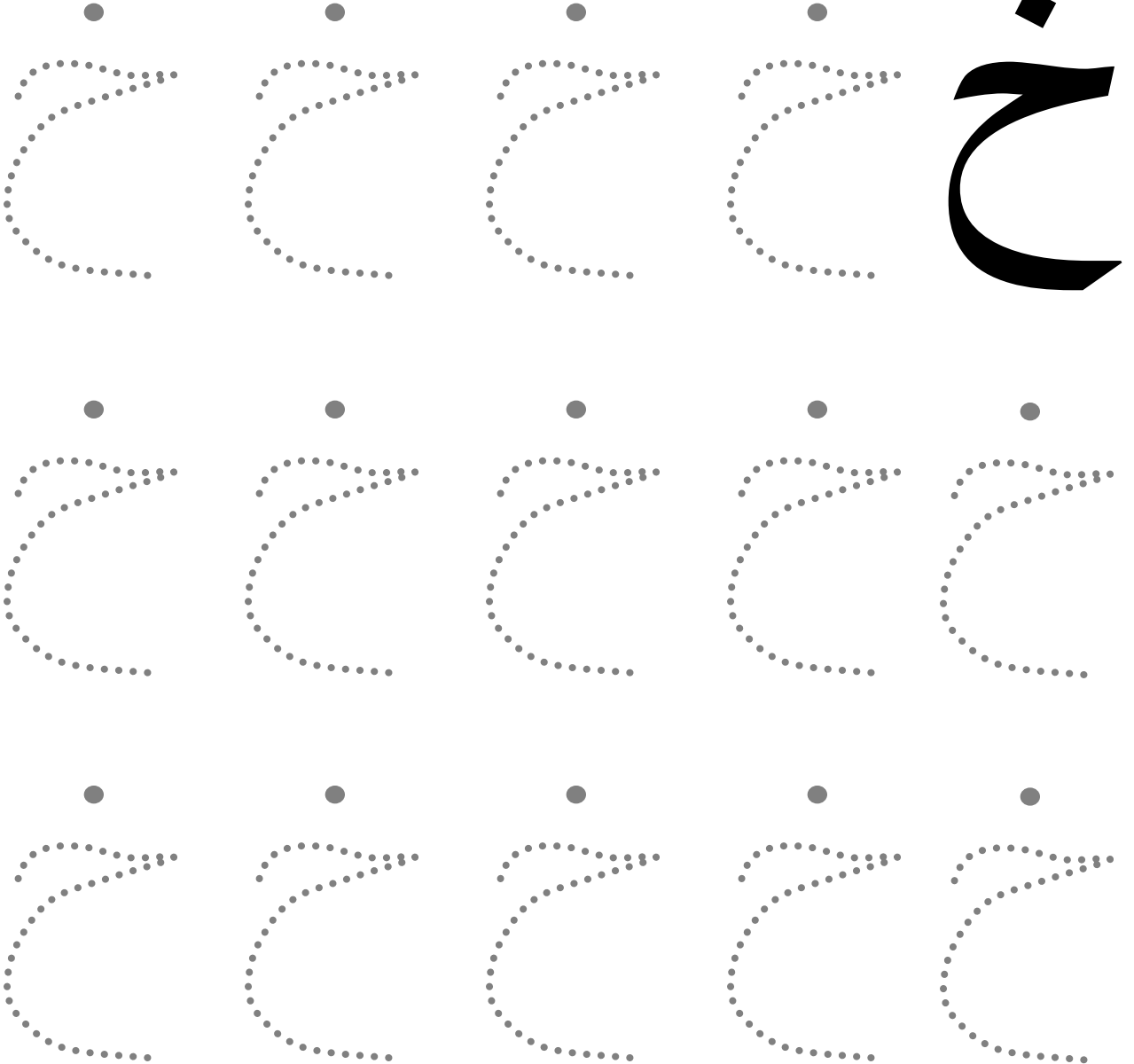
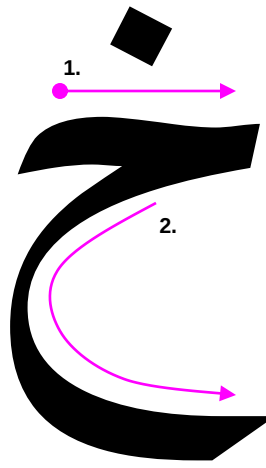
حديقة







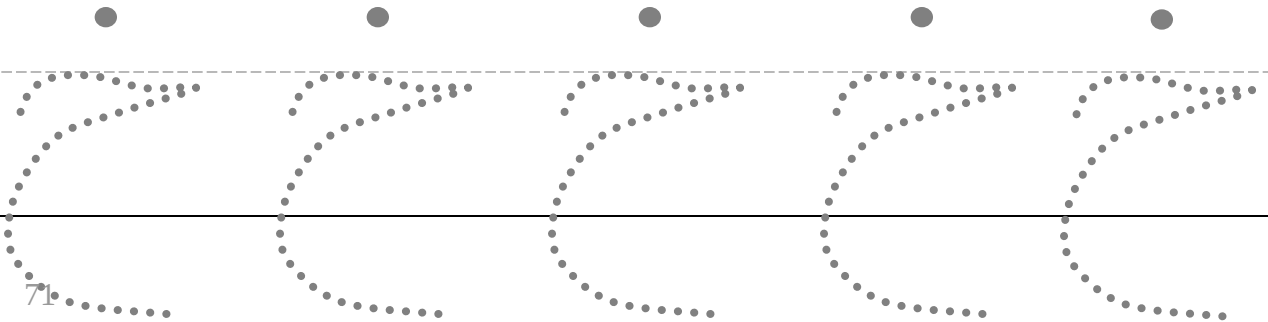
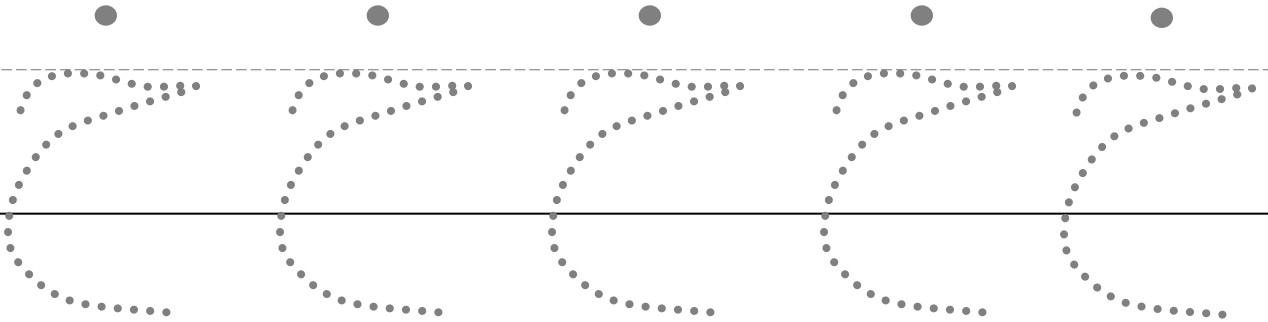
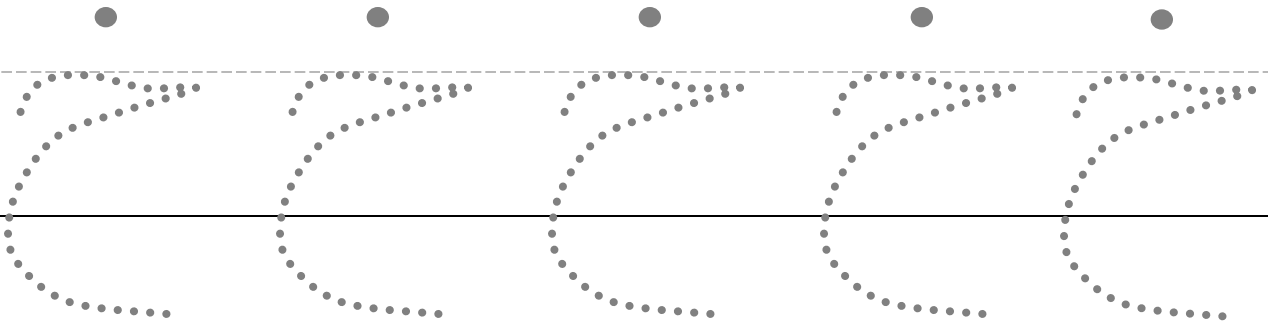
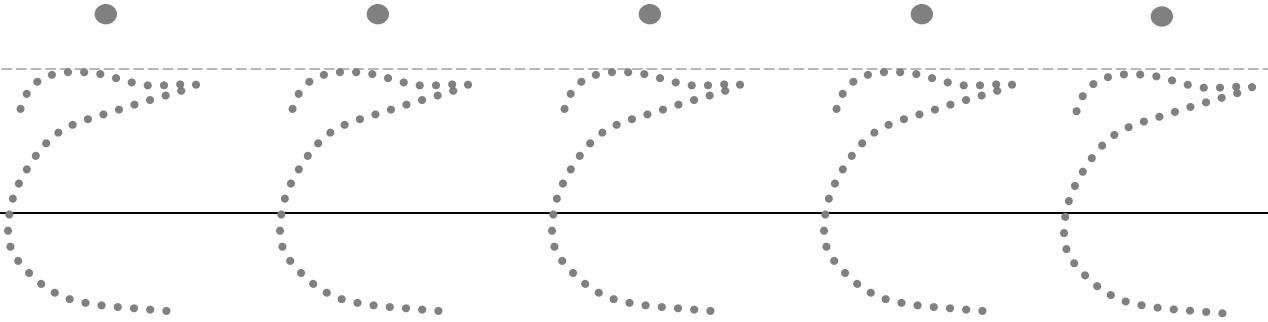
خبز





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Joining the letters :

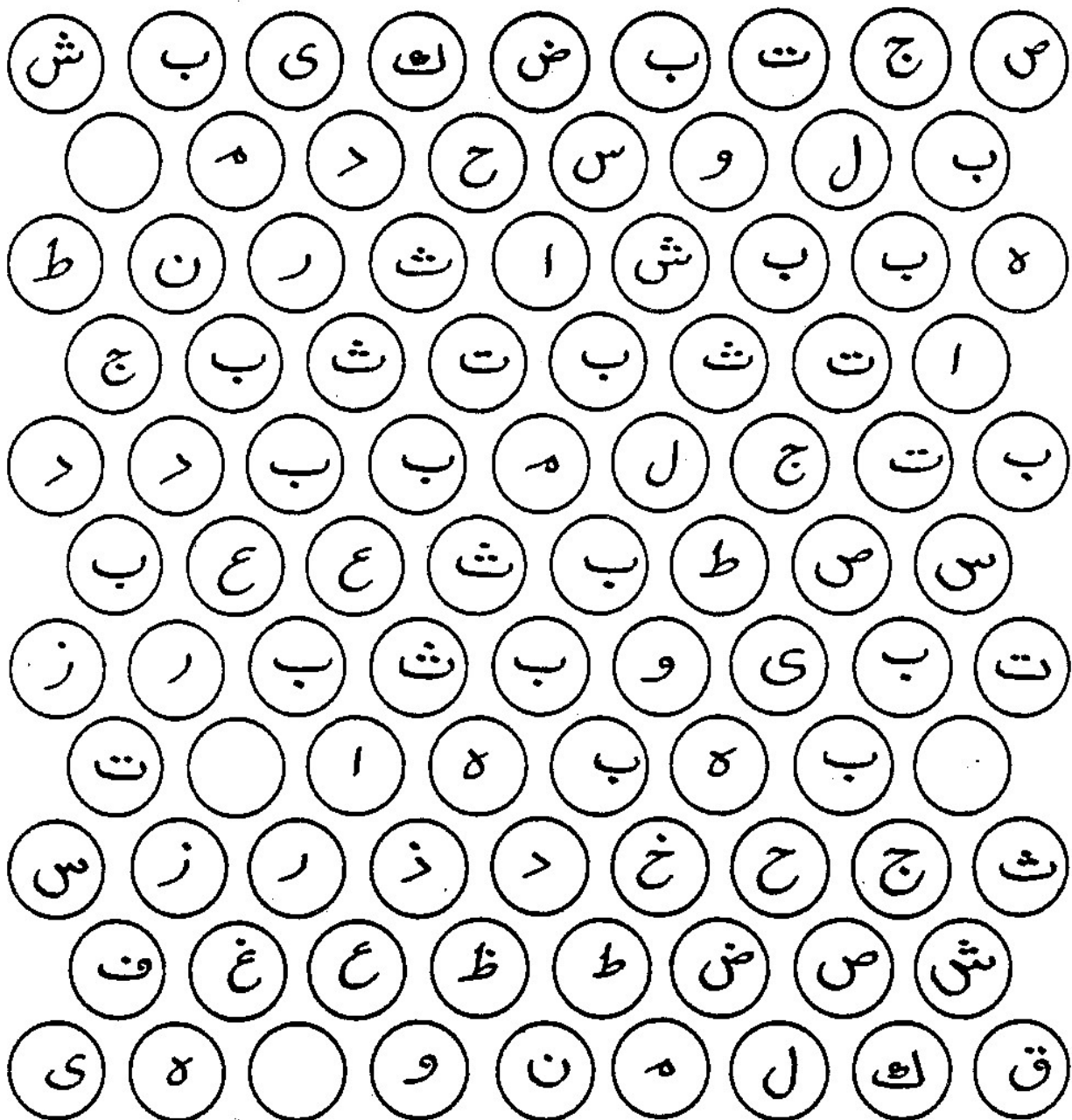
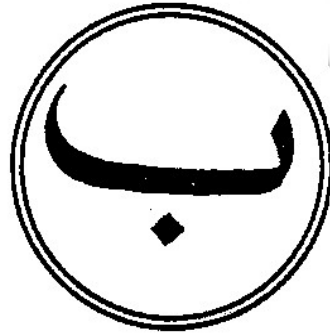
End

Middle

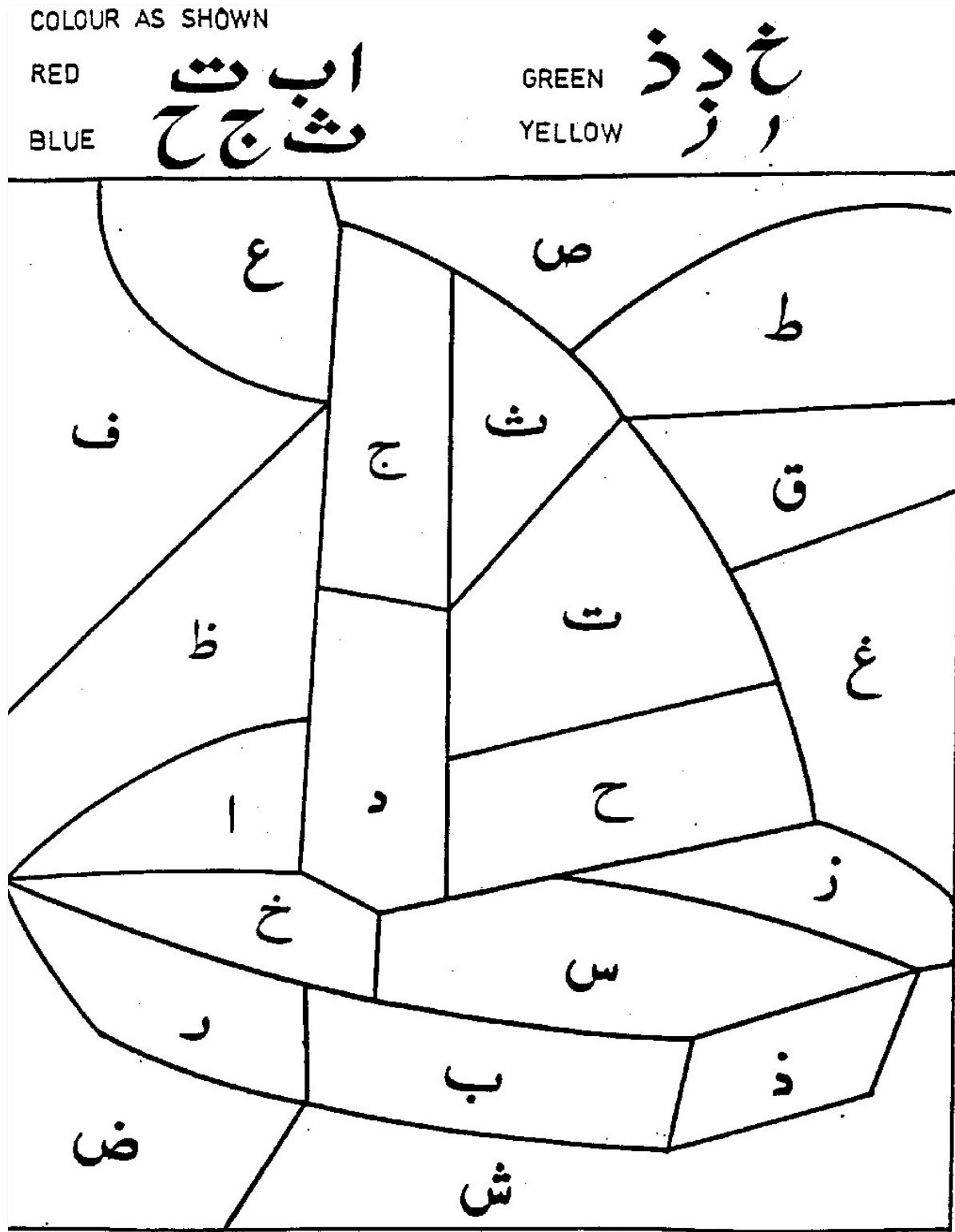
Start

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ب	ب	ب
ت	ت	ت
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Find and Colour Letter 'Baa'

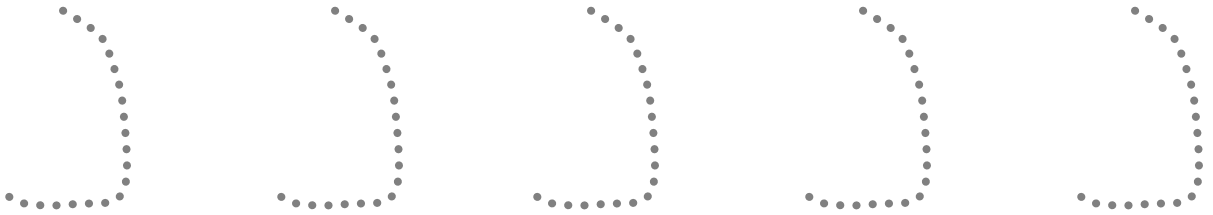
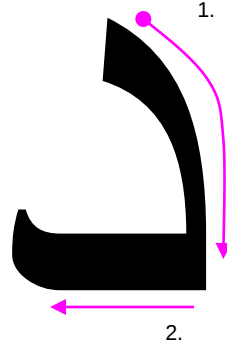


Colour the Boat with different colour for each Harf :



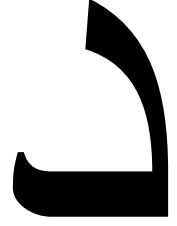


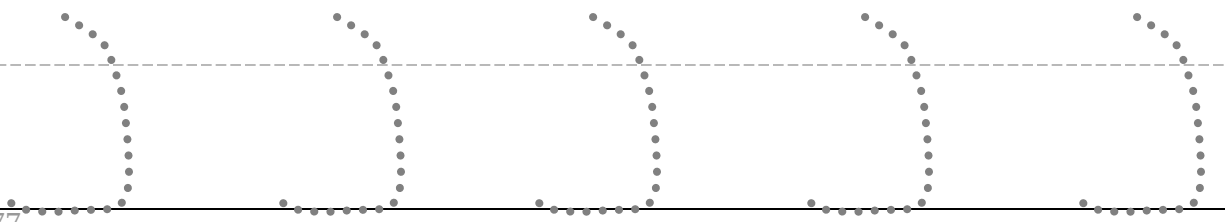
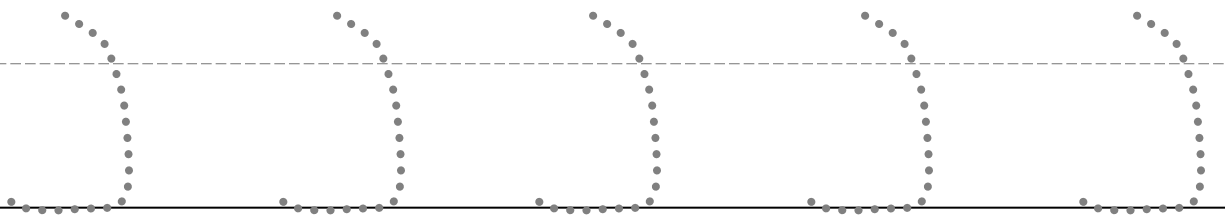
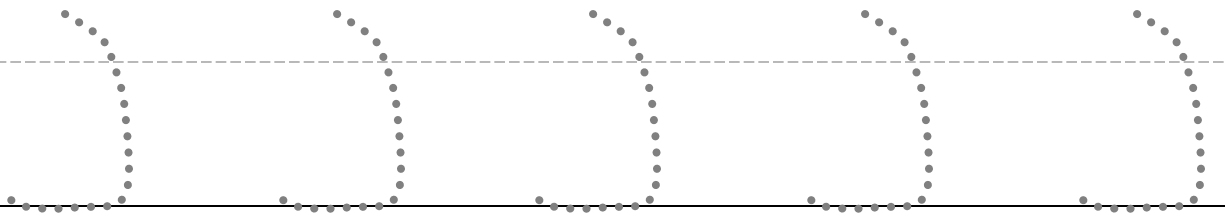
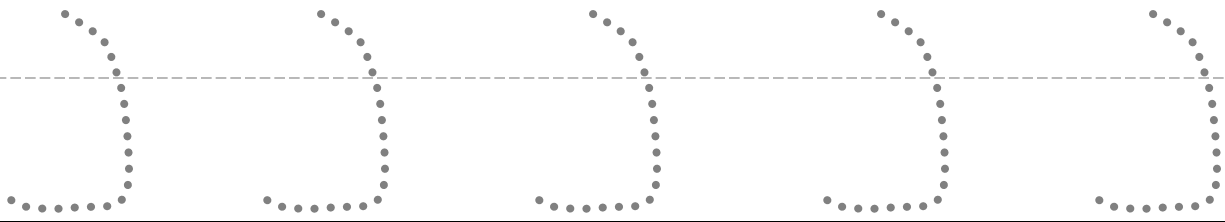
دراجة





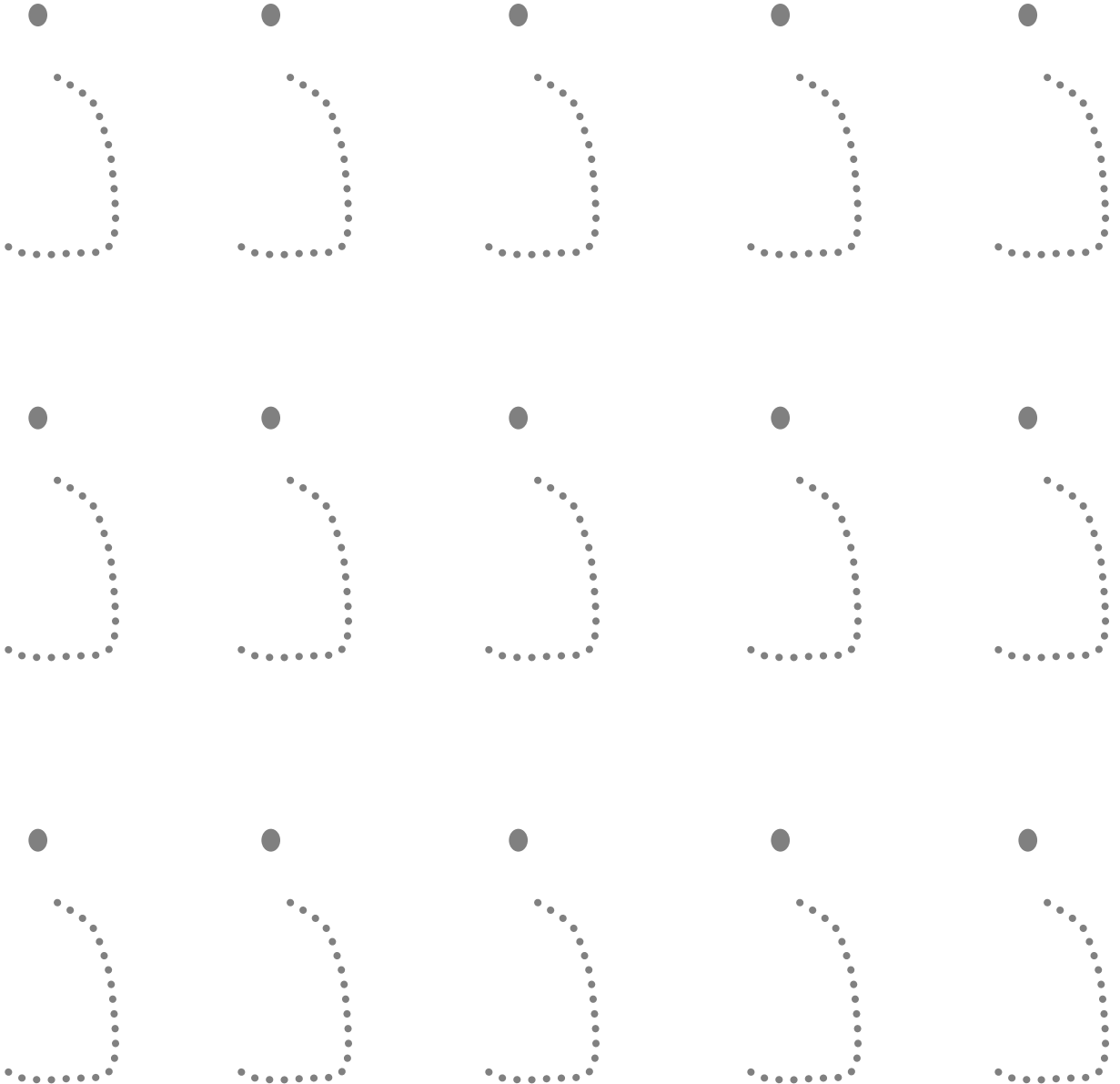
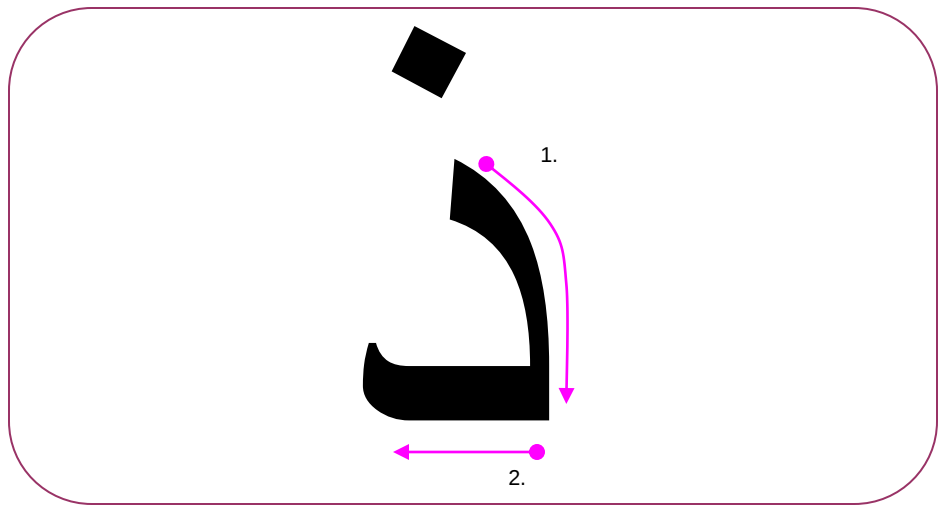
دراجة





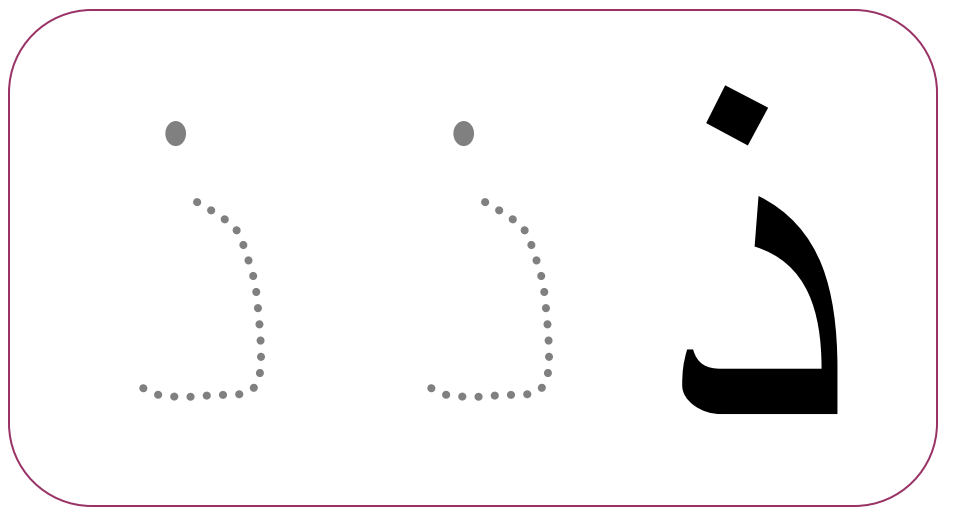


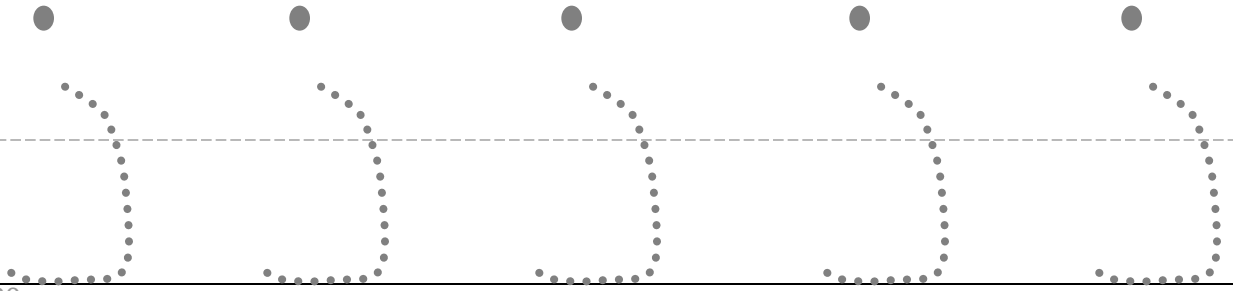
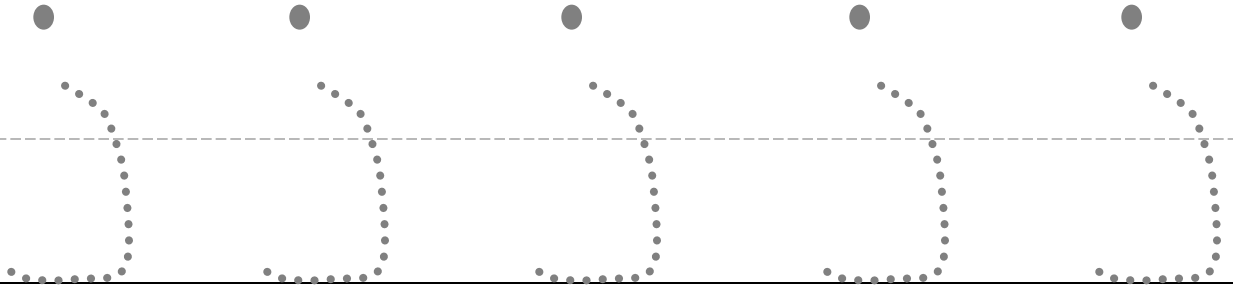
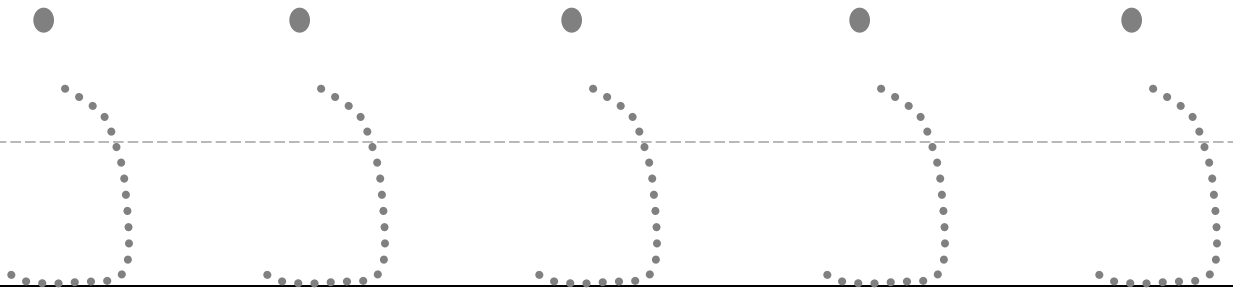
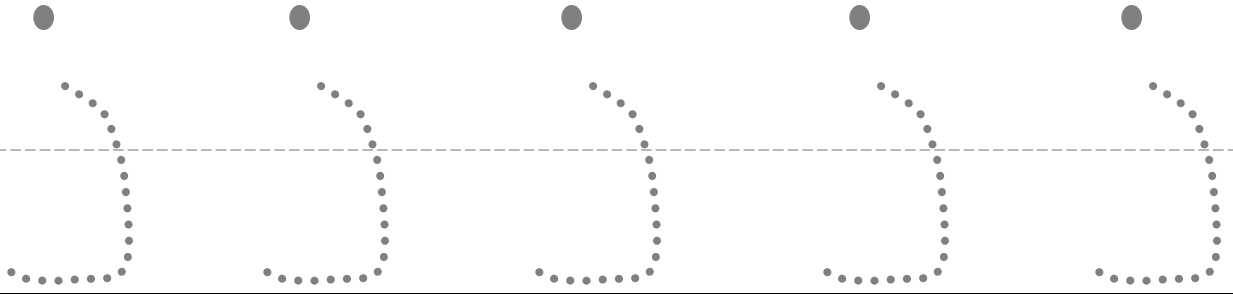
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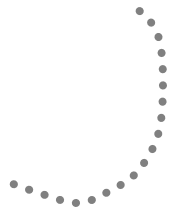
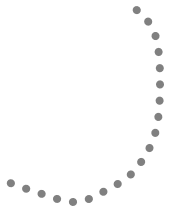
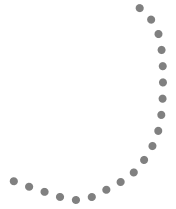
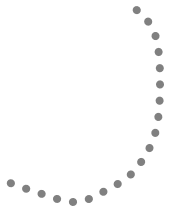
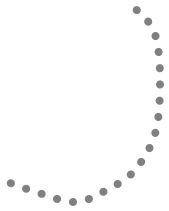
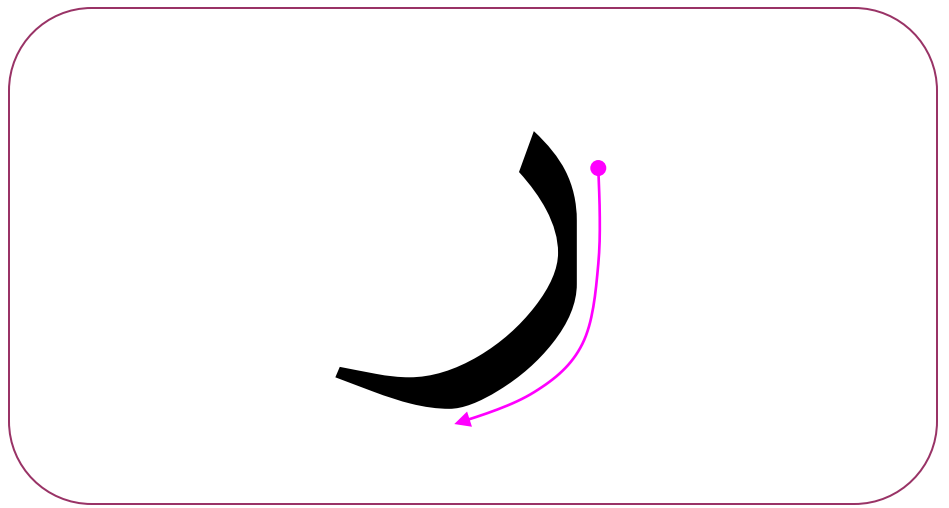
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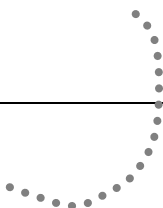
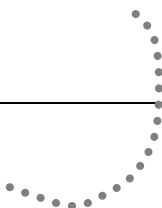
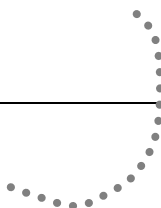
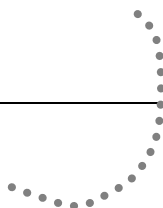
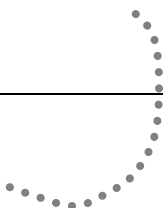
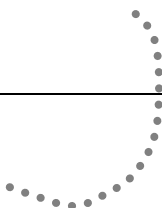
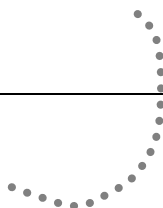
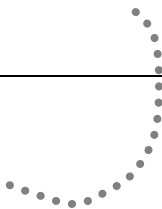
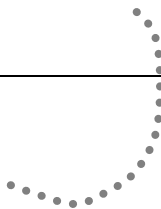
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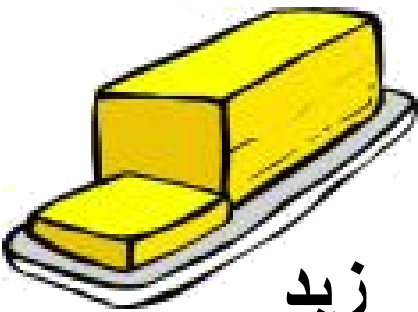




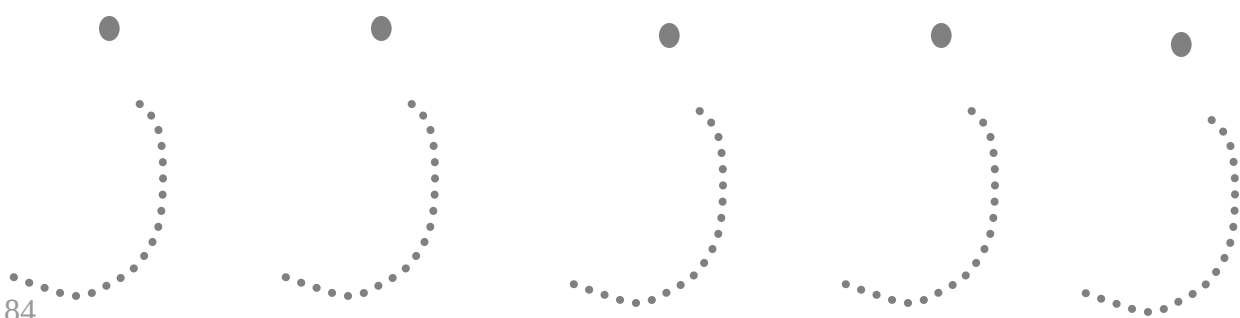
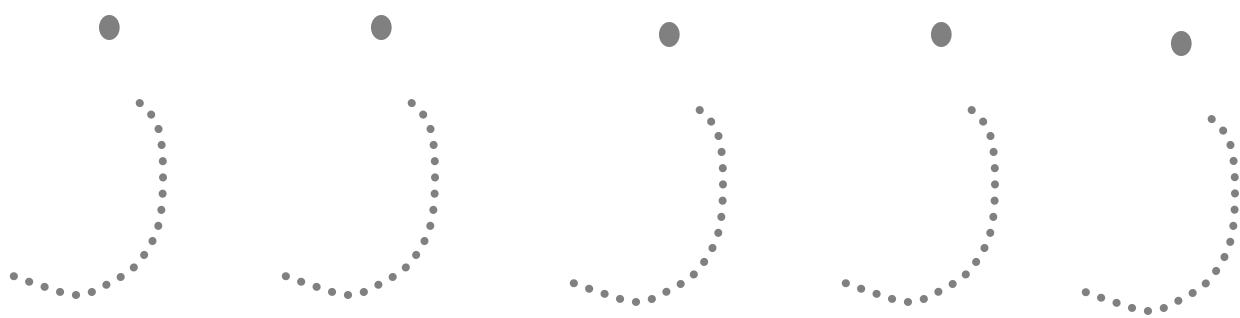
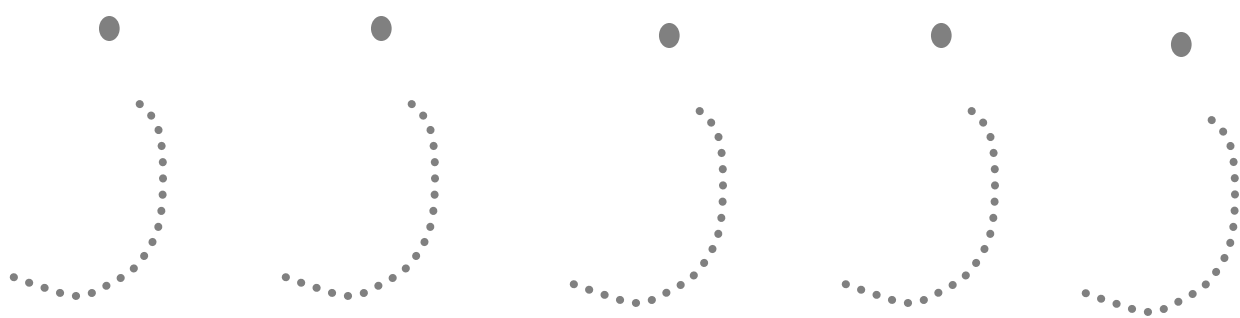
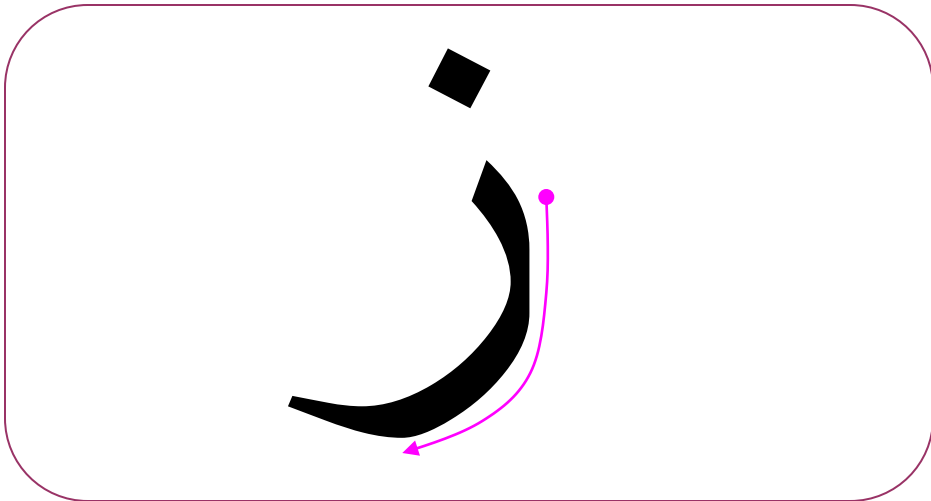
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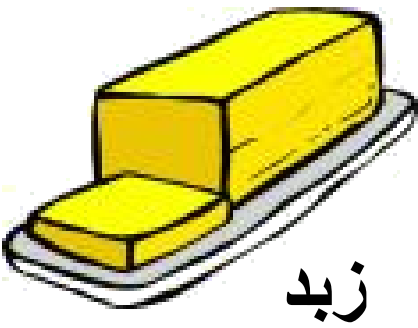




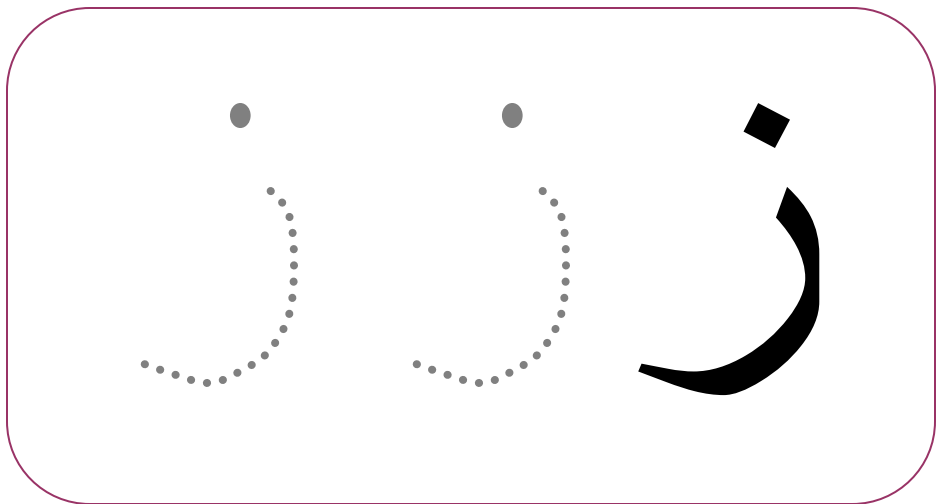


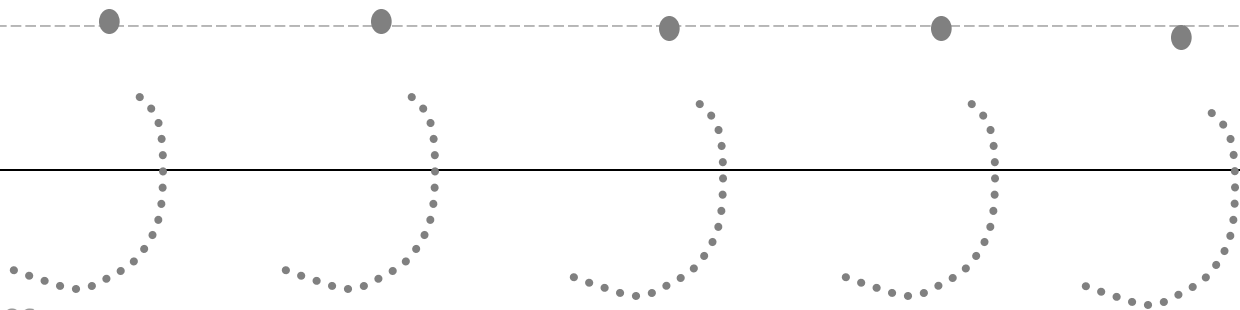
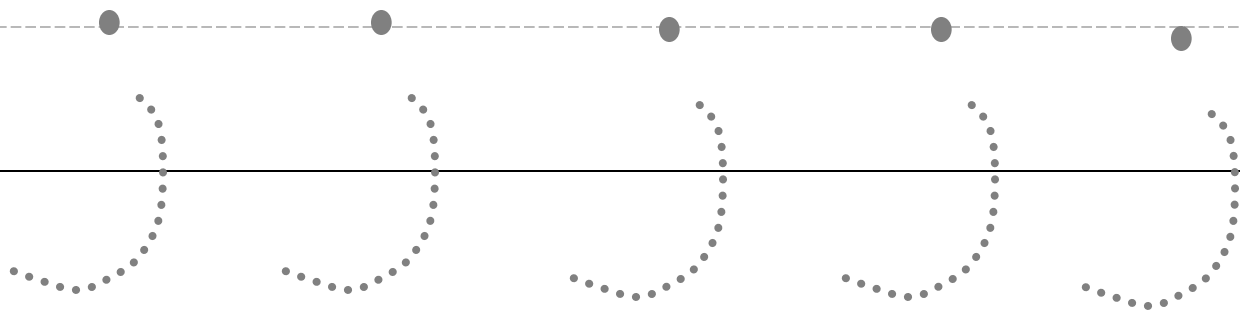
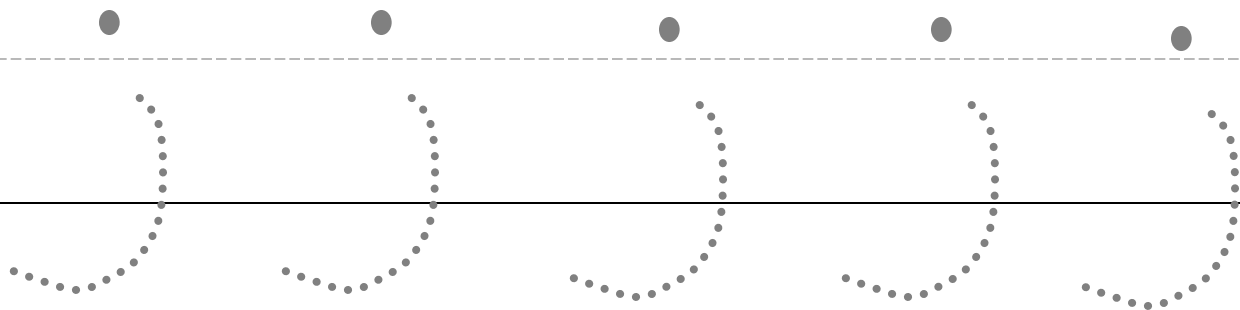
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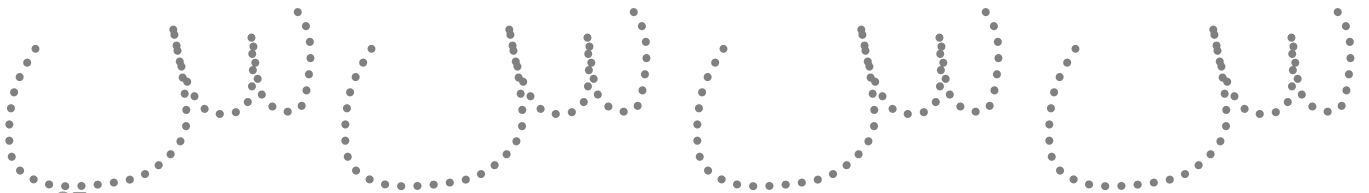
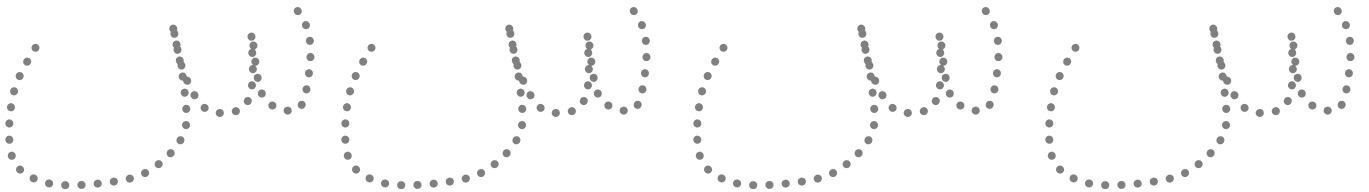
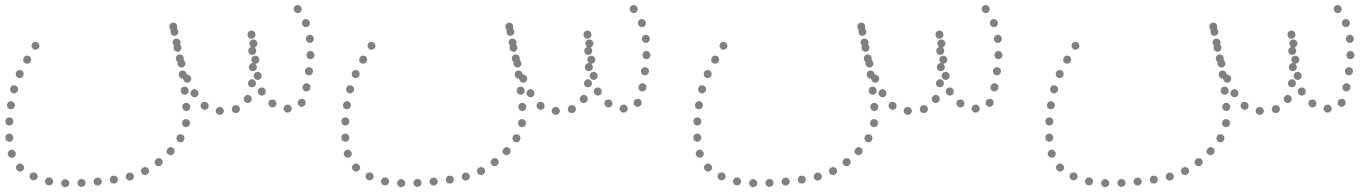
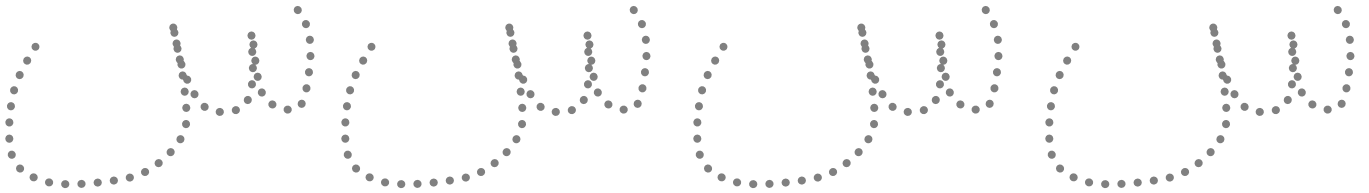
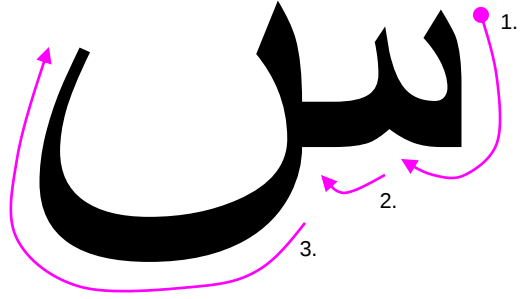
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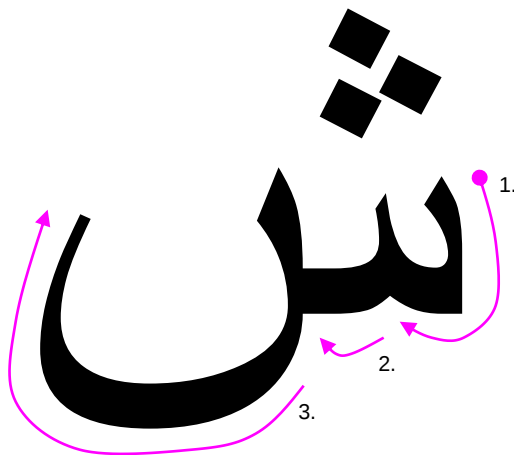
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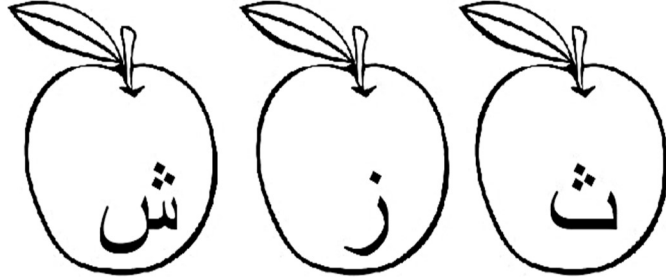
Find similar letters and join



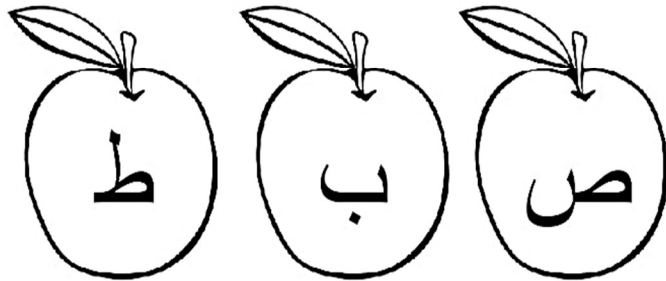
ج	س	ب	ت
خ	ح	س	ث
ح	س	ث	ب
س	خ	ش	س
ح	س	ب	ب
س	ر	ا	س
ر	ذ	س	ز
ذ	ح	ز	ا

Colour the right letter.

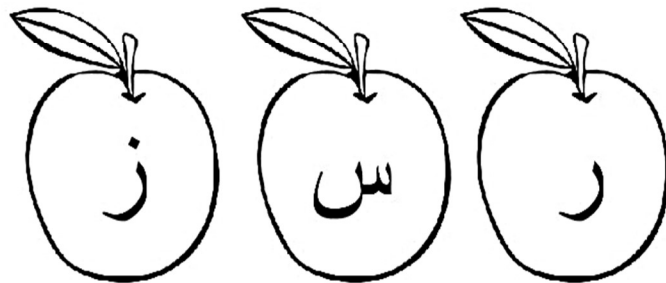
1. shīn



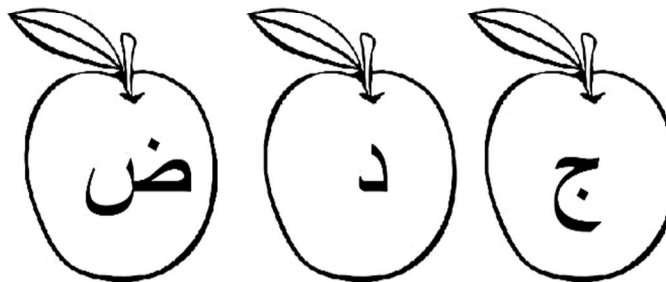
2. ṣād

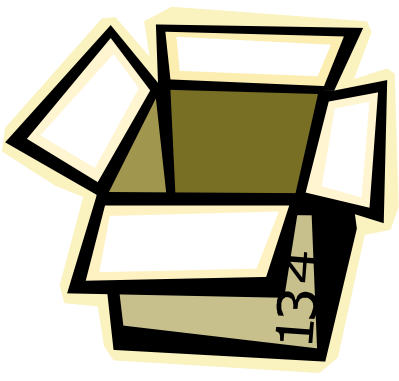


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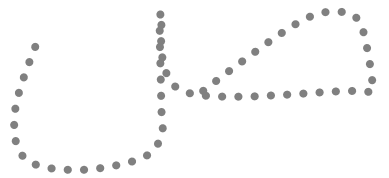
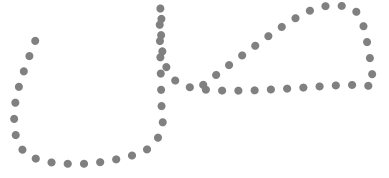
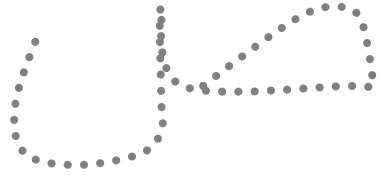
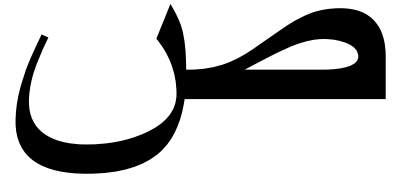
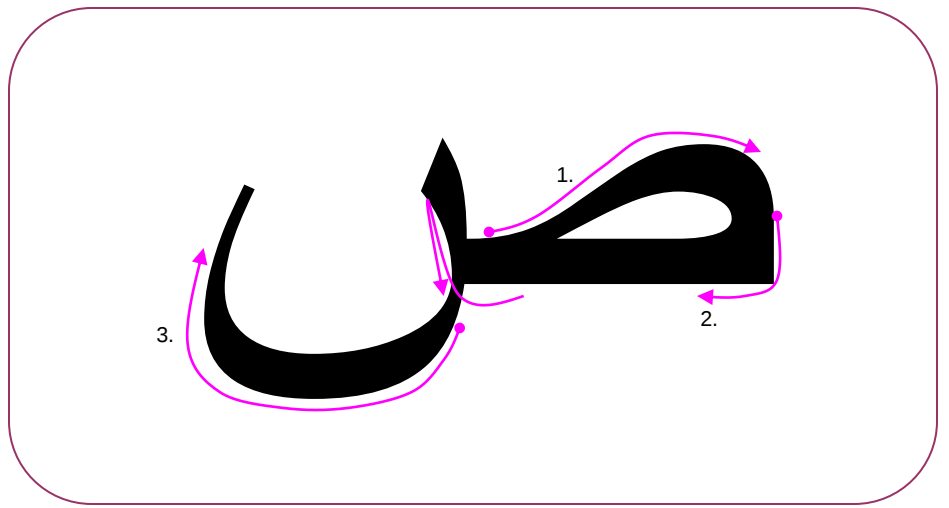


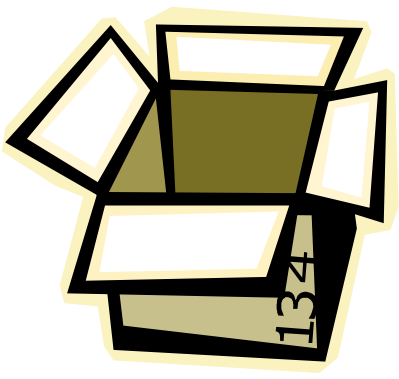
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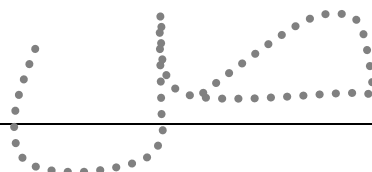
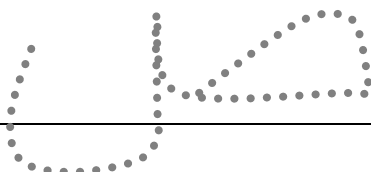
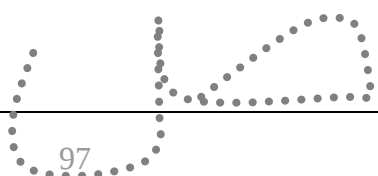
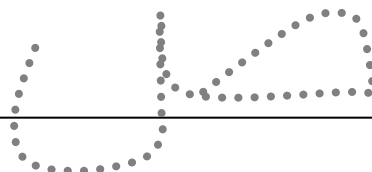
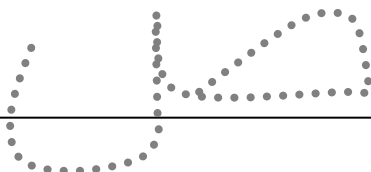
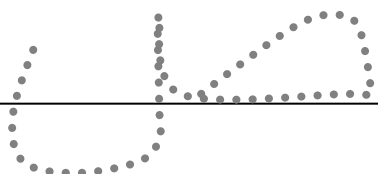
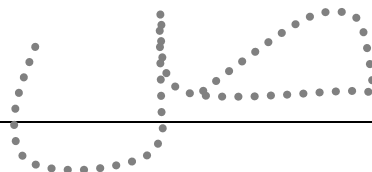
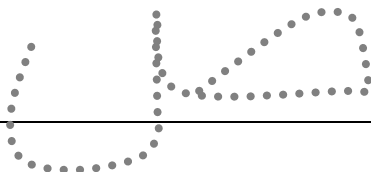
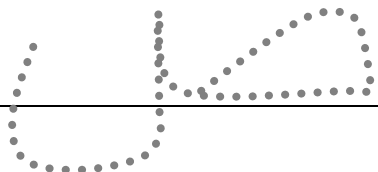
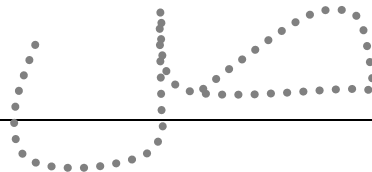
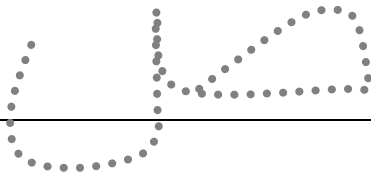
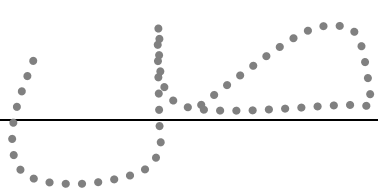
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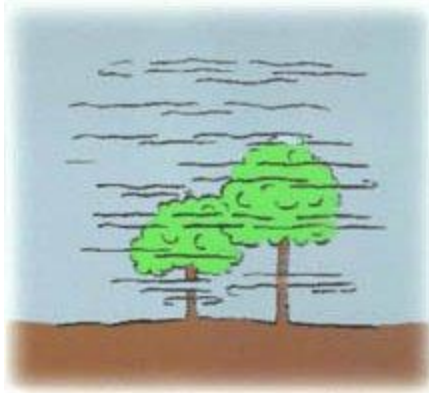




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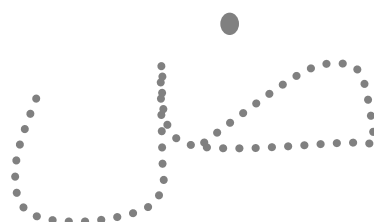
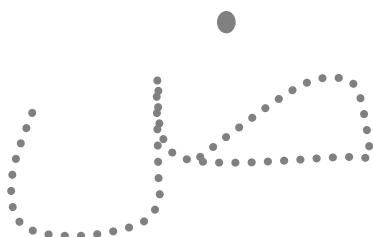
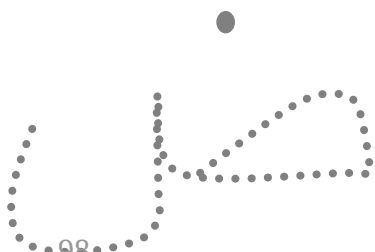
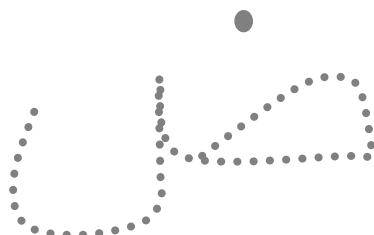
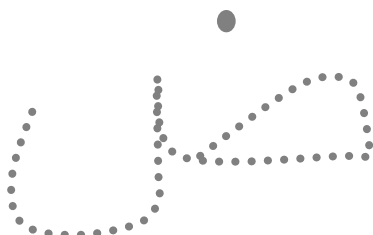
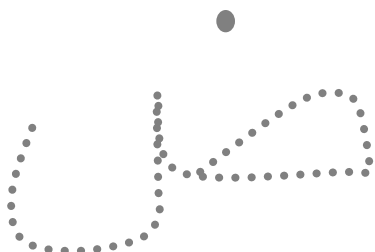
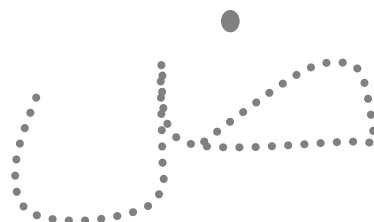
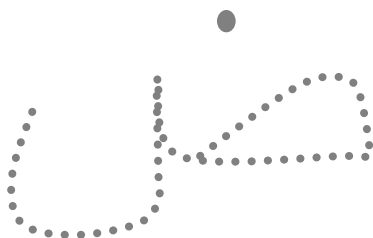
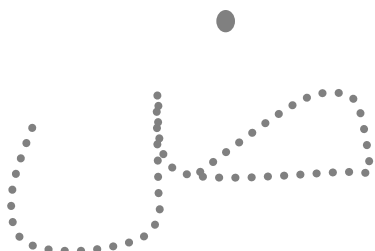
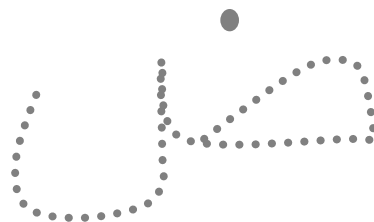
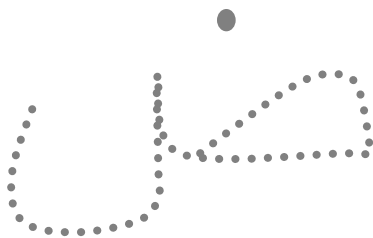
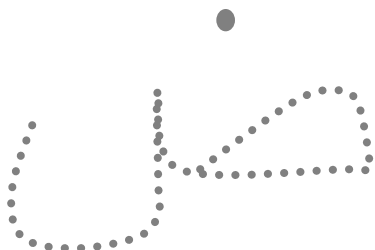
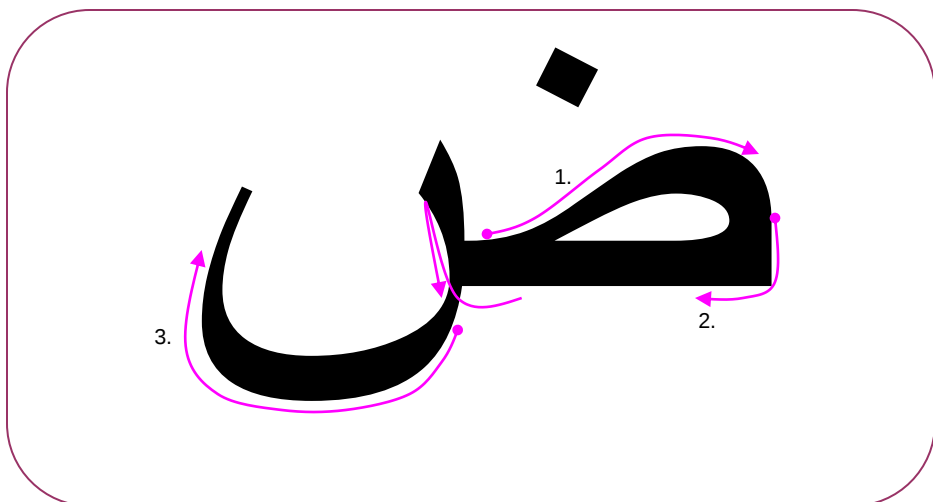
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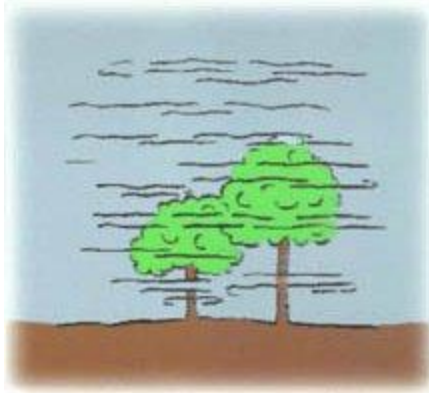




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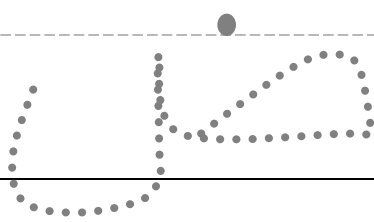
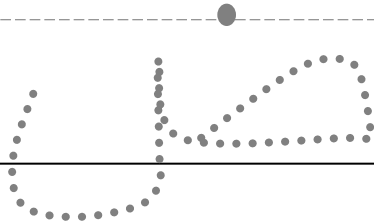
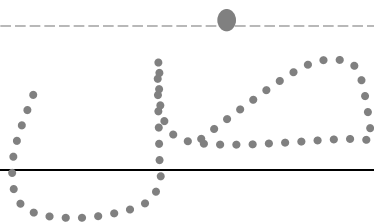
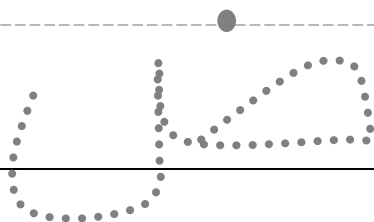




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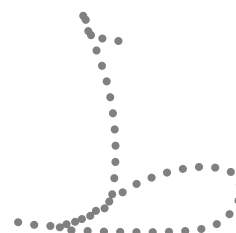
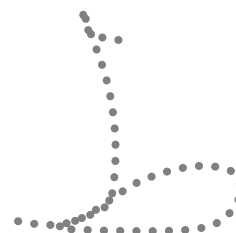
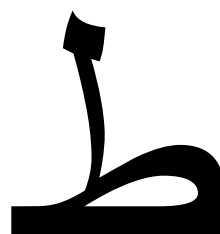
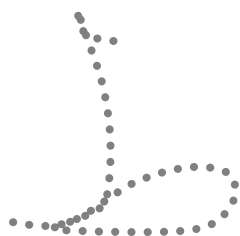
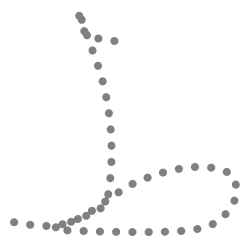
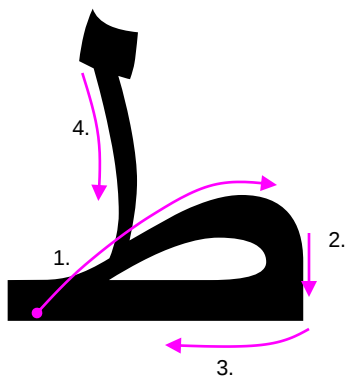
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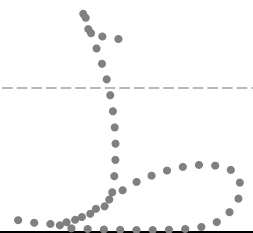
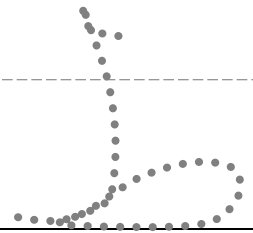
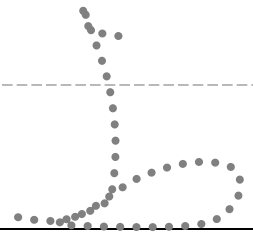
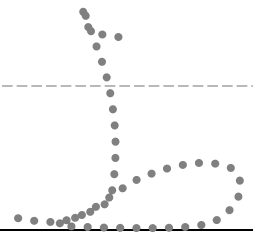
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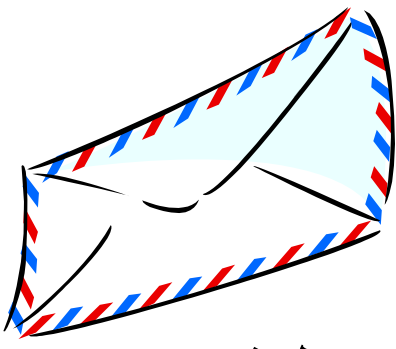




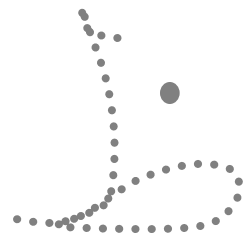
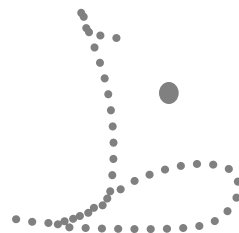
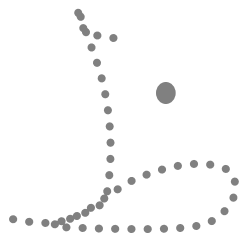
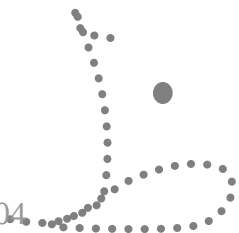
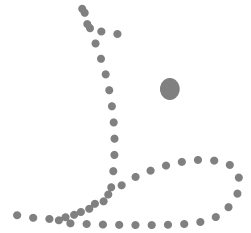
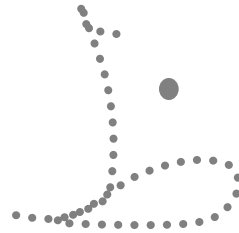
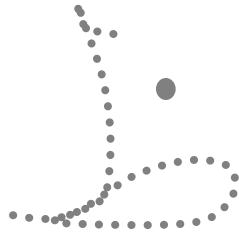
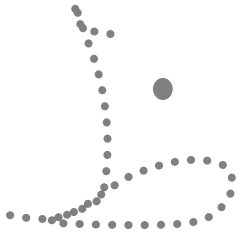
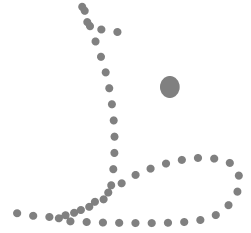
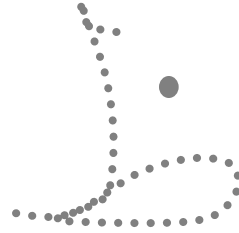
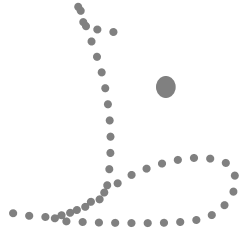
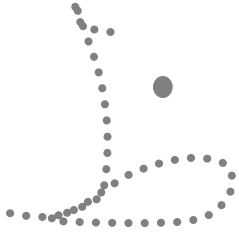
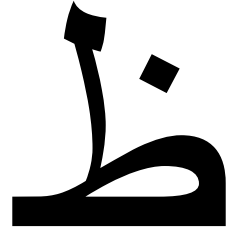
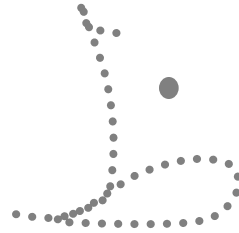
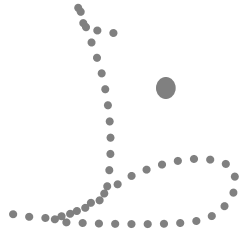
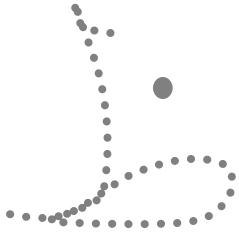
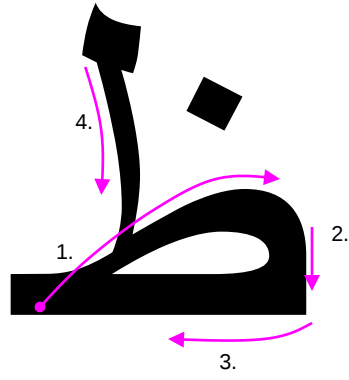
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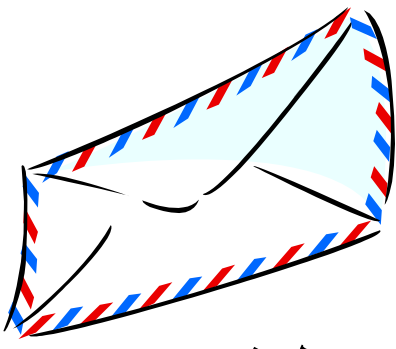
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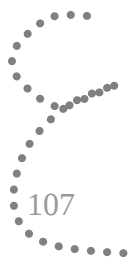
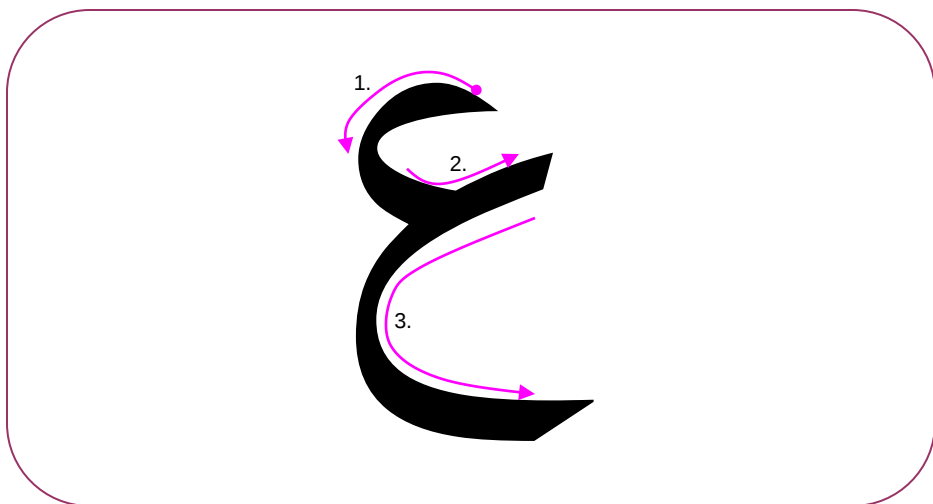
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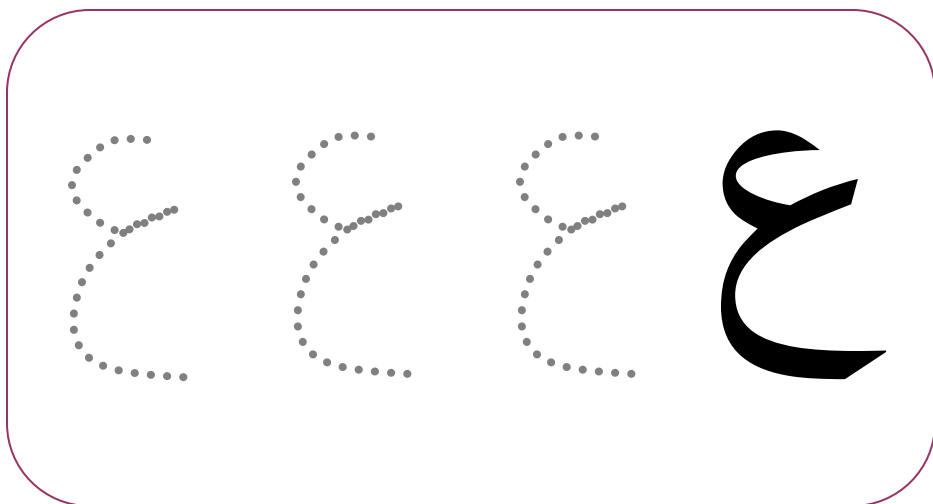
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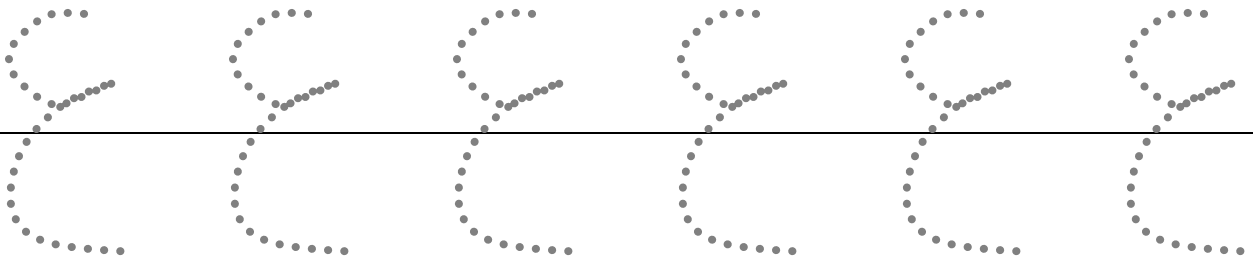
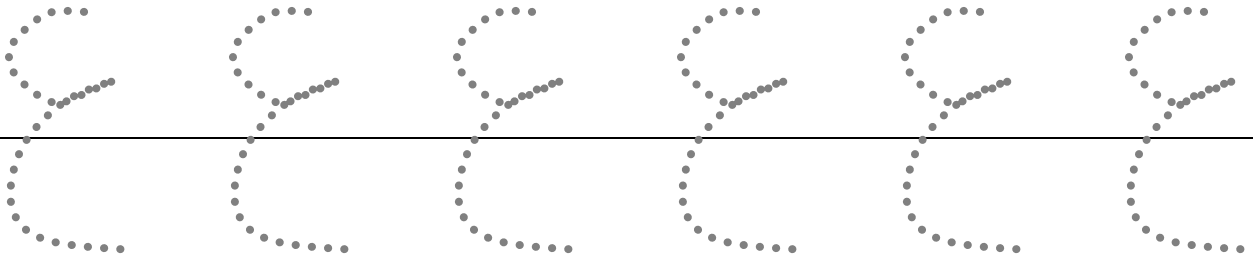
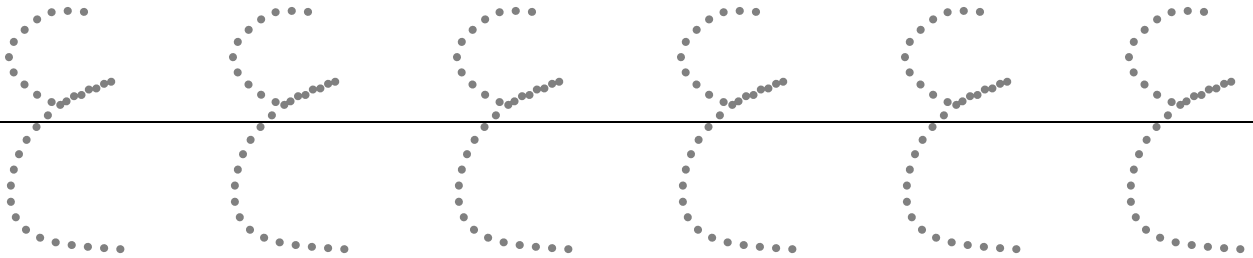
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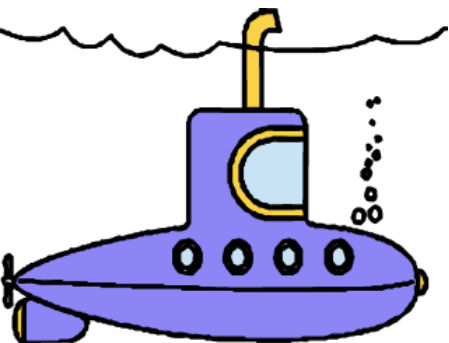
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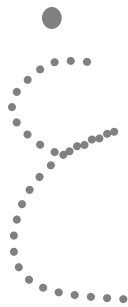
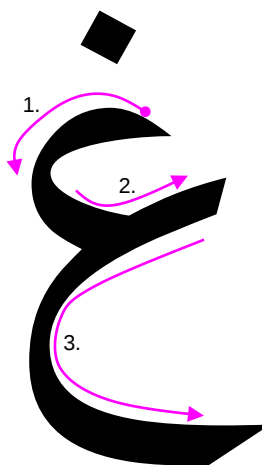


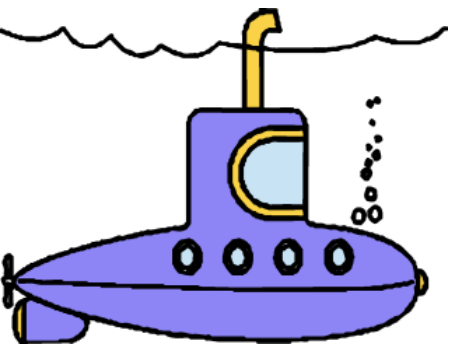






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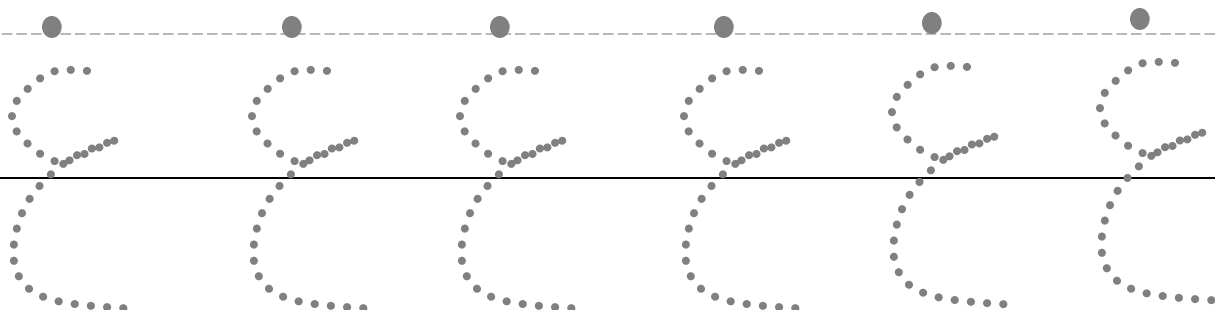
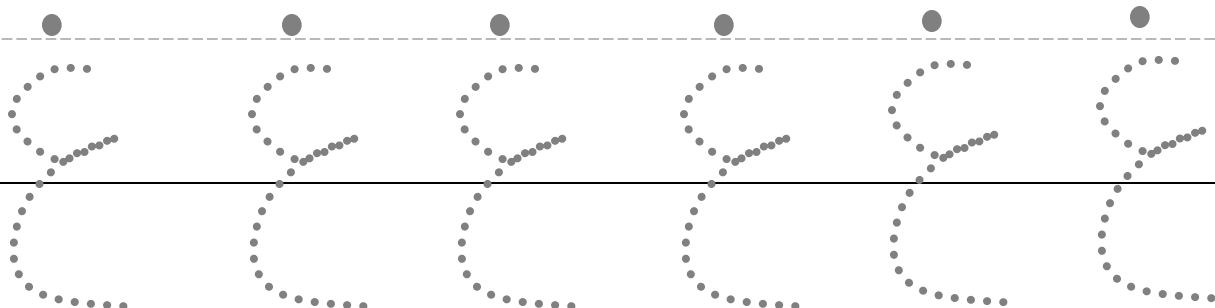
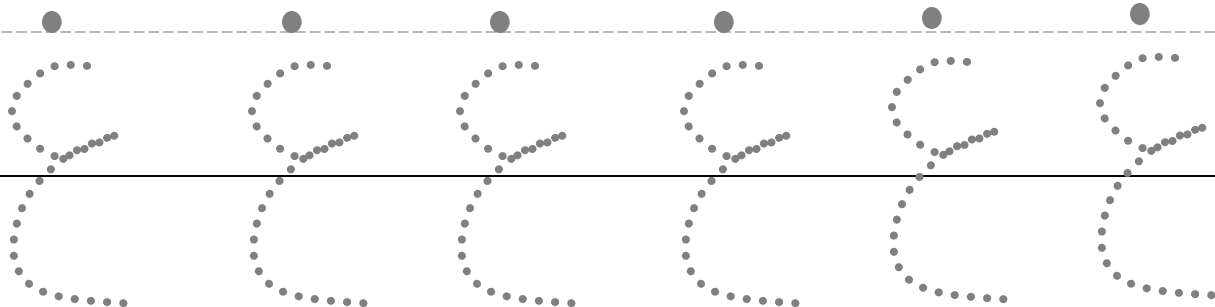
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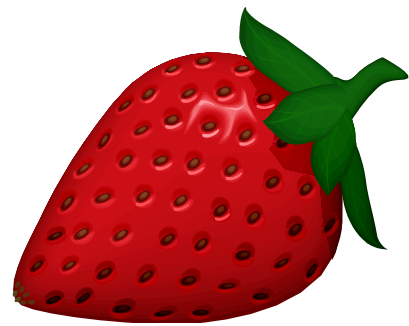
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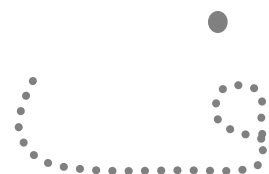
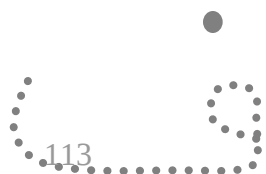
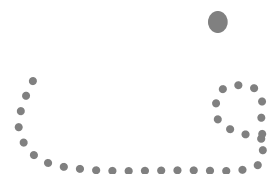
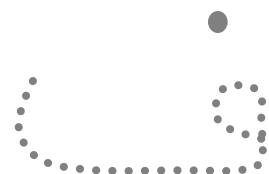
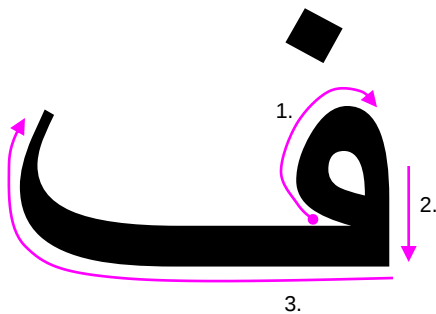
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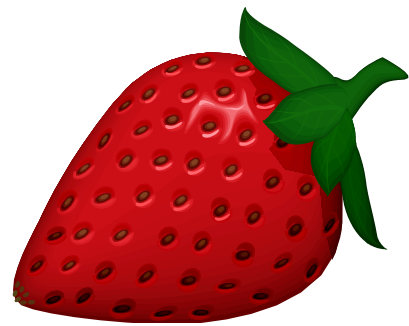
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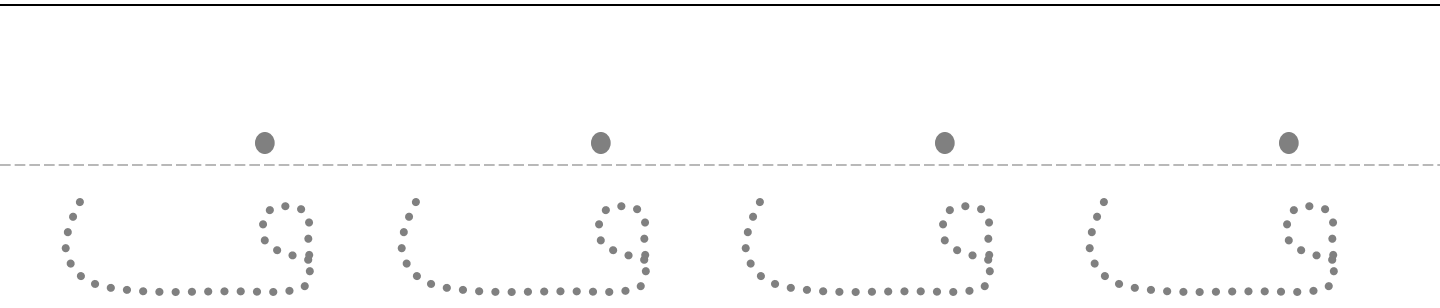
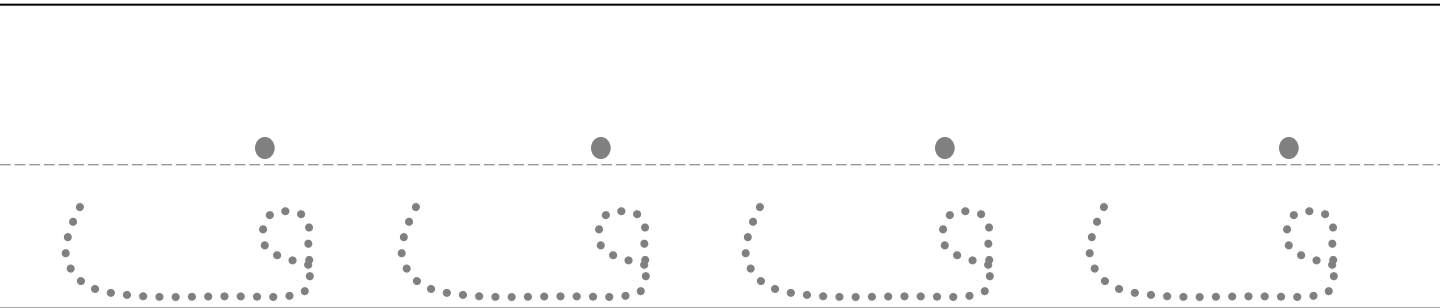
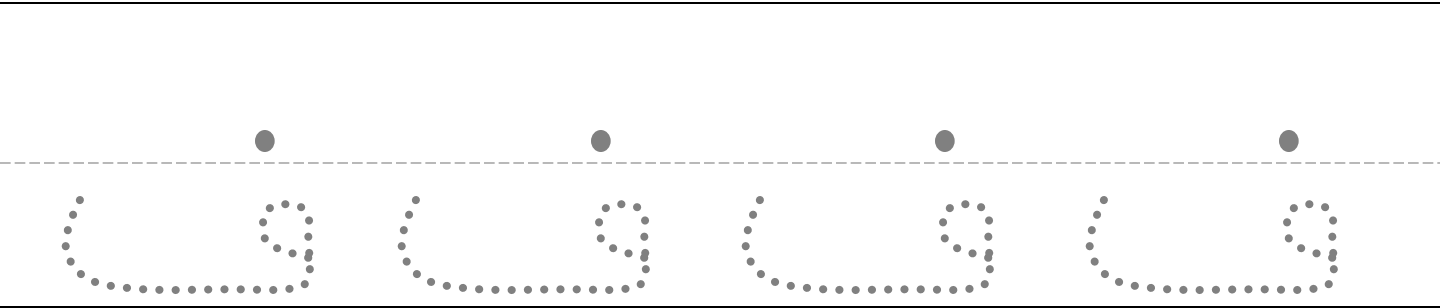
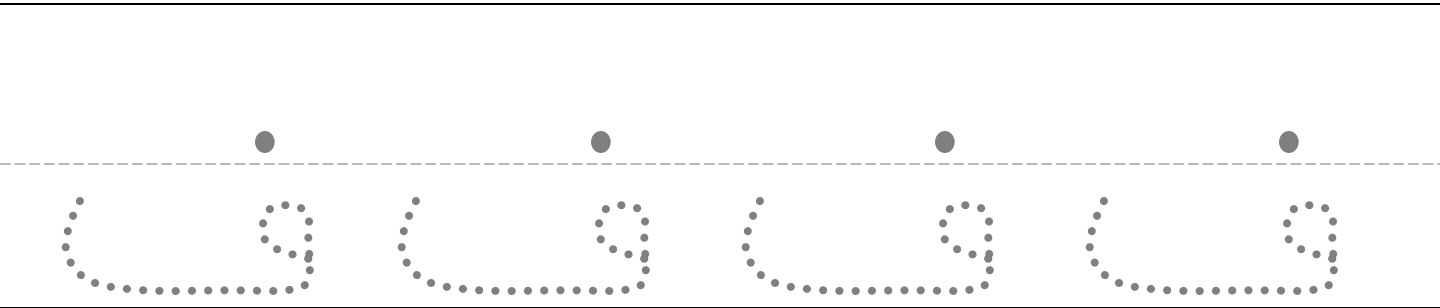
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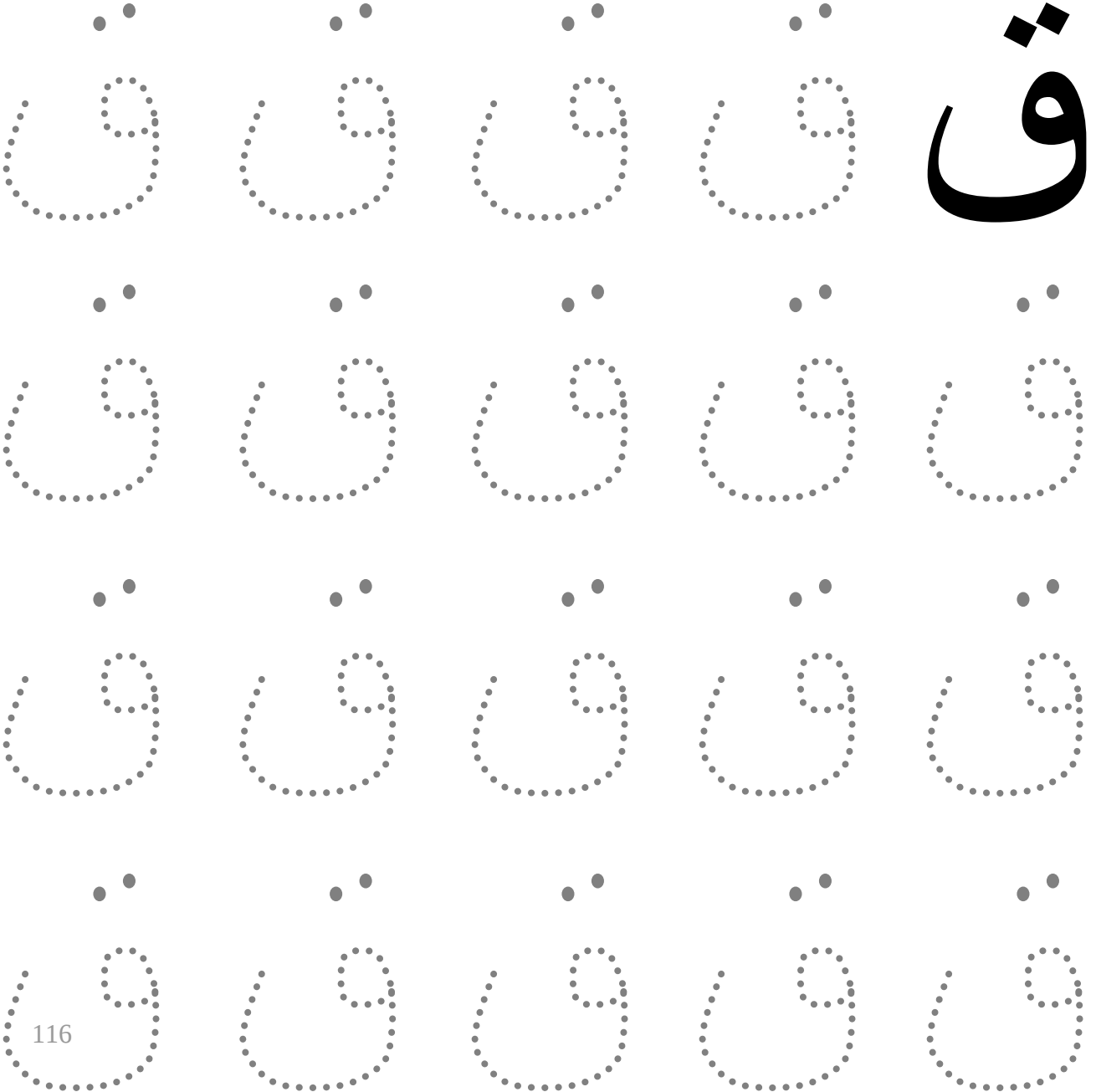
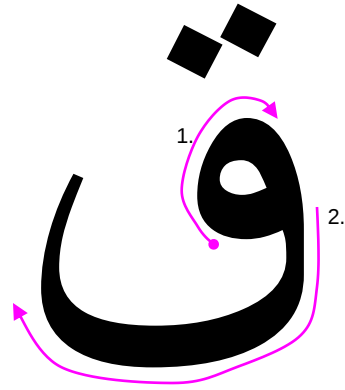




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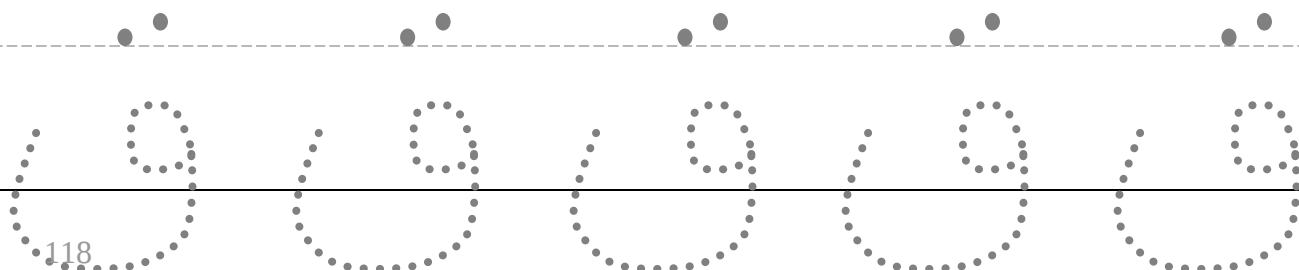
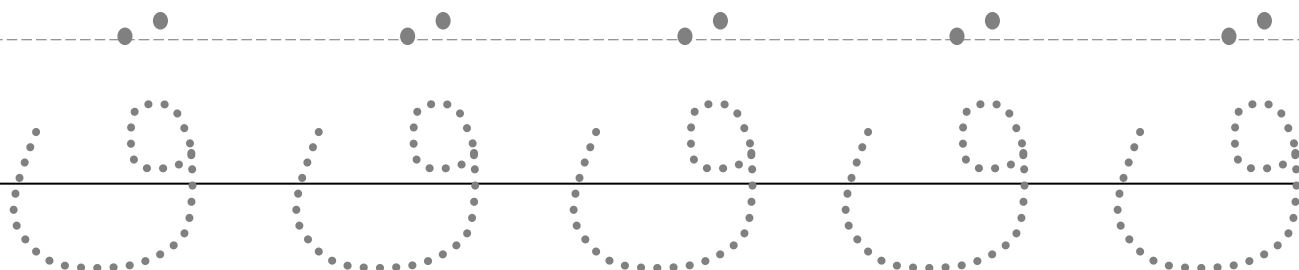
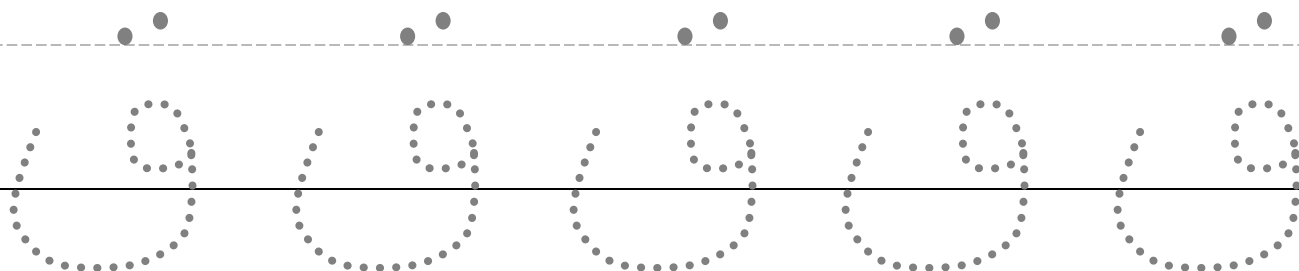
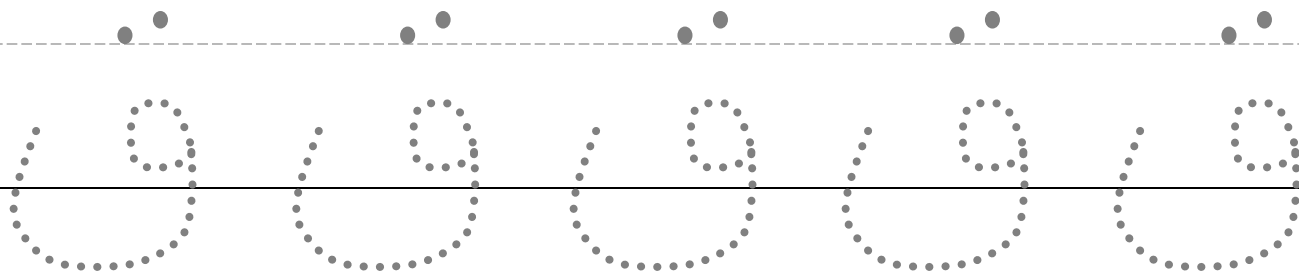
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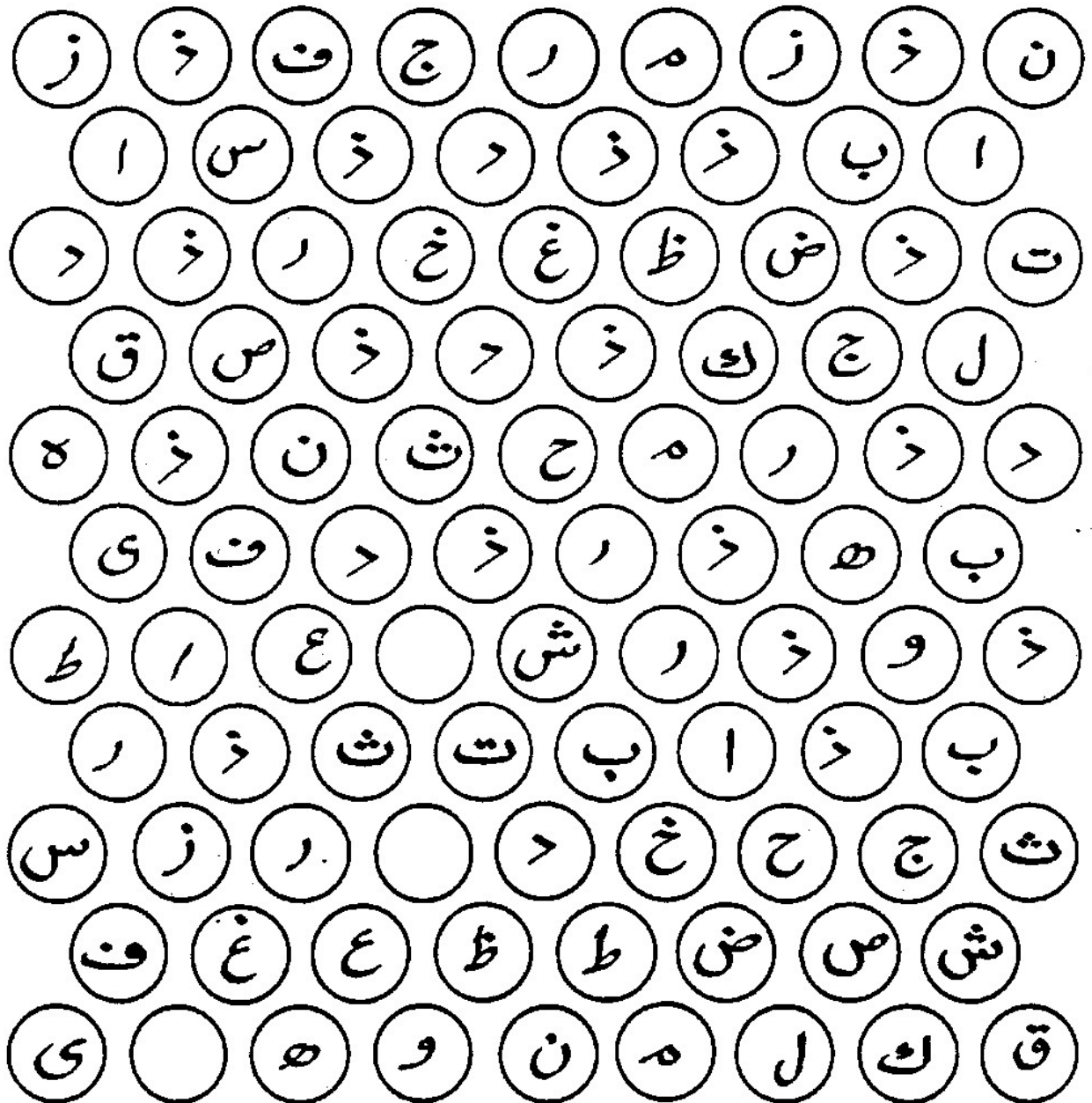
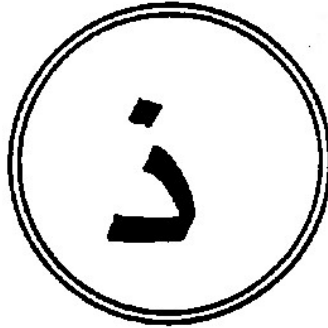




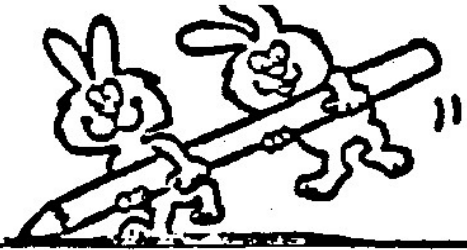
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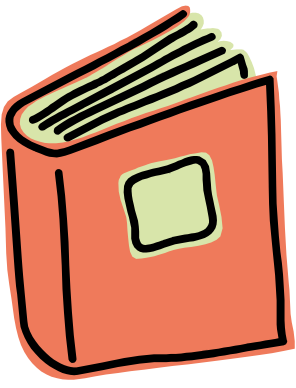
Find and colour letter 'dhaal'



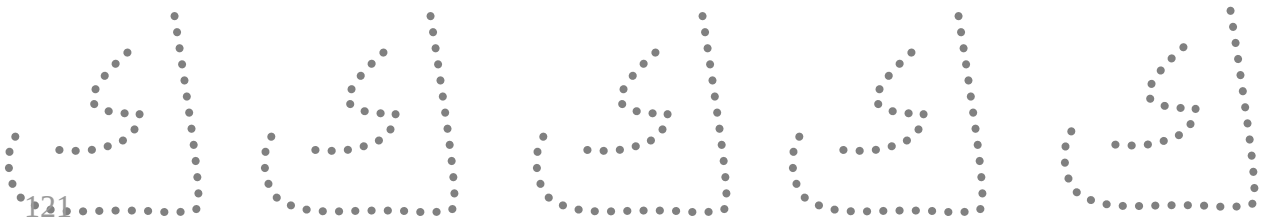
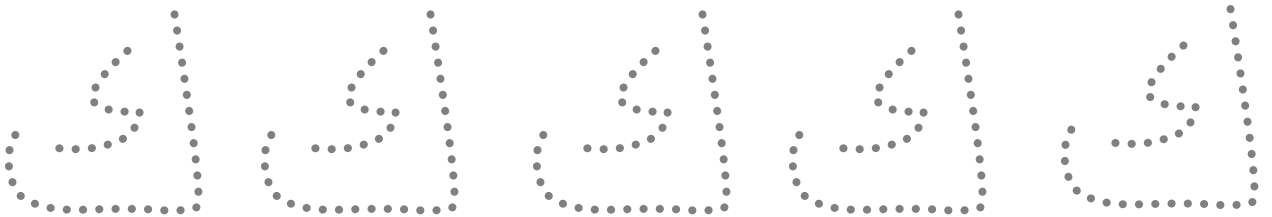
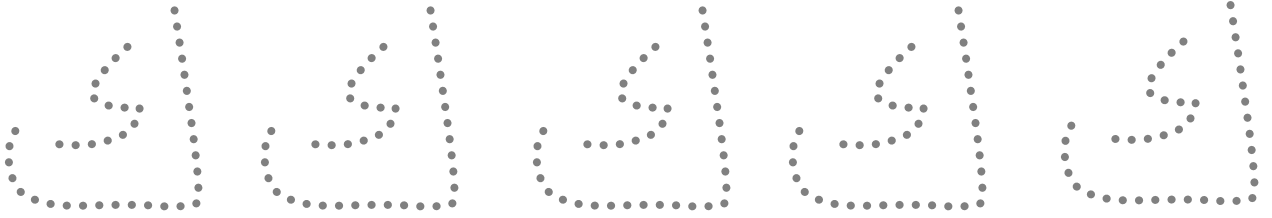
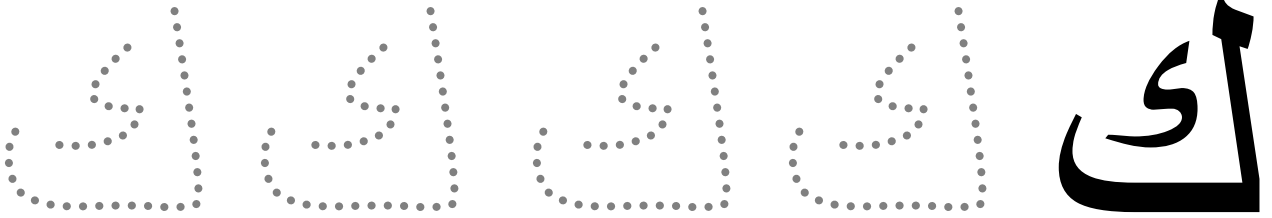
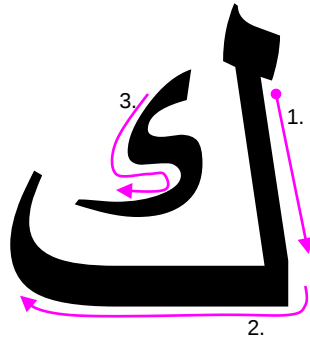
Find Similar letters and Join

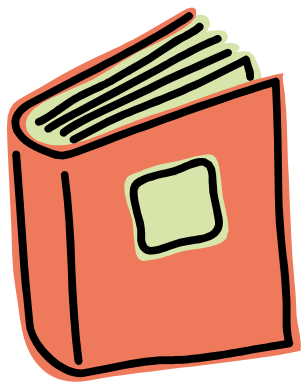


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ب	ب	ح	ت
ت	ت	ت	ح
ح	ث	ا	ح



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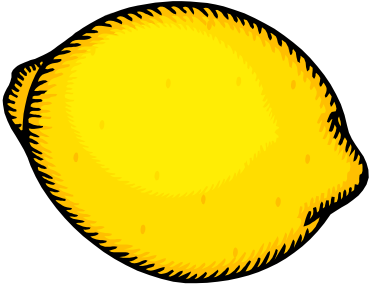
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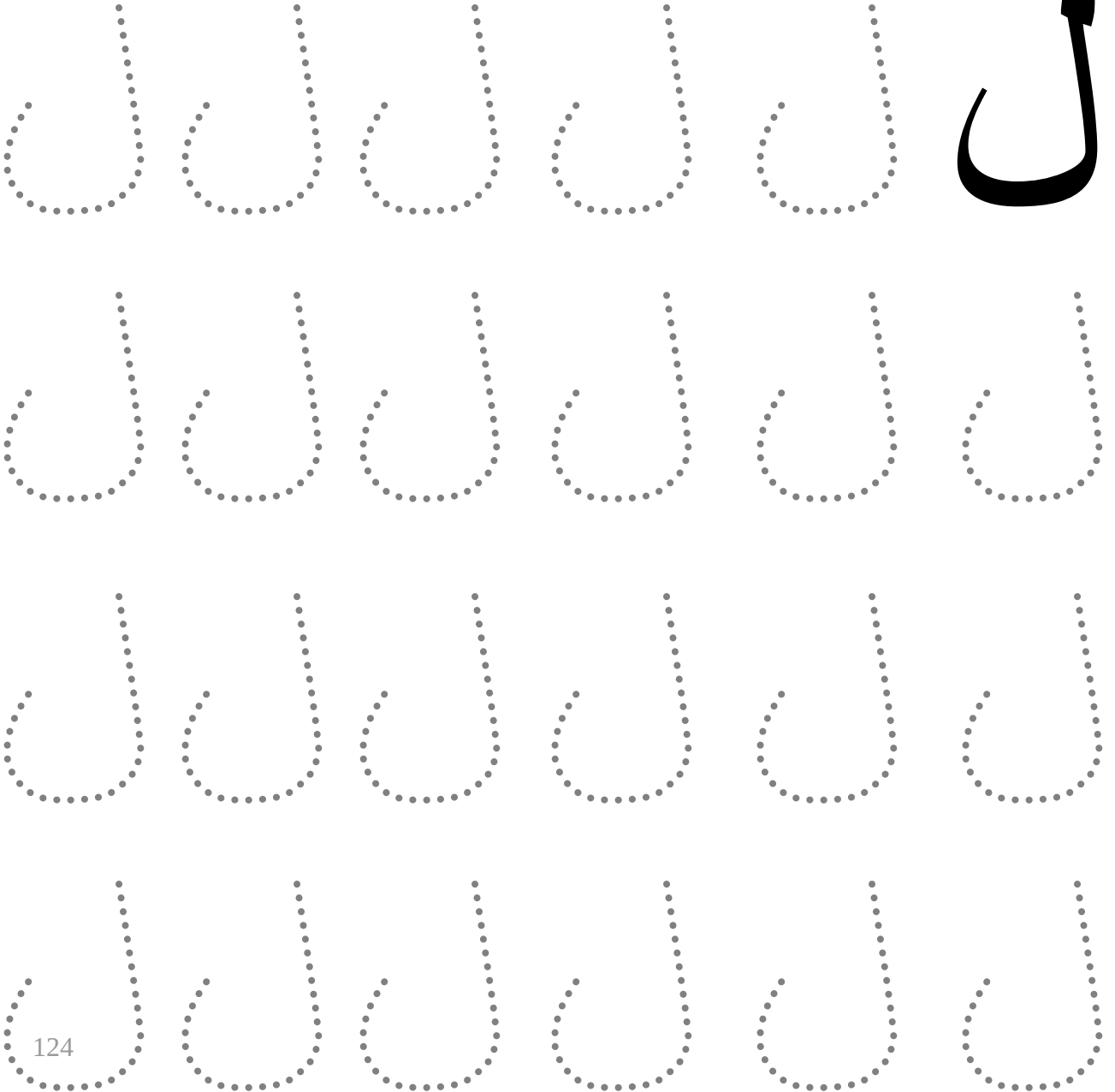
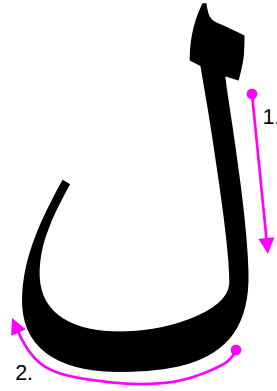
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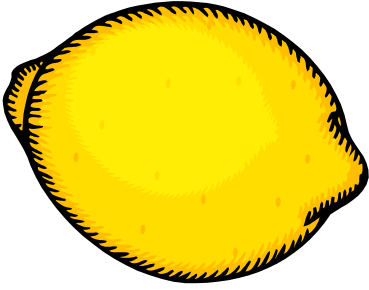
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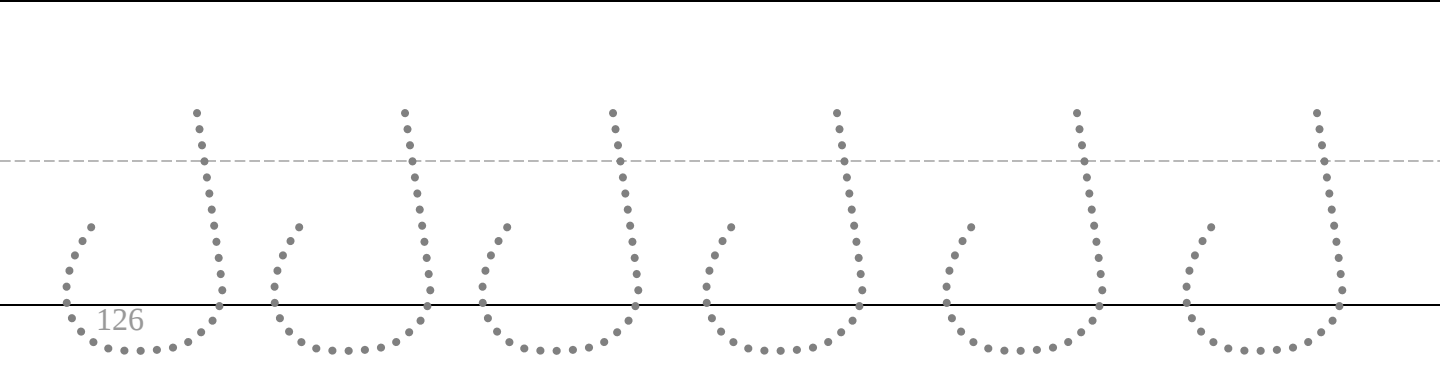
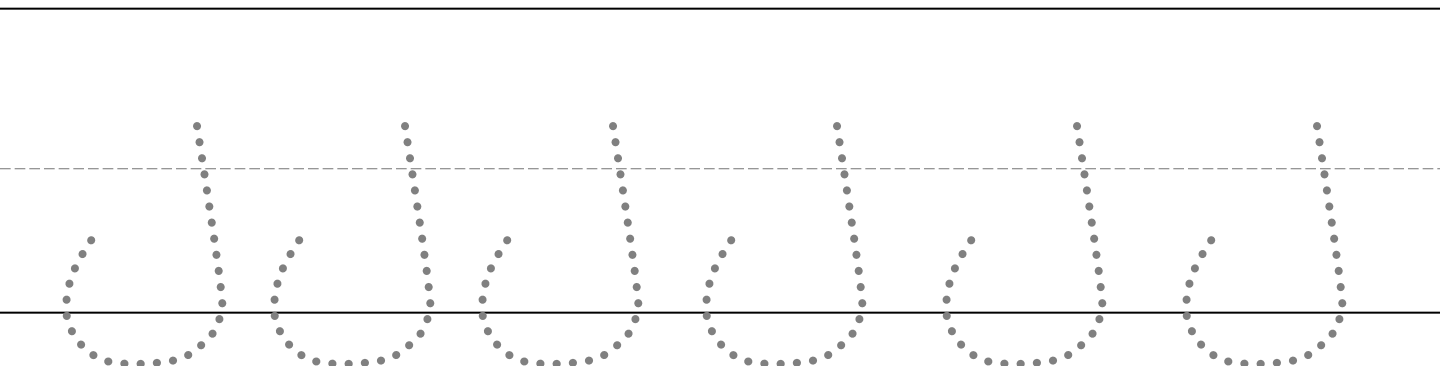
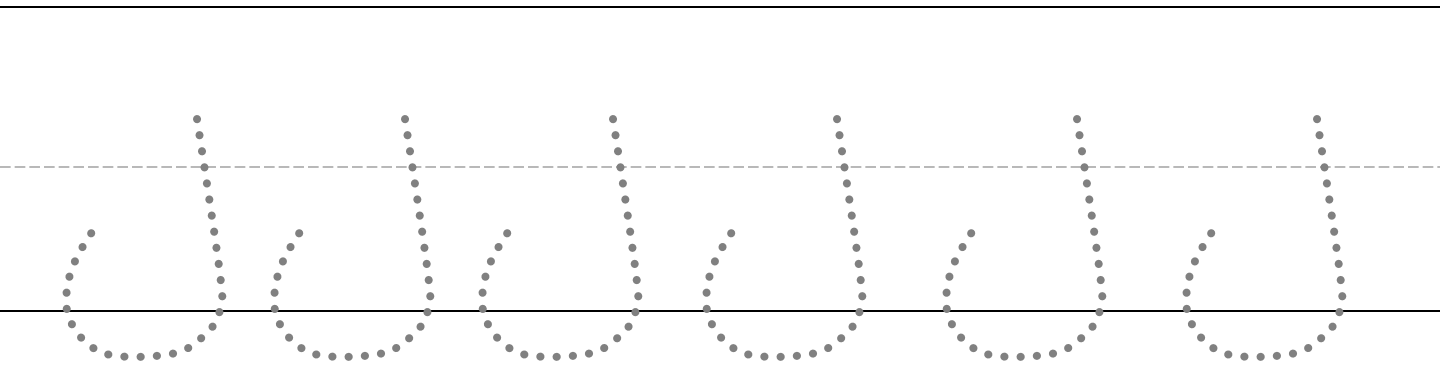
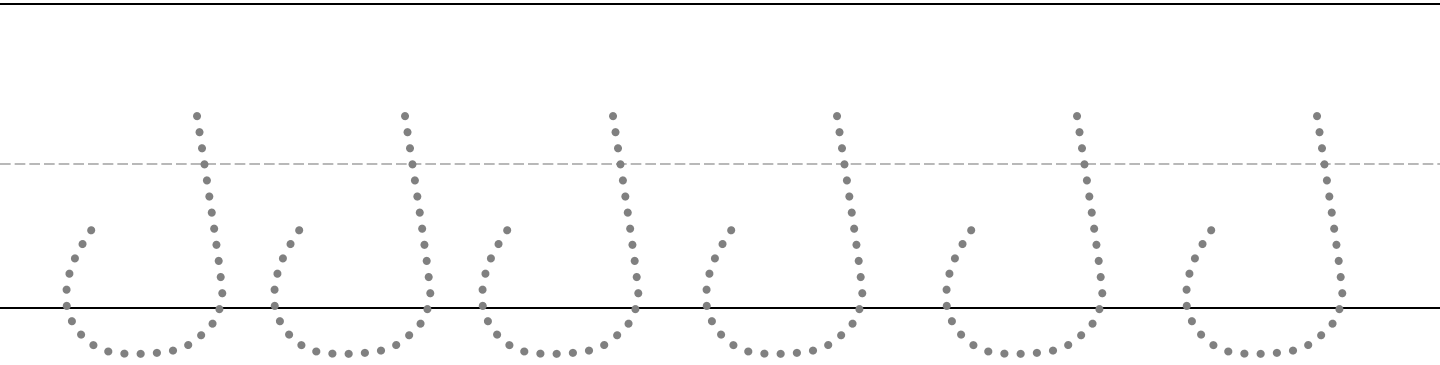
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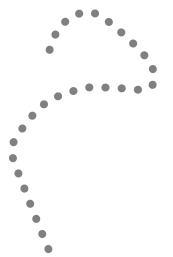
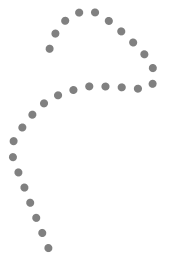
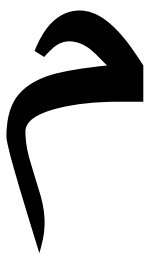
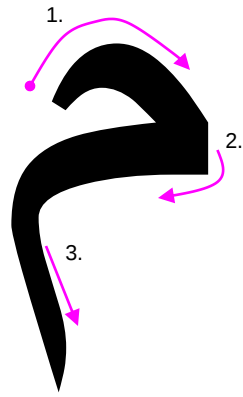
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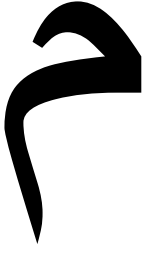


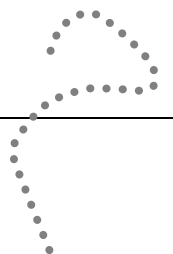
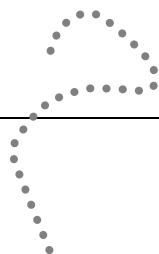
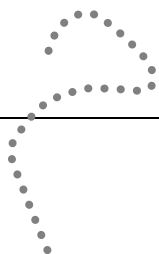
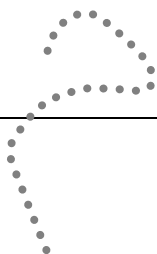
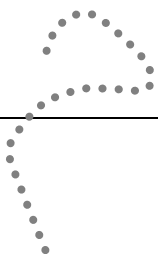
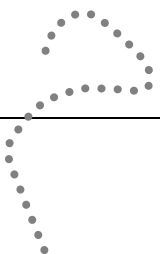
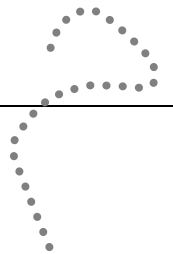
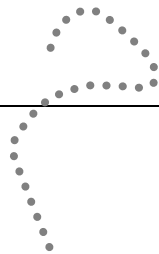
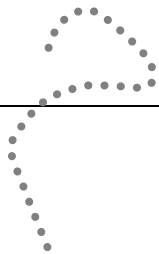
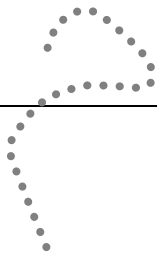
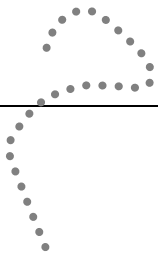
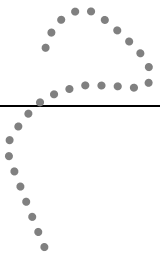
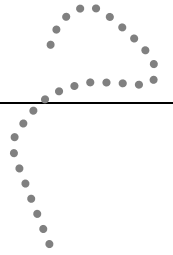
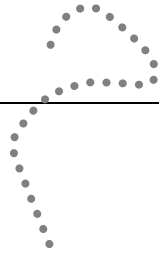
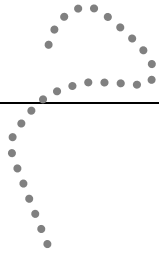
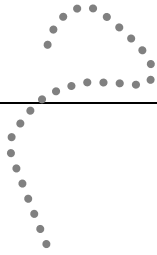
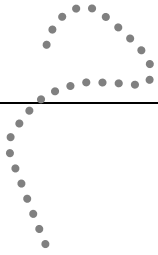
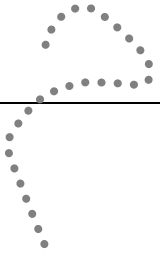
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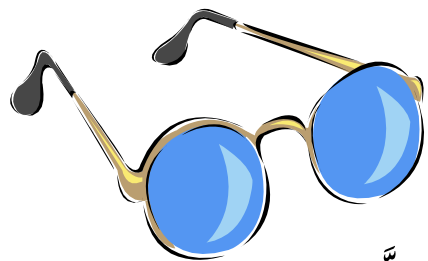




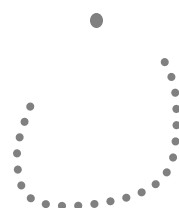
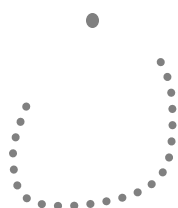
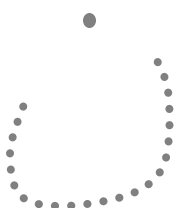
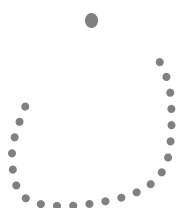
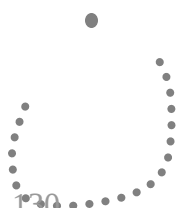
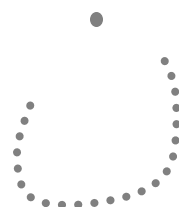
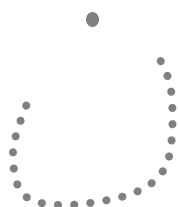
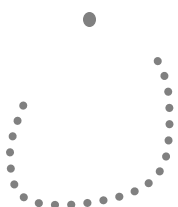
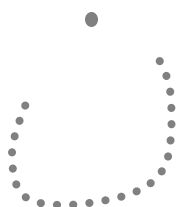
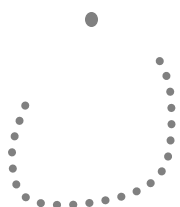
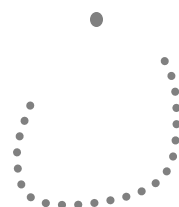
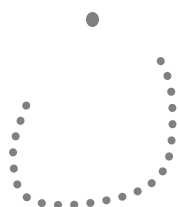
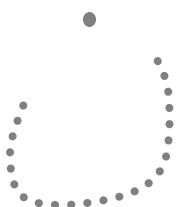
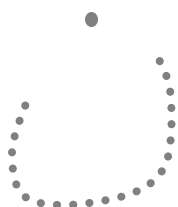
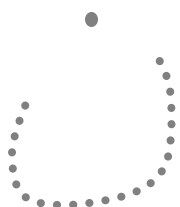
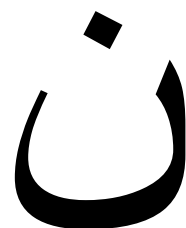
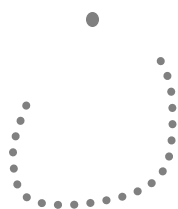
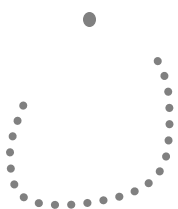
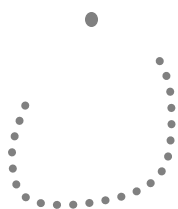
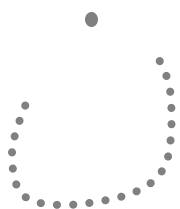
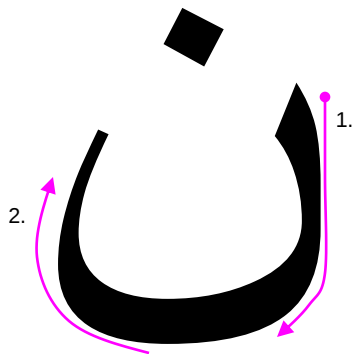
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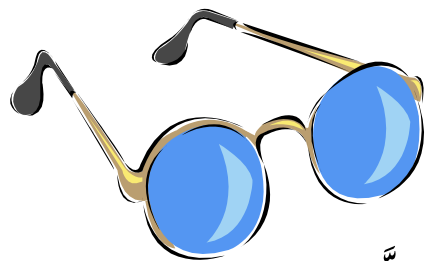






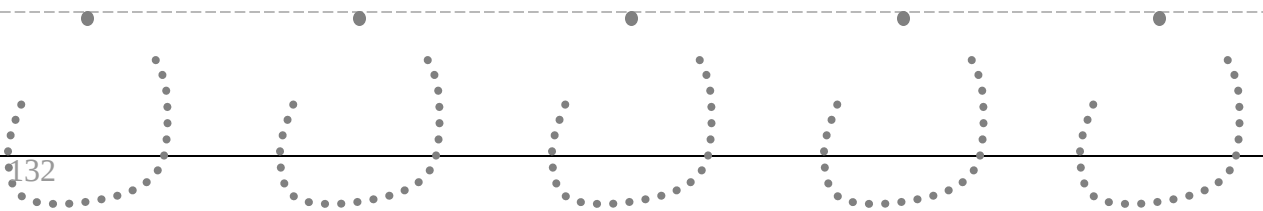
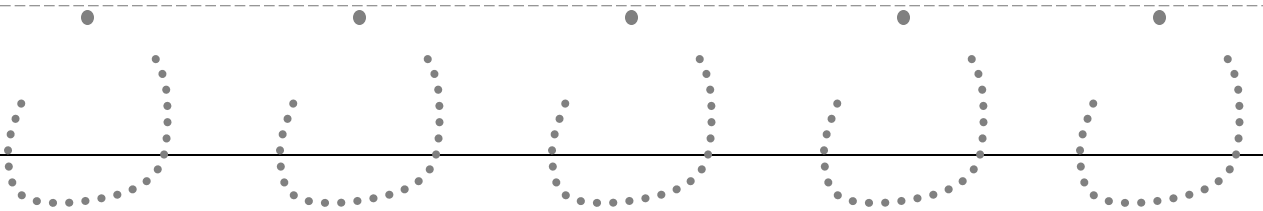
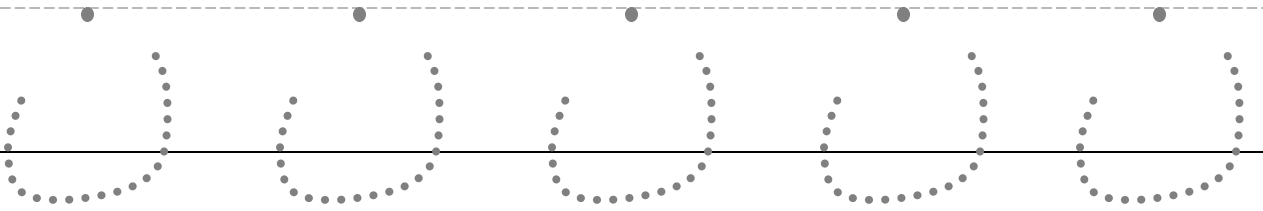
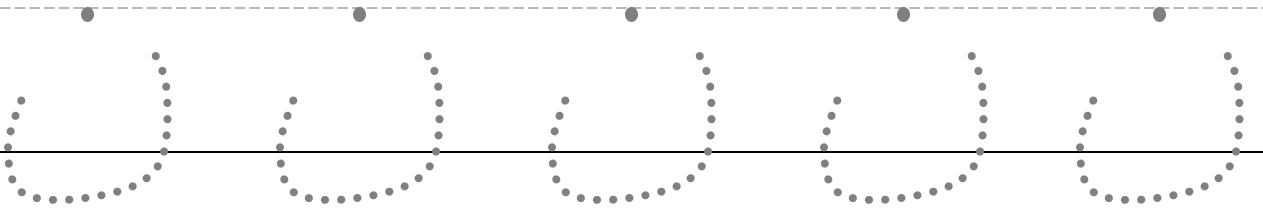
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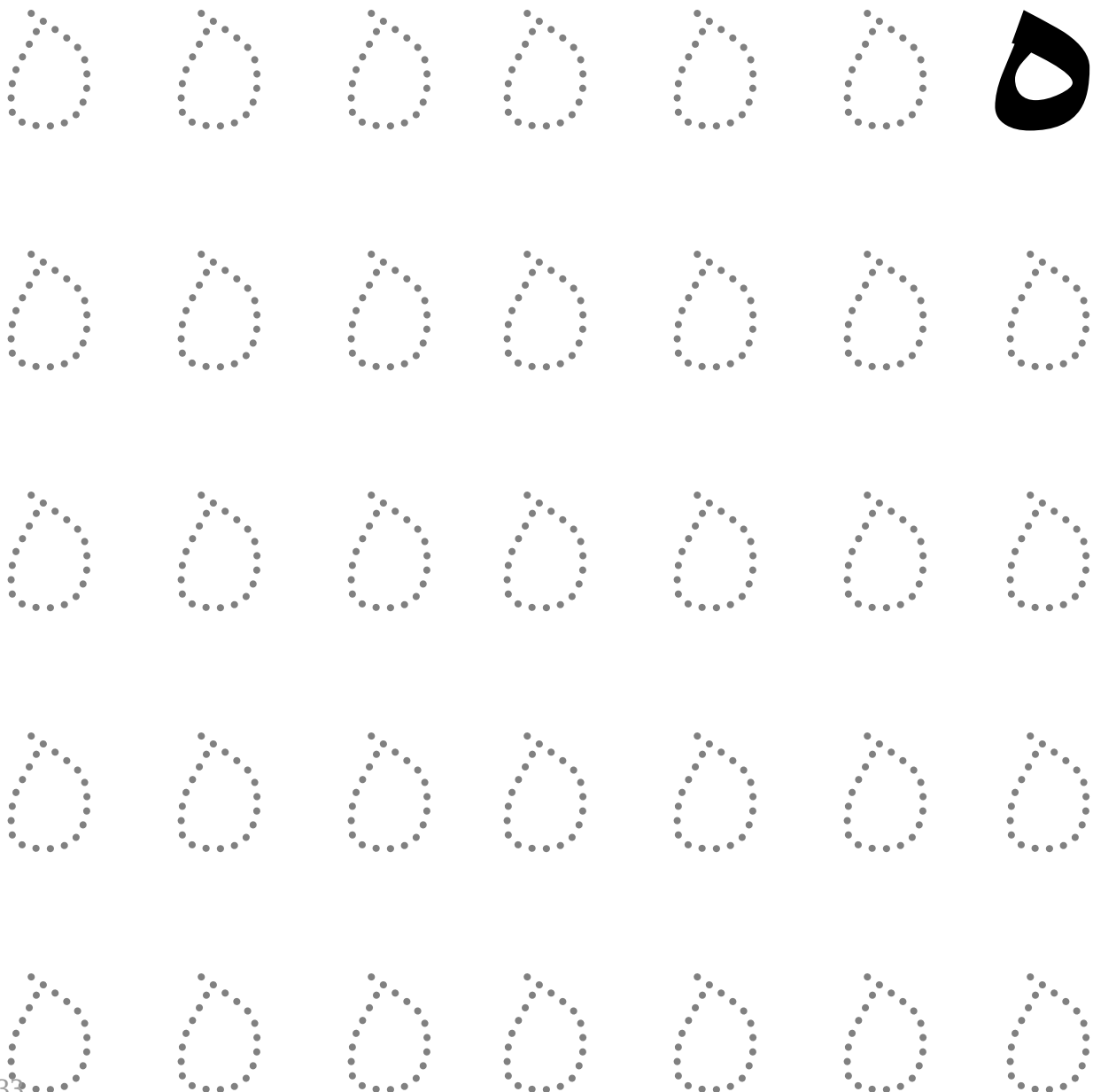
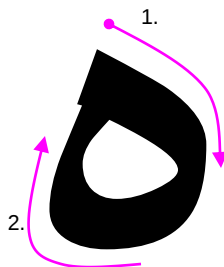
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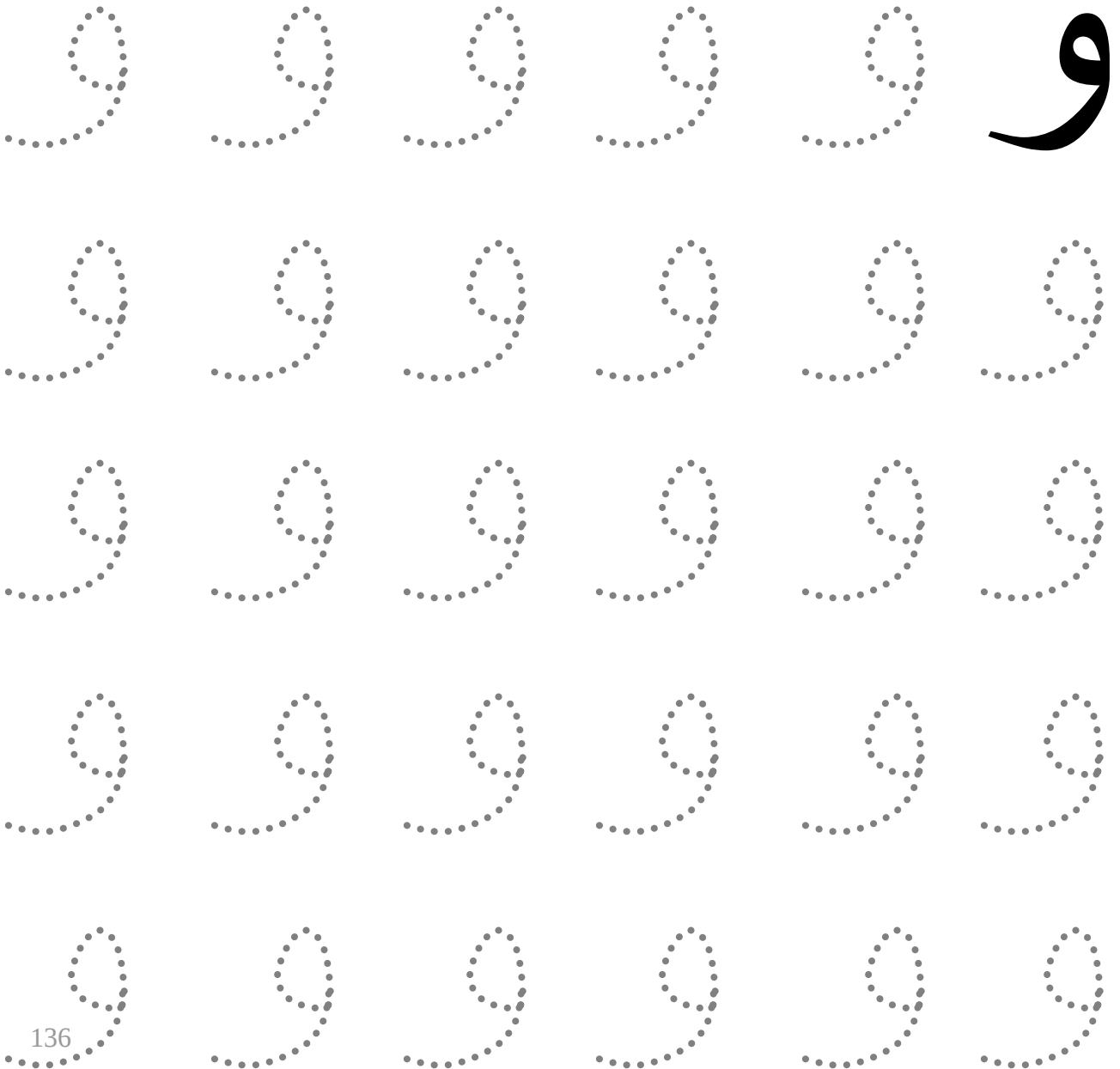
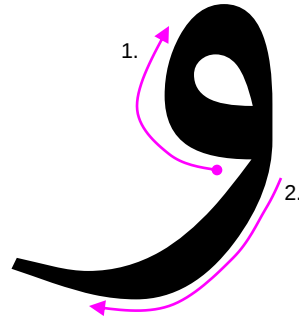




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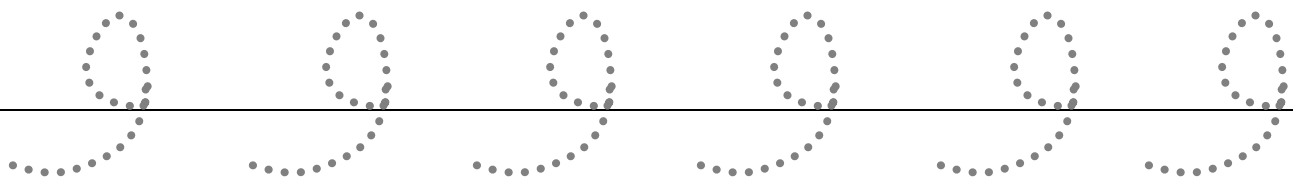
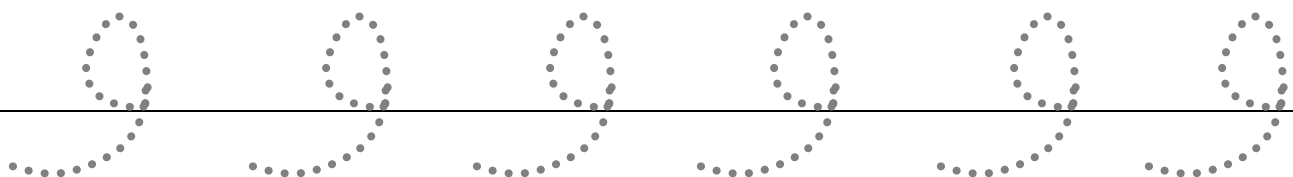
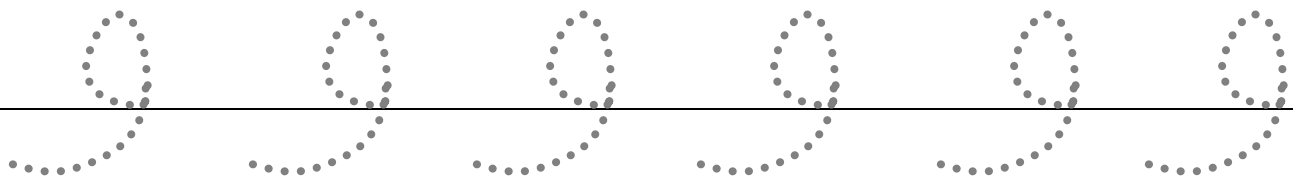


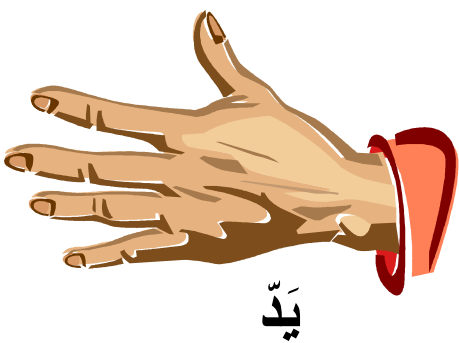




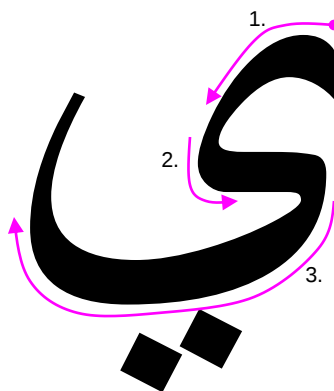
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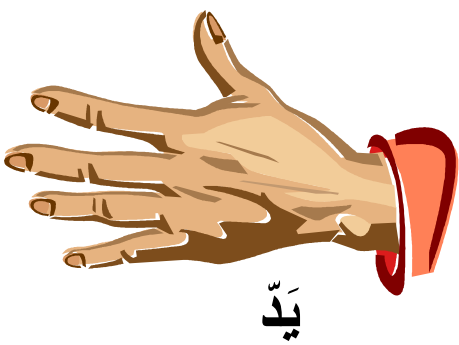
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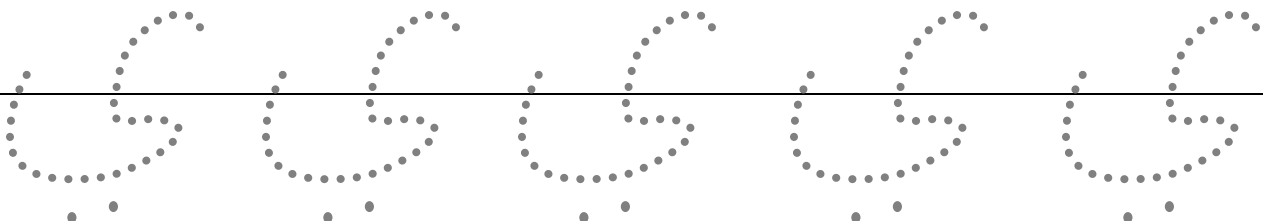
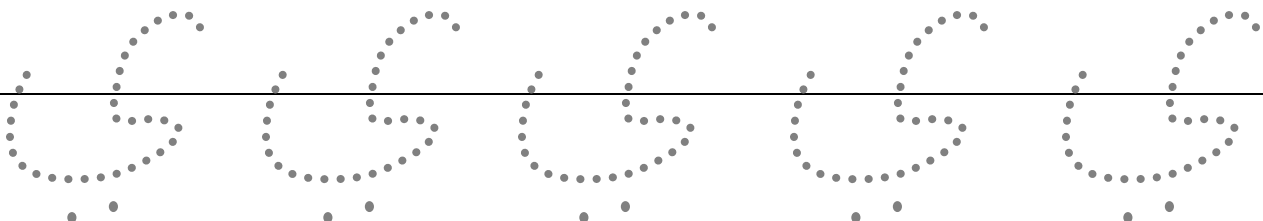
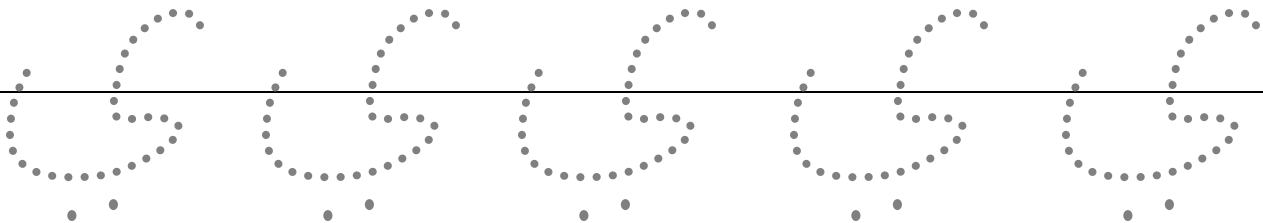
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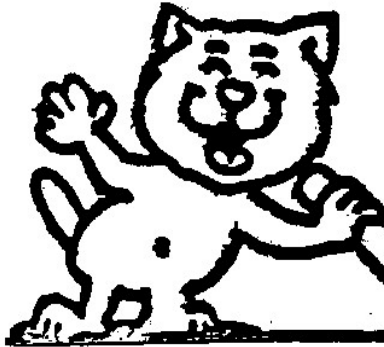
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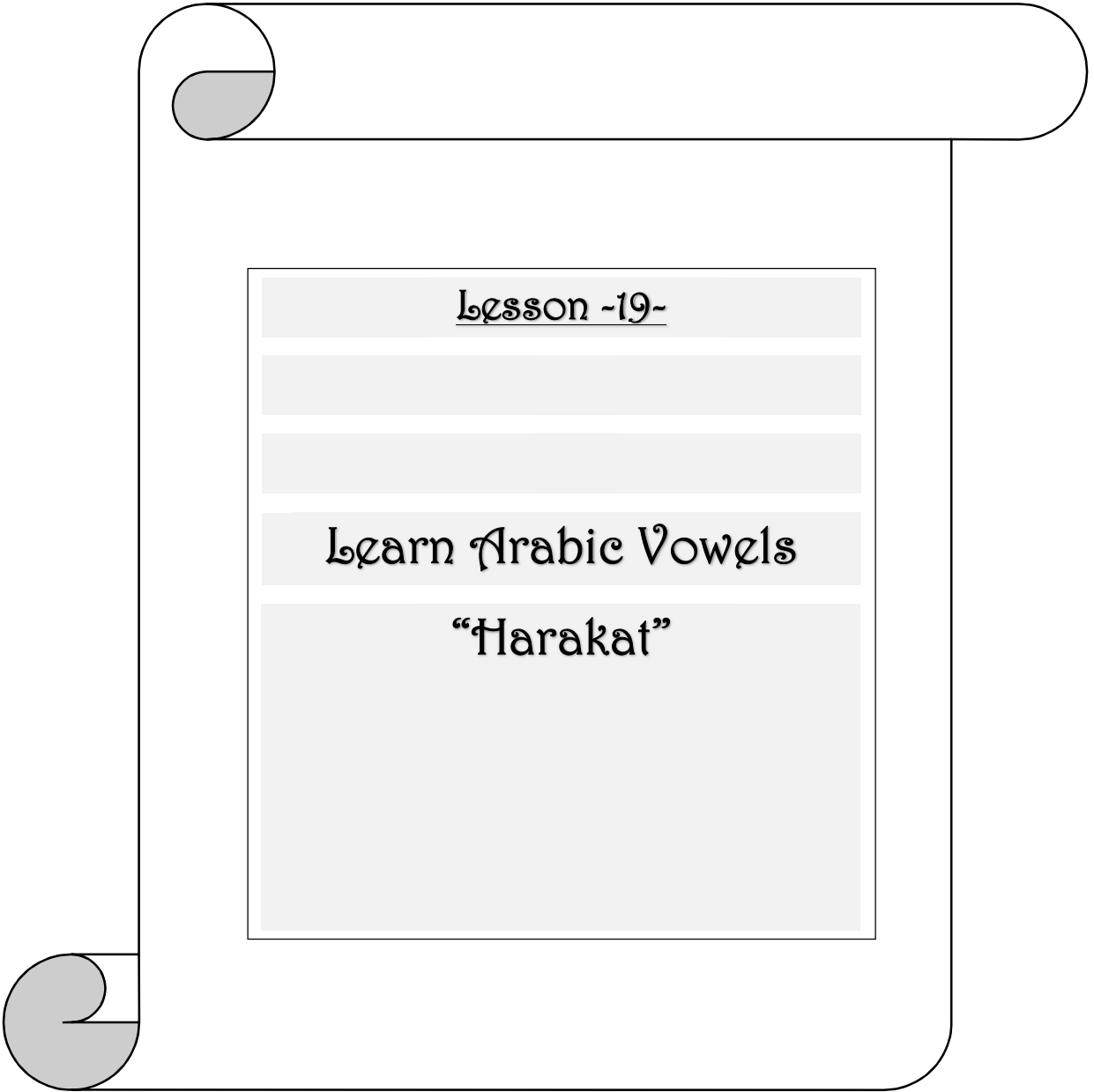
Look at the First letter on right hand side
Find it in the line and Circle



ج	ا ب ث ج ت ح خ
ت	ج ح ت ب ث ا
ب	ث ت ب ا ج خ ج
ث	ب ث ا ب ت ت
خ	ا ب ا خ ث ت ث ح
ا	خ ج ت ا ب ت ت ب
ح	ج ث ب ح ح ح ج ا

Fill in the missing letters :

	ث	ت		ا
ر	ذ		خ	ح
ض		ش	س	
	غ	ع		ط
	م		ك	ق
	ي	ه	و	



SHORT VOWELS

There are 3 short vowels, *Fathah*, *Kasrah*, *Dhammah*. These vowels are called "I'rab".

Fathah is indicated by a small diagonal stroke above a harf

ثَ

Kasrah is the same diagonal stroke below a harf

فِ

Dhammah is a diagonal stroke above the harf with a Rounded head, like a comma in English.

سُ

Below are huroof bearing the 3 short vowels. These huroof should be read with a small opening of the mouth:

لَ سَ زَ ثَ تَ بَ

فِ دِ ظِ ثِ كِ ذِ

جُ وُ حُ مُ سُ قُ

READING PRACTICE - FATHAH

نَ غَ جَ ذَ تَ دَ

كَ لَ وَ قَ شَ

رَ بَ صَ ضَ

طَ يَ زَ فَ سَ

حَ ثَ فَ كَ قَ

READING PRACTICE - KASRAH

كِ سِ رِ دِ يِ

زِ نِ خِ ذِ وِ اِ

حِ بِ هِ ثِ ثِ

مِ عِ رِ سِ ضِ

ظِ عِ غِ طِ قِ

READING PRACTICE - DHAMMAH

دُ بُ سُ ثُ هُ

حُ نُ يُ شُ رُ

جُ وُ ظُ كُ صُ

حُ سُ شُ ثُ يُ

مُ فُ قُ هُ كُ دُ

THREE VOWEL HUROOF

Following huroof have the different vowel signs for reading practice and recognition of alphabets and the three vowels:

ذِ دُ جُ حُ خُ هُ عُ
غُ فُ قُ ثِ صُ ضُ
طِ كُ مَ نُ تِ اِ لُ
بِ يِ سِ شِ ظِ زِ وِ
رِ ءِ فِ بُ تِ زِ دِ
ذِ طِ عِ جُ كُ يِ لِ

READING EXERCISE

Given below are words bearing *Fathah*. Each word should be read two times or more.

سَلَمَ ضَرَبَ فَاعَلَ

تَرَكَ حَمَلَ ثَمَنَ

قَطَطَ جَرَبَ فَالَقَ

وَدَعَ غَشَا خَضَنَ

طَلَبَ ثَخَرَ حَظَرَ

نَزَلَ ذَرَأَ صَفَرَ

Given below are words bearing *Kasrah*. Each word should be read two times or more.

خِ بِلِ سِرِفِ قِ ذِمِ

عِ تِ شِ اِبِلِ صِرِنِ

جِمِ زِ هِ قِ دِ غِلِبِ

طِرِفِ ظِمِلِ فِعِلِ

شِتِنِ لِكِدِ جِهَتِ

خِ شِ يِ ظِقِلِ بِتِتِ

Given below are words bearing *Dhammah*. Each word should be read two times or more.

قُبْلُ شُخْذُ أُمُرُ

وُتْهُ ذُكْرُ غُمْلُ

وُدْعُ ثُفْرُ طُبْخُ

ضُمْحُ جُرْفُ سُنْتُنُ

صُبْلُ ظُجْرُ وُقْدُ

غُسْلُ سُلُقُ لُسْمُ

